

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A2C4A
RGB	26, 44, 74
RGB Percent	10%, 17%, 29%
CMY	0.8980, 0.8274, 0.7098
CMYK	0.65, 0.41, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	218°, 48%, 20%
HSV	218°, 65%, 29%
XYZ	2.5627, 2.5154, 6.8290
YIQ	42.0380, -20.3580, 5.5140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

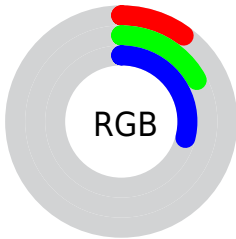
Format	Color
RYB	26, 39, 74
Decimal	1715274
CIELab	17.99, 3.43, -20.86
CIELCh	18, 21.142, 279.338
Yxy	2.5155, 0.2152, 0.2113
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279905354 (0xFF1A2C4A)
YUV	42.0380, 15.7573, -14.0653
Hunter-Lab	15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272

Details

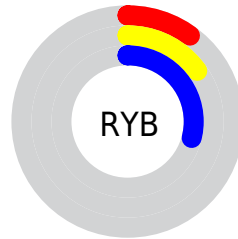
The HunterLab color **15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **20.8782, 1.2936, 10.1120**, and the grayscale version is **15.1840, -0.8102, 0.8250**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.6712, 0.7754, -15.5508**, and **3.7034, 5.8603, -17.2797** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.5077, 2.1084, -17.5004**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2913, 0.2856, -11.5547**.

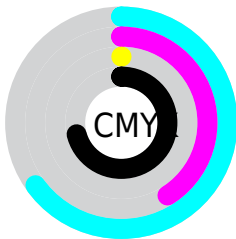
Distribution



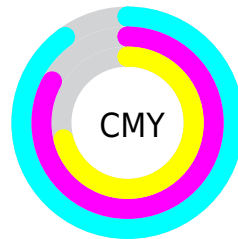
- Red (10%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272

■ 15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272

■ 110.5058, -2.2686,
-16.9752

■ 9.4041, 1.1390,
-14.0878

■ 31.7515, 0.7219,
-15.3733

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 40.9700, 0.4379,
-15.7901

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 50.9400, 0.0984,
-16.1436

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.6088, -0.2908,
-16.4317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.9331, -0.7253,
-16.6559

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.8772, -1.2015,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.8192

97.4102, -1.7168,
-16.9246

15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272

15.8600, 1.0877,
-14.4272

14.5077, 2.1084,
-17.5004

17.2913, 0.2856,
-11.5547

13.2453, 3.3755,
-20.7795

18.7908, -0.3277,
-8.8688

12.0576, 4.8222,
-24.3427

20.3504, -0.7790,
-6.3491

11.4589, 5.5775,
-26.3628

21.9631, -1.0923,
-3.9748

23.6234, -1.2877,
-1.7260

■ 25.3263, -1.3824,
0.4150

■ 27.0680, -1.3903,
2.4639

■ 28.8450, -1.3234,
4.4344

■ 30.6546, -1.1914,
6.3379

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.8603, -4.7519, -13.4003



15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272



15.8603, 7.2338, -10.3218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.8603, 1.0878, -14.4268



15.8603, 9.2061, 6.4041



15.8603, -10.3419, 4.2969

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272



20.8782, 1.2936, 10.1120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8603, -7.5769, 7.2652



15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272



15.8603, 3.4764, 8.1666

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.8603, 1.0878, -14.4268



15.8603, 12.3629, 2.5583



15.8603, -2.6935, 8.4488



15.8603, -10.7832, -1.0422

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272



15.8603, 10.4694, -5.8918



15.8603, -2.6935, 8.4488



15.8603, -9.6756, 5.5388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.8603, 1.0878, -14.4268



30.1009, -1.5915, -3.7076



23.2355, -13.1679, 4.6702



14.9525, -0.7795, -2.0820



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.8603, 1.0878, -14.4268



18.1007, 3.7774, -25.7444



12.3857, 9.8706, -23.2083



13.1991, -0.7261, -0.2118



15.3671, 9.1089, -38.8711



35.1427, 27.6179, -103.5445

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.4162, 15.2624, 0.6019



18.1971, 24.6717, 1.9377



24.9311, -7.4927, 12.9068



13.0838, 0.4206, 0.5570



17.2230, 30.3168, 4.7584



41.7291, 73.0748, 14.4659

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

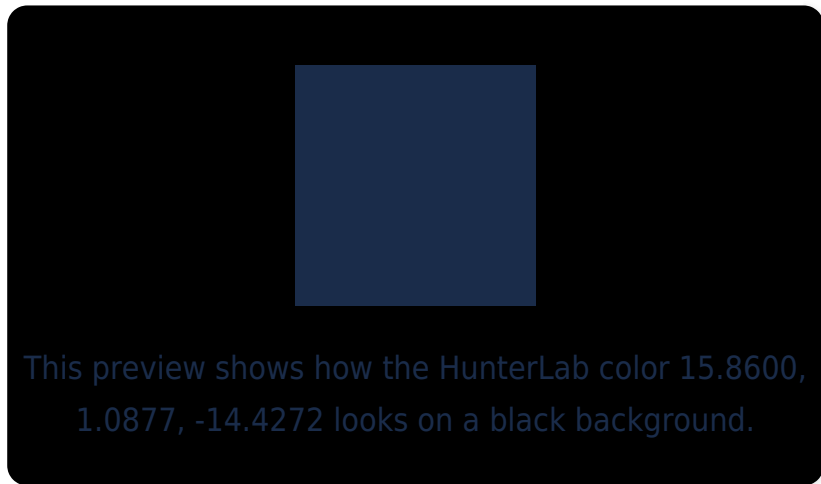
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

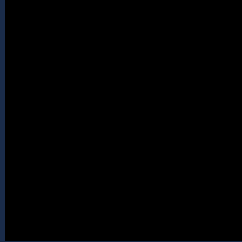
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272.

-14.4272.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272

Protanopia

15.8615, 2.2012, -13.7494

Deuteranopia

15.7796, 0.8174, -14.6048



Tritanopia

15.9350, -6.5256, -2.8273

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272

Protanomaly

15.7633, 1.8775, -13.9624

Deuteranomaly

15.8191, 0.9505, -14.5173

Tritanomaly

15.8068, -3.8540, -6.8872

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.3921, -0.7587, -3.9723

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 44, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 44, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 44, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 44, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 44, 74) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 44, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 44, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 44, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 44, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 44, 74)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.8600, 1.0877, -14.4272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 44, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 44,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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