

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.0356, 19.0232,
-19.9170)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.0356, 19.0232,
-19.9170) contains.

HunterLab(16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(16.1298, 19.0048,
-19.8097)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	431B53
RGB	67, 27, 83
RGB Percent	26%, 11%, 33%
CMY	0.7373, 0.8941, 0.6745
CMYK	0.19, 0.67, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	283°, 51%, 22%
HSV	283°, 67%, 33%
XYZ	4.2680, 2.6017, 8.4609
YIQ	45.3440, 5.8640, 25.8960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

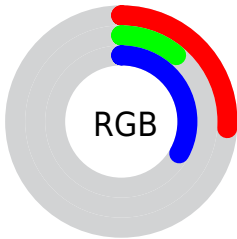
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 27, 83
Decimal	4397907
CIE _{Lab}	18.37, 29.56, -26.08
CIE _{LCh}	18, 39.422, 318.577
Yxy	2.6018, 0.2784, 0.1697
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282587987 (0xFF431B53)
YUV	45.3440, 18.5644, 18.9923
Hunter-Lab	16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097

Details

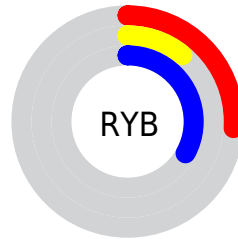
The HunterLab color **16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **26.0371, -16.1721, 13.3994**, and the grayscale version is **16.2523, -0.8672, 0.8830**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.0007, 21.8247, -21.0128**, and **5.7804, 12.3200, -15.0311** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.8036, 21.6588, -23.2755**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6729, 16.0591, -16.2841**.

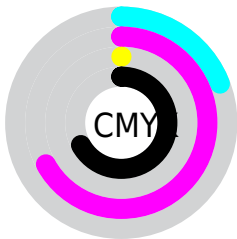
Distribution



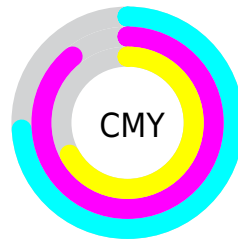
- Red (26%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (26%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.1298, 19.0048,
-19.8097

■ 16.1298, 19.0048,
-19.8097

■ 111.0201, 26.9787,
-23.4193

■ 9.6311, 17.5242,
-19.7253

■ 32.0913, 21.5957,
-20.8021

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 41.3398, 22.6815,
-21.3325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.3376, 23.6429,
-21.8215

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.0323, 24.4929,
-22.2566

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.3811, 25.2427,
-22.6335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.3483, 25.9017,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.9520

97.9034, 26.4781,
-23.2133

16.1298, 19.0048,
-19.8097

16.1298, 19.0048,
-19.8097

14.8036, 21.6588,
-23.2755

17.6729, 16.0591,
-16.2841

13.7218, 23.8205,
-26.4883

19.4017, 12.9745,
-12.8263

12.7566, 25.8226,
-29.7236

21.2889, 9.8482,
-9.5012

12.5025, 26.4061,
-30.6430

23.3108, 6.7362,
-6.3329

25.4479, 3.6660,
-3.3218

■ 27.6841, 0.6486,
-0.4565

■ 30.0068, -2.3146,
2.2794

■ 32.4054, -5.2271,
4.9034

■ 34.8717, -8.0943,
7.4319

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1301, 6.7045, -33.8505



16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097



16.1301, 26.6208, -3.8035

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1301, 19.0044, -19.8091



16.1301, 3.6968, 11.2911



16.1301, -16.7847, -7.2444

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097



26.0371, -16.1721, 13.3994

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.1301, -17.1747, 4.4751



16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097



16.1301, -7.2477, 11.2911

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1301, 19.0044, -19.8091



16.1301, 16.2849, 10.7472



16.1301, -14.1910, 9.8532



16.1301, -12.9193, -23.7689

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097



16.1301, 26.9208, 3.6800



16.1301, -14.1910, 9.8532



16.1301, -17.2773, -2.5389

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1301, 19.0044, -19.8091



32.3014, 6.0610, -5.5726



16.2609, 3.4508, -19.7588



15.8184, 3.3187, -3.0692



67.9972, -3.6282, 3.6944



19.0543, -1.0167, 1.0353

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1301, 19.0044, -19.8091



18.3965, 30.1235, -33.0559



17.5734, 21.2777, -9.3687



13.8141, 0.5128, -0.4043



15.7912, 33.4431, -39.4088



37.2949, 79.4978, -97.0550

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7254, 17.6395, 2.5127



19.5837, 27.7819, 4.9964



25.6142, -17.6574, 11.1901



13.8286, 0.4207, 0.7078



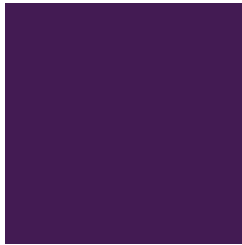
17.5190, 30.5331, 7.2019



41.9059, 72.7122, 19.7372

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

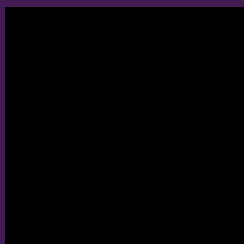
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097.

-19.8097.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097

Protanopia

16.1540, 4.0079, -28.8431

Deuteranopia

16.3002, 0.5693, -16.8522



Tritanopia

16.3832, 5.3151, 1.9172

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097

Protanomaly

15.2270, 7.5274, -28.1492

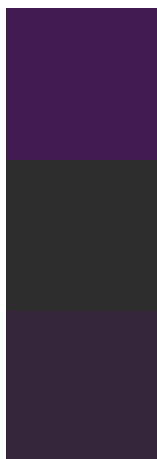
Deuteranomaly

15.5090, 6.2486, -19.3479

Tritanomaly

16.0135, 10.0391, -4.7779

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

15.6808, 6.1477, -5.8747

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 27, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 27, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 27, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 27, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 27, 83) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 27, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 27, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 27, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 27, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 27, 83)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.1298, 19.0048, -19.8097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 27, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 27,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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