

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.9188, -12.9851,
11.1432)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.9188, -12.9851,
11.1432) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.9422,
-12.2911, 9.6084)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D3400
RGB	13, 52, 0
RGB Percent	5%, 20%, 0%
CMY	0.9490, 0.7961, 1.0000
CMYK	0.75, 0.00, 1.00, 0.80
HSL	105°, 100%, 10%
HSV	105°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	1.3940, 2.5415, 0.4171
YIQ	34.4110, -6.5520, -24.4400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

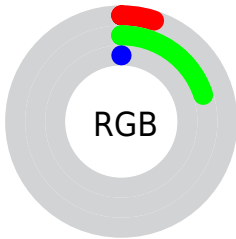
Format	Color
RYB	0, 52, 39
Decimal	865280
CIELab	18.11, -24.62, 25.25
CIELCh	18, 35.265, 134.273
Yxy	2.5416, 0.3203, 0.5839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279055360 (0xFF0D3400)
YUV	34.4110, -16.9646, -18.7774
Hunter-Lab	15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084

Details

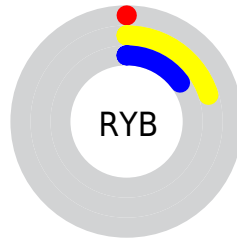
The HunterLab color **15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **8.2422, 17.1226, -17.9927**, and the grayscale version is **12.8314, -0.6846, 0.6972**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8135, -16.9624, 14.2944**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.9425, -12.2914, 9.6085**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.0802, -11.6458, 9.1540**.

Distribution



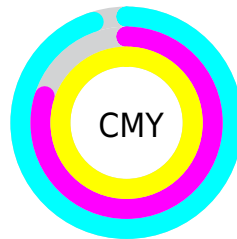
- Red (5%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.9422, -12.2911,
9.6084

■ 15.9422, -12.2911,
9.6084

■ 110.6628,
-30.6568, 28.4479

■ 9.4732, -11.8306,
6.6313

■ 31.8552, -17.0732,
14.3209

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.0828, -19.2133,
16.5769

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.0613, -21.2531,
18.7150

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.7380, -23.2198,
20.7659

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.0699, -25.1320,
22.7512

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.0210, -27.0029,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

24.6861

■ 97.5608, -28.8421,
26.5821

■ 15.9422, -12.2911,
9.6084

■ 15.9422, -12.2911,
9.6084

■ 15.9425, -12.2914,
9.6085

■ 16.0802, -11.6458,
9.1540

■ 16.2362, -10.9321,
8.7224

■ 16.4170, -10.1137,
8.2246

■ 16.6280, -9.1640,
7.5903

■ 16.8696, -8.0859,
6.8184

■ 17.1418, -6.8845,
5.9101

■ 17.4445, -5.5661,
4.8691

■ 17.7774, -4.1383,
3.7004

■ 18.1399, -2.6096,
2.4104

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.9425, -5.3724, 11.1598



15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084



15.9425, -15.5947, 5.1151

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.9425, -12.2914, 9.6085



15.9425, -5.7920, -29.2246



15.9425, 22.7384, 4.7913

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084



8.2422, 17.1226, -17.9927

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.9425, 22.5445, -5.0113



15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084



15.9425, 4.2370, -29.5278

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.9425, -12.2914, 9.6085



15.9425, -12.5321, -18.2252



15.9425, 15.1394, -18.8988



15.9425, 15.6170, 9.4440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084



15.9425, -15.9894, -0.5745



15.9425, 15.1394, -18.8988



15.9425, 23.5735, 2.1868

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.9425, -12.2914, 9.6085



22.8461, -7.6066, 6.6327



14.7689, 0.0406, 9.1011



12.3504, -4.2333, 3.6830



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.9425, -12.2914, 9.6085



20.8781, -16.4119, 12.5776



15.7643, -12.8597, 8.0566



9.8370, -1.2551, 1.1696



27.1304, -21.6148, 16.3392



70.9128, -57.9470, 42.6817

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2422, 17.1226, -17.9927



10.7160, 22.3436, -24.0219



9.3627, 17.5980, -6.0783



9.4239, 0.2491, -0.1544



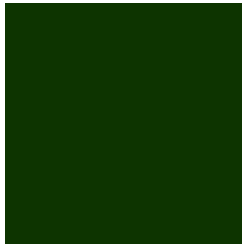
13.8442, 28.9488, -31.6747



35.6899, 75.1201, -85.4641

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.9422,

-12.2911, 9.6084.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084

Protanopia

15.9840, -2.8031, 9.8002

Deuteranopia

15.8772, 0.5379, 8.6105



Tritanopia

16.0266, -4.9057, -2.2293

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084

Protanomaly

15.8342, -7.1940, 9.6310

Deuteranomaly

15.5578, -5.5367, 8.7237

Tritanomaly

15.7031, -8.3597, 4.0972

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084

Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

Achromatomaly

13.6507, -6.0559, 5.0086

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 52, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 52, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 52, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 52, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 52, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 52, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 52, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 52, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 52, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 52, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.9422, -12.2911, 9.6084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 52, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 52,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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