

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.8572, 1.5816,  
1.5894)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(15.8572, 1.5816, 1.5894)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(15.8962, 1.5021,  
1.6514)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	332A2A
RGB	51, 42, 42
RGB Percent	20%, 16%, 16%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8353, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.18, 0.80
HSL	0°, 10%, 18%
HSV	0°, 18%, 20%
XYZ	2.6111, 2.5269, 2.5406
YIQ	44.6910, 5.3640, 1.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

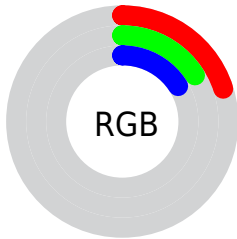
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	51, 42, 42
Decimal	3353130
CIE Lab	18.04, 4.14, 1.54
CIE LCh	18, 4.421, 20.372
Yxy	2.5270, 0.3400, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281543210 (0xFF332A2A)
YUV	44.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330
Hunter-Lab	15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514

# Details

The HunterLab color **15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.6035, -3.0611, 0.2448**, and the grayscale version is **16.1007, -0.8591, 0.8748**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6953, 1.1790, 2.6840**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6758, 2.9746, 2.0574**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1783, 0.0813, 1.2680**.

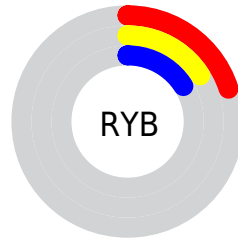
# Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (16%)

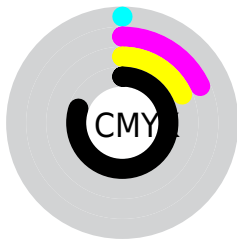
Blue (16%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (16%)

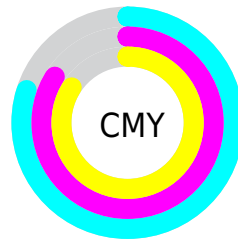


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 15.8962, 1.5021,  
1.6514

■ 15.8962, 1.5021,  
1.6514

■ 110.5751, -1.5092,  
7.5490

■ 9.4346, 1.4946,  
1.1898

■ 31.7973, 1.2329,  
2.7314

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.0198, 0.9912,  
3.3248

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9936, 0.6910,  
3.9521

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.6658, 0.3387,  
4.6118

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.9935, -0.0609,  
5.3025

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.9406, -0.5041,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.0229

97.4766, -0.9877,  
6.7721

15.8962, 1.5021,  
1.6514

15.8962, 1.5021,  
1.6514

14.6758, 2.9746,  
2.0574

17.1783, 0.0813,  
1.2680

13.5257, 4.4989,  
2.4854

18.5133, -1.2890,  
0.9049

12.4575, 6.0658,  
2.9335

19.8952, -2.6136,  
0.5604

11.4848, 7.6546,  
3.3958

21.3185, -3.8978,  
0.2325

10.6228, 9.2267,  
3.8605

22.7791, -5.1468,  
-0.0809

■ 9.8877, 10.7212,  
4.3083

■ 24.2733, -6.3653,  
-0.3817

■ 9.2440, 12.1741,  
4.7489

■ 25.7980, -7.5578,  
-0.6716

■ 8.5594, 13.9025,  
5.2789

■ 27.3508, -8.7282,  
-0.9521

■ 8.3902, 14.3641,  
5.4215

■ 28.9293, -9.8799,  
-1.2244

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8966, 1.6267, 0.4725



15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514



15.8966, 0.7360, 2.5499

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8966, 1.5016, 1.6517



15.8966, -2.6836, 2.2745



15.8966, -1.2547, -1.5953

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514



17.6035, -3.0611, 0.2448

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8966, -2.3743, -1.0266



15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514



15.8966, -3.1820, 1.2483

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8966, 1.5016, 1.6517



15.8966, -1.6889, 2.8895



15.8966, -3.0706, 0.0366



15.8966, 0.0086, -1.4660



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514



15.8966, -0.0218, 2.8984



15.8966, -3.0706, 0.0366



15.8966, -1.6597, -1.4778

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8966, 1.5016, 1.6517



22.5407, -0.3221, 1.5200



16.1207, 2.6901, -1.5385



11.8912, -0.1593, 0.8054



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8966, 1.5016, 1.6517



19.7737, 2.7718, 2.3576



16.9242, -0.2984, 2.7494



9.4105, 0.0892, 0.7096



14.6167, 25.0272, 9.4449



38.3589, 65.6867, 24.7865



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6035, -3.0611, 0.2448



22.5130, -4.5623, 0.0959



16.5062, -1.3203, -1.1021



9.8527, -1.0905, 0.3459



28.1247, -14.9081, -2.9711

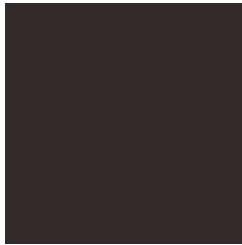


73.8100, -39.1241, -7.7984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

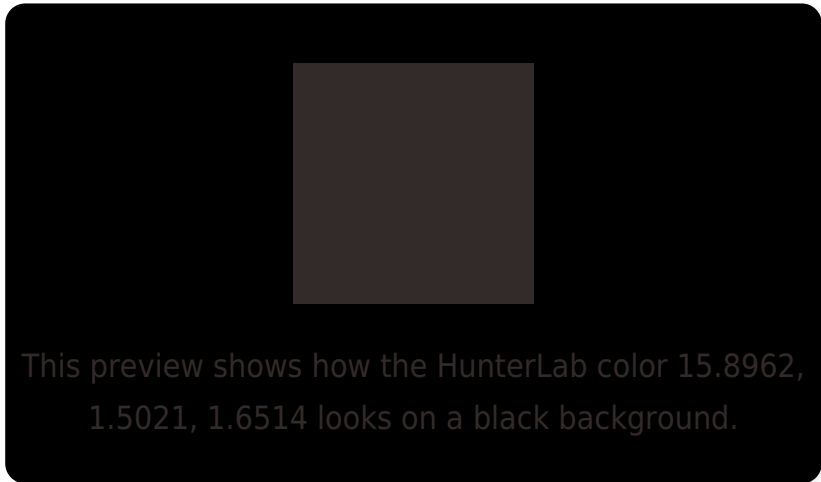
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

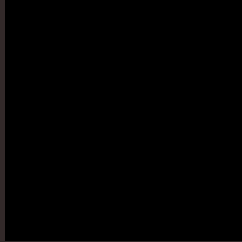
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514.



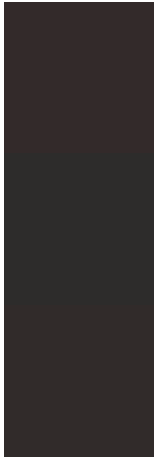
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8962, 1.5021,

1.6514.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514

### Protanopia

15.9175, -0.7298, 1.2824

### Deuteranopia

15.9621, 0.5646, 1.7093



## Tritanopia

15.9662, 1.8743, 0.6520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514

## Protanomaly

15.8320, 0.1674, 1.1994

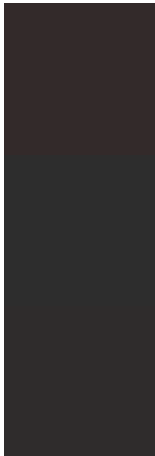
## Deuteranomaly

16.0407, 0.8302, 1.8022

## Tritanomaly

15.9423, 1.7475, 0.9922

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514

## Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

## Achromatomaly

16.0859, -0.1023, 1.1273

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 42, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 42, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 42, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 42, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 42, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 42, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 42, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 42, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 42, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 42, 42)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.8962, 1.5021, 1.6514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 42, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 42,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor