

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.9078, -2.8572,
-0.1313)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.9078, -2.8572,
-0.1313) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.9767, -2.7871,
-0.1842)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	252E2F
RGB	37, 46, 47
RGB Percent	15%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.8549, 0.8196, 0.8157
CMYK	0.21, 0.02, 0.00, 0.82
HSL	186°, 12%, 16%
HSV	186°, 21%, 18%
XYZ	2.2530, 2.5525, 3.0633
YIQ	43.4230, -5.6850, -1.5970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	37, 42, 47
Decimal	2436655
CIELab	18.16, -3.59, -1.94
CIELCh	18, 4.079, 208.406
Yxy	2.5527, 0.2863, 0.3244
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280626735 (0xFF252E2F)
YUV	43.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330
Hunter-Lab	15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842

Details

The HunterLab color **15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.5744, 1.4314, 1.8853**, and the grayscale version is **15.6772, -0.8365, 0.8518**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.9976, -4.2123, 0.4540**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6037, -3.5471, -0.6661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.3773, -1.9438, 0.3214**.

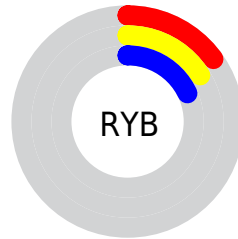
Distribution



Red (15%)

Green (18%)

Blue (18%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (18%)

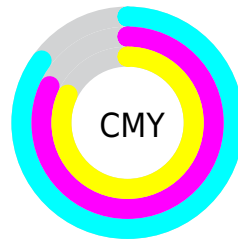


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (85%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.9767, -2.7871,
-0.1842

■ 15.9767, -2.7871,
-0.1842

■ 110.7286, -9.6675,
4.0655

■ 9.5022, -2.1548,
-0.3808

■ 31.8986, -4.1612,
0.4255

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.1301, -4.8780,
0.8167

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.1122, -5.6176,
1.2568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.7922, -6.3807,
1.7415

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.1272, -7.1674,
2.2672

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.0812, -7.9777,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.8313

97.6238, -8.8112,
3.4314

15.9767, -2.7871,
-0.1842

15.9767, -2.7871,
-0.1842

15.6037, -3.5471,
-0.6661

16.3773, -1.9438,
0.3214

15.2579, -4.2174,
-1.1225

16.8039, -1.0225,
0.8475

14.9400, -4.7934,
-1.5508

17.2558, -0.0295,
1.3920

14.6503, -5.2713,
-1.9488

17.7323, 1.0290,
1.9524

14.3885, -5.6487,
-2.3147

18.2323, 2.1469,
2.5266

■ 14.1533, -5.9284,
-2.6487

■ 18.7548, 3.3186,
3.1128

■ 13.9238, -6.1891,
-2.9804

■ 19.2989, 4.5386,
3.7091

■ 13.7216, -6.4265,
-3.2778

■ 19.8636, 5.8020,
4.3141

■ 20.4479, 7.1042,
4.9263

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9770, -3.0439, 0.9292



15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842



15.9770, -2.0168, -1.0659

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9770, -2.7874, -0.1839



15.9770, 1.1115, -0.2945



15.9770, -0.7906, 2.8673

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842



14.5744, 1.4314, 1.8853

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9770, 0.3443, 2.5898



15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842



15.9770, 1.4619, 0.8099

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9770, -2.7874, -0.1839



15.9770, 0.2327, -1.1329



15.9770, 1.1773, 1.8561



15.9770, -1.9112, 2.6425

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842



15.9770, -1.3037, -1.3757



15.9770, 1.1773, 1.8561



15.9770, -0.3980, 2.8301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9770, -2.7874, -0.1839



21.3172, -1.9257, 0.7440



16.0164, -4.3273, 3.0573



11.3948, -1.0224, 0.4014



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9770, -2.7874, -0.1839



20.2350, -4.2002, -0.6237



14.8190, -0.9416, -1.6451



9.0504, -0.9075, 0.2678



24.7736, -11.3977, -6.3605



65.5102, -29.6615, -17.8513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5766, 2.9872, -1.4796



17.9427, 5.3250, -2.7988



15.6640, -0.4719, 3.0187



8.7525, 0.3041, 0.0063



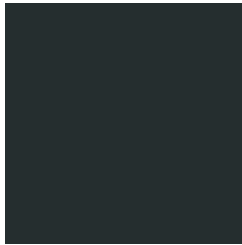
16.0076, 30.8529, -16.3185



42.6233, 82.0055, -42.3156

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

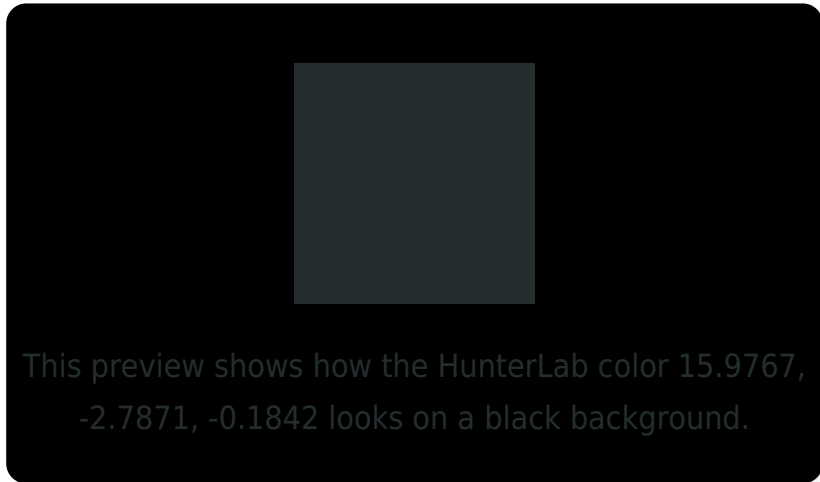
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

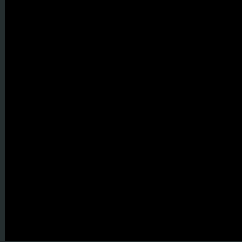
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842.



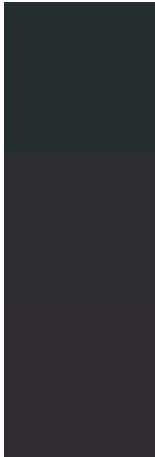
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842.

-0.1842.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842

Protanopia

15.9891, -0.3390, 0.2617

Deuteranopia

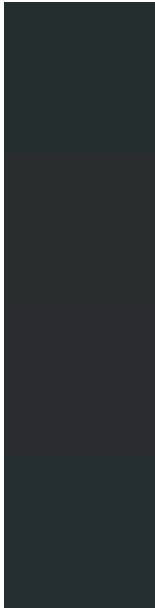
15.9546, 0.8289, -0.5459



Tritanopia

16.0283, -2.4986, -0.9157

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842

Protanomaly

16.0196, -1.4438, 0.2794

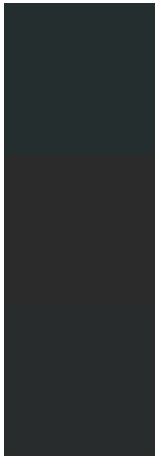
Deuteranomaly

15.9008, -0.5426, -0.6382

Tritanomaly

16.0022, -2.6442, -0.5464

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.6673, -1.5580, 0.6093

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 46, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 46, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 46, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 46, 47) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 46, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 46, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 46, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 46, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 46, 47)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.9767, -2.7871, -0.1842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 46, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 46,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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