

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.8742, -3.2651,
-12.7929)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.8742, -3.2651,
-12.7929) contains.

HunterLab(15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(15.7733, -3.2290,
-12.7447)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	002F47
RGB	0, 47, 71
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 28%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8157, 0.7216
CMYK	1.00, 0.34, 0.00, 0.72
HSL	200°, 100%, 14%
HSV	200°, 100%, 28%
XYZ	2.1539, 2.4880, 6.3279
YIQ	35.6830, -35.7160, -2.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

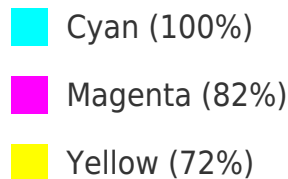
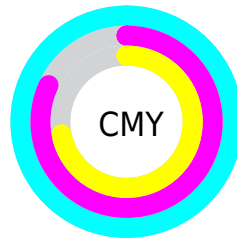
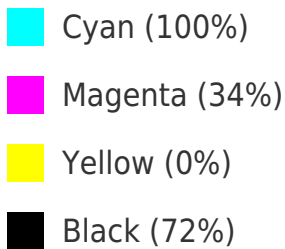
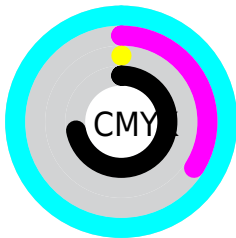
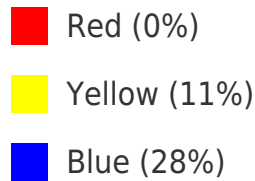
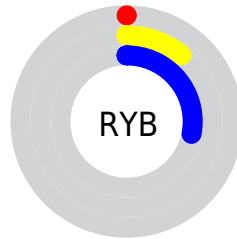
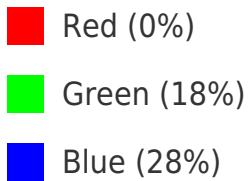
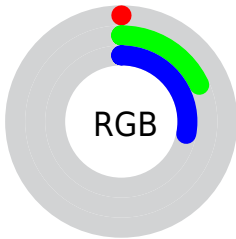
Format	Color
RYB	0, 28, 71
Decimal	12103
CIELab	17.86, -4.47, -19.08
CIELCh	18, 19.600, 256.804
Yxy	2.4881, 0.1963, 0.2268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202183 (0xFF002F47)
YUV	35.6830, 17.4113, -31.2940
Hunter-Lab	15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447

Details

The HunterLab color **15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **14.1177, 12.2811, 8.9136**, and the grayscale version is **13.1365, -0.7009, 0.7137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.7558, -4.7056, -13.6910**, and **3.2488, 6.4270, -17.9348** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7730, -3.2285, -12.7455**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5260, -3.6303, -11.2675**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 15.7733, -3.2290,
-12.7447

 15.7733, -3.2290,
-12.7447


 110.3401,
-10.5607, -14.8459

 9.3308, -2.5879,
-12.3629


 31.6422, -4.7344,
-13.6343

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 40.8509, -5.5069,
-14.0010

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 50.8120, -6.2977,
-14.2996

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 61.4724, -7.1084,
-14.5308

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 72.7889, -7.9398,
-14.6974


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 84.7254, -8.7923,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-14.8031


 97.2513, -9.6659,
-14.8515


 15.7733, -3.2290,
-12.7447


 15.7733, -3.2290,
-12.7447


 15.7730, -3.2285,
-12.7455

 16.5260, -3.6303,
-11.2675

 17.2864, -4.0151,
-9.8649

 18.0964, -4.2310,
-8.4543

 18.9593, -4.2667,
-7.0344

 19.8727, -4.1319,
-5.6124

■ 20.8340, -3.8388,
-4.1942

■ 21.8404, -3.4002,
-2.7846

■ 22.8892, -2.8291,
-1.3869

■ 23.9775, -2.1380,
-0.0033

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.7736, -7.5641, -8.5964



15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447



15.7736, 2.3967, -12.4514

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.7736, -3.2288, -12.7444



15.7736, 10.8610, 3.5449



15.7736, -7.9573, 6.3887

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447



14.1177, 12.2811, 8.9136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.7736, -3.8397, 7.8781



15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447



15.7736, 7.2357, 6.6543

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.7736, -3.2288, -12.7444



15.7736, 11.0852, -1.6664



15.7736, 1.6947, 7.9621



15.7736, -10.0259, 3.0248

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447



15.7736, 6.1493, -9.7573



15.7736, 1.6947, 7.9621



15.7736, -6.7952, 7.0604

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.7736, -3.2288, -12.7444



28.2431, -4.4973, -3.8350



21.3802, -17.2547, 10.5255



14.1493, -2.3313, -2.1098



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.7736, -3.2288, -12.7444



20.2037, -3.7327, -17.1951



8.4498, 11.9761, -36.4123



12.6774, -1.0679, 0.0990



21.8774, -3.9188, -18.8854



52.3732, -7.1244, -50.0824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4296, 22.9350, -4.7679



16.1228, 29.6849, -5.6602



21.1774, -1.9024, 13.0157



12.3616, 0.5042, 0.1872



17.5198, 32.2369, -5.9948



43.0490, 78.8550, -11.9668

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

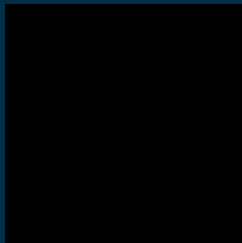
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447

Protanopia

16.1052, 1.4264, -10.1841

Deuteranopia

16.0982, 0.5129, -12.6515



Tritanopia

15.6642, -7.5738, -3.2291

Trichromacy



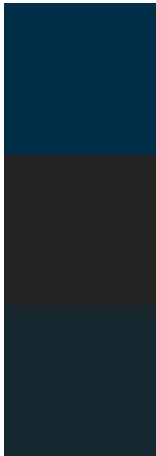
Original Color
15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447

Protanomaly
15.7753, -0.8361, -11.4546

Deuteranomaly
15.9702, -1.1659, -12.9409

Tritanomaly
15.6210, -5.9390, -6.7042

Monochromacy



Original Color
15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447

Achromatopsia
13.2823, -0.7087, 0.7217

Achromatomaly
13.8618, -2.7982, -3.9359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 47, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 47, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 47, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 47, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 47, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 47, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 47, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 47, 71); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 71); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.7733, -3.2290, -12.7447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 47, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 47,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor