

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.8683, -5.8372,
-5.7833)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.8683, -5.8372,
-5.7833) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.9722, -6.0153,
-5.6227)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	06313B
RGB	6, 49, 59
RGB Percent	2%, 19%, 23%
CMY	0.9765, 0.8078, 0.7686
CMYK	0.90, 0.17, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	191°, 82%, 13%
HSV	191°, 90%, 23%
XYZ	1.9628, 2.5511, 4.5266
YIQ	37.2830, -28.8380, -6.0060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

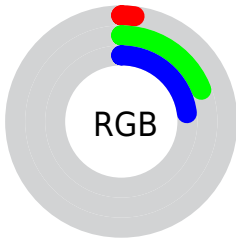
Format	Color
RYB	6, 30, 59
Decimal	405819
CIELab	18.15, -10.01, -10.41
CIELCh	18, 14.442, 226.110
Yxy	2.5512, 0.2171, 0.2822
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278595899 (0xFF06313B)
YUV	37.2830, 10.7065, -27.4352
Hunter-Lab	15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227

Details

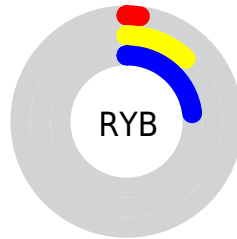
The HunterLab color **15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11.4615, 11.4311, 6.3708**, and the grayscale version is **13.6661, -0.7292, 0.7425**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8191, -8.3440, -5.9472**, and **2.4314, 3.4079, -10.3958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5601, -6.0869, -6.2849**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3836, -5.9529, -4.9827**.

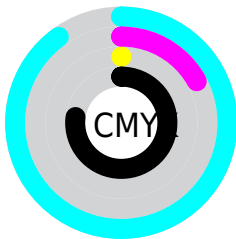
Distribution



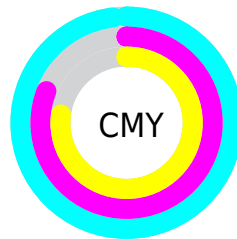
- Red (2%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (77%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.9722, -6.0153,
-5.6227

■ 15.9722, -6.0153,
-5.6227

■ 110.7199,
-16.2613, -4.9148

■ 9.4984, -5.1022,
-5.3267

■ 31.8929, -8.3723,
-5.9460

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.1239, -9.5044,
-5.9836

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.1055, -10.6254,
-5.9497

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.7851, -11.7431,
-5.8513

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.1196, -12.8625,
-5.6942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.0733, -13.9872,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-5.4831

■ 97.6155, -15.1195,
-5.2222

■ 15.9722, -6.0153,
-5.6227

■ 15.9722, -6.0153,
-5.6227

■ 15.5601, -6.0869,
-6.2849

■ 16.3836, -5.9529,
-4.9827

■ 15.5528, -6.0883,
-6.2968

■ 16.8227, -5.7886,
-4.3182

■ 17.2998, -5.4871,
-3.6168

■ 17.8147, -5.0517,
-2.8821

■ 18.3668, -4.4876,
-2.1181

■ 18.9552, -3.8020,
-1.3289

■ 19.5786, -3.0028,
-0.5186

■ 20.2359, -2.0984,
0.3092

■ 20.9254, -1.0975,
1.1511

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9725, -7.8166, -1.3826



15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227



15.9725, -2.7231, -8.3895

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9725, -6.0153, -5.6224



15.9725, 7.6509, -1.0614



15.9725, -3.0067, 6.5762

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227



11.4615, 11.4311, 6.3708

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9725, 1.1071, 6.6205



15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227



15.9725, 7.5550, 2.8349

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9725, -6.0153, -5.6224



15.9725, 5.3113, -5.3361



15.9725, 5.0613, 5.4280



15.9725, -6.2046, 5.2859

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227



15.9725, 0.0048, -8.6648



15.9725, 5.0613, 5.4280



15.9725, -1.6933, 6.7235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9725, -6.0153, -5.6224



24.6539, -4.7657, -1.5553



17.8977, -14.0614, 9.1946



12.7258, -2.5033, -0.8445



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9725, -6.0153, -5.6224



19.9529, -7.6485, -8.4285



9.7920, 4.1326, -18.9475



11.2560, -1.0909, 0.2332



24.6153, -9.2955, -10.7007



61.5667, -22.2587, -28.9029

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.3221, 18.3897, -7.9181



13.8043, 26.1649, -10.6508



16.1692, 1.2046, 9.3523



10.8988, 0.4522, 0.0335



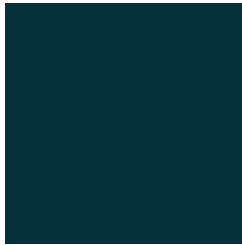
17.1105, 32.3964, -12.9296



43.3599, 81.8539, -30.8858

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

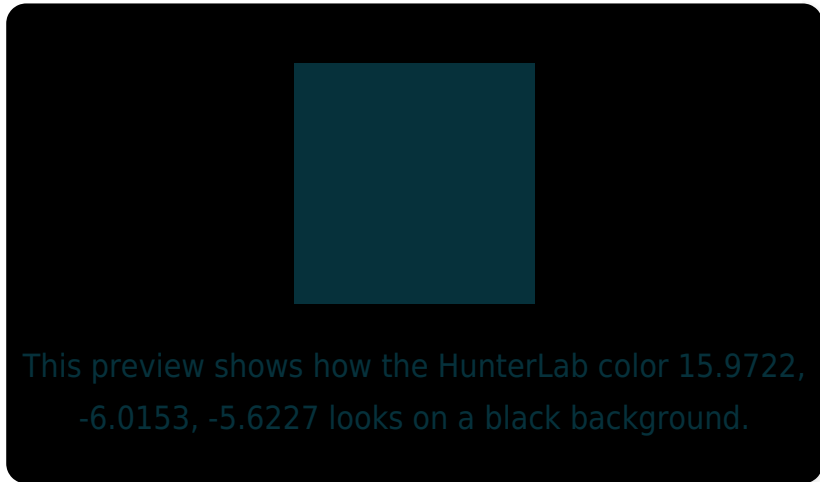
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

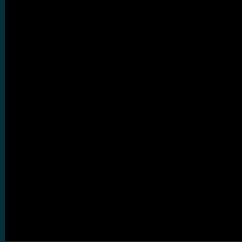
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

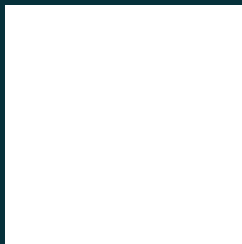
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227.

-5.6227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227

Protanopia

16.0597, 0.4533, -3.9088

Deuteranopia

16.0584, 0.7025, -5.8764



Tritanopia

15.9610, -7.7293, -3.2645

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227

Protanomaly

15.8449, -2.6944, -4.7681

Deuteranomaly

15.8969, -2.3138, -6.1891

Tritanomaly

16.0612, -7.2195, -4.0408

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

14.1243, -3.3268, -1.7763

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(6, 49, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(6, 49, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(6, 49, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(6, 49, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(6, 49, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(6, 49, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(6, 49, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(6, 49, 59); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 49, 59); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(6, 49, 59) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.9722, -6.0153, -5.6227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(6, 49, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(6, 49,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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