

Converting Colors

HunterLab(15.9863, -7.4522,
-2.7014)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(15.9863, -7.4522,
-2.7014) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.0328, -7.5074,
-2.7077)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	053235
RGB	5, 50, 53
RGB Percent	2%, 20%, 21%
CMY	0.9804, 0.8039, 0.7922
CMYK	0.91, 0.06, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	184°, 83%, 11%
HSV	184°, 91%, 21%
XYZ	1.8458, 2.5705, 3.7670
YIQ	36.8870, -27.7830, -8.6070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

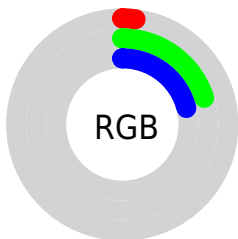
Format	Color
R_{YB}	5, 28, 53
Decimal	340533
CIE _{Lab}	18.23, -13.17, -6.14
CIE _{LCh}	18, 14.530, 205.015
Yxy	2.5706, 0.2256, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278530613 (0xFF053235)
YUV	36.8870, 7.9437, -27.9649
Hunter-Lab	16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077

Details

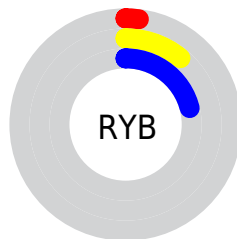
The HunterLab color **16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **9.7035, 12.1294, 5.3138**, and the grayscale version is **13.5476, -0.7229, 0.7361**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.8378, -10.1779, -2.5426**, and **1.3241, 3.5916, -9.4081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.8483, -7.7997, -2.9717**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.2272, -7.2069, -2.4336**.

Distribution



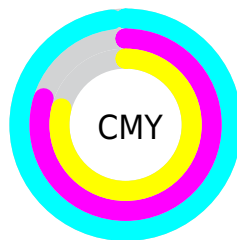
- Red (2%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.0328, -7.5074,
-2.7077

■ 16.0328, -7.5074,
-2.7077

■ 110.8354,
-19.4525, -0.3022

■ 9.5494, -6.5227,
-2.6190

■ 31.9692, -10.3658,
-2.6010

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.2069, -11.7081,
-2.4344

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.1948, -13.0215,
-2.2049

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.8802, -14.3176,
-1.9190

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.2202, -15.6040,
-1.5821

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.1791, -16.8862,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-1.1982

■ 97.7263, -18.1681,
-0.7706

■ 16.0328, -7.5074,
-2.7077

■ 16.0328, -7.5074,
-2.7077

■ 15.8483, -7.7997,
-2.9717

■ 16.2272, -7.2069,
-2.4336

■ 16.4380, -6.8449,
-2.1396

■ 16.6811, -6.3629,
-1.8043

■ 16.9575, -5.7605,
-1.4283

■ 17.2676, -5.0398,
-1.0131

■ 17.6115, -4.2048,
-0.5607

■ 17.9890, -3.2609,
-0.0736

■ 18.3997, -2.2146,
0.4455

■ 18.8427, -1.0734,
0.9936

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.0331, -8.1016, 1.5229



16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077



16.0331, -5.2082, -6.7376

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.0331, -7.5074, -2.7075



16.0331, 6.2722, -4.1575



16.0331, -0.1521, 6.7727

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077



9.7035, 12.1294, 5.3138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.0331, 4.0157, 5.9570



16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077



16.0331, 7.9593, 0.1942

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.0331, -7.5074, -2.7075



16.0331, 2.6847, -7.7139



16.0331, 7.0941, 3.7801



16.0331, -4.1145, 6.3691

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077



16.0331, -2.8816, -8.4059



16.0331, 7.0941, 3.7801



16.0331, 1.2747, 6.6398

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.0331, -7.5074, -2.7075



22.8237, -5.1691, -0.5892



16.1082, -12.9382, 8.9169



12.3466, -2.8440, -0.3421



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.0331, -7.5074, -2.7075



20.3878, -9.9914, -3.9145



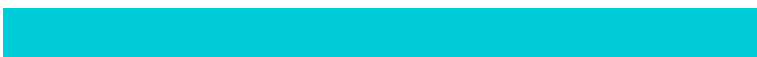
10.2716, 0.9337, -13.0964



9.8176, -1.0341, 0.3049



26.4866, -12.9339, -5.1854



69.1413, -33.4887, -14.1281

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4680, 17.4604, -10.3360



12.7912, 24.8481, -14.5464



13.3001, 3.5152, 7.6166



9.4634, 0.3756, -0.0457



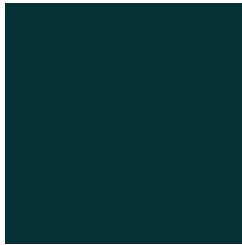
16.6469, 32.3226, -18.8103



43.6291, 84.6210, -48.5890

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

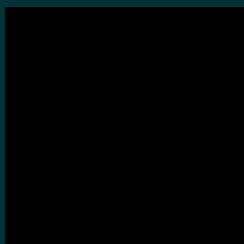
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

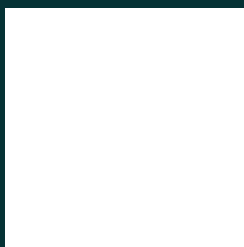
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077.

-2.7077.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077

Protanopia

16.2296, -0.5596, -0.6244

Deuteranopia

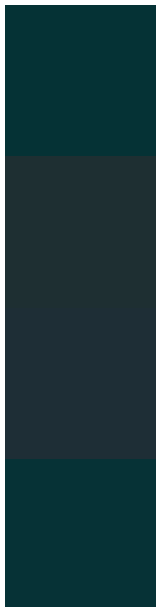
16.2037, 0.8219, -2.7711



Tritanopia

16.1019, -7.1813, -3.0547

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077

Protanomaly

15.9353, -4.0537, -1.4792

Deuteranomaly

15.7998, -3.0406, -3.4140

Tritanomaly

16.0819, -7.2590, -3.0844

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

14.2724, -4.1543, -0.7725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(5, 50, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(5, 50, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(5, 50, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(5, 50, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(5, 50, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(5, 50, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(5, 50, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(5, 50, 53); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 50, 53); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(5, 50, 53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.0328, -7.5074, -2.7077 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(5, 50, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(5, 50,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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