

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.0983, -28.1720,  
11.2688)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(16.0983, -28.1720,  
11.2688) contains.

<b>HunterLab(18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(18.5614,  
-15.9164, 11.1588)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	003E00
RGB	0, 62, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 24%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7569, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.76
HSL	120°, 100%, 12%
HSV	120°, 100%, 24%
XYZ	1.7226, 3.4453, 0.5742
YIQ	36.3940, -17.0500, -32.4260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

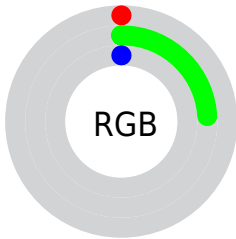
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 62, 62</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15872</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">21.75, -31.36, 29.28</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">22, 42.903, 136.965</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">3.4454, 0.3000, 0.6000</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278205952</a> (0xFF003E00)
YUV	<a href="#">36.3940, -17.9422, -31.9175</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **11.7131, 23.0282, -15.4479**, and the grayscale version is **13.4676, -0.7186, 0.7317**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **35.2876, -21.7649, 16.6647**, and **5.1278, -4.3971, 3.0828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5618, -15.9166, 11.1589**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7056, -15.2310, 10.6952**.

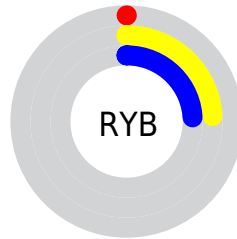
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (24%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

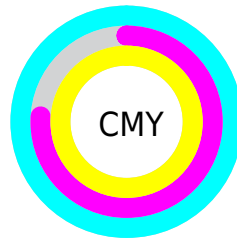


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (76%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (76%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.5614, -15.9164,  
11.1588


 18.5614, -15.9164,  
11.1588

 115.5671,  
-37.8003, 32.2638


 11.6981, -13.2935,  
8.1886

 35.1234, -21.6804,  
16.6099


 4.3965, -7.6939,  
3.0776

 44.6312, -24.2530,  
19.1190


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 54.8694, -26.6951,  
21.4971

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 65.7891, -29.0392,  
23.7754

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 77.3502, -31.3075,  
25.9766

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 89.5189, -33.5162,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


28.1173


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 102.2663,  
-35.6774, 30.2097


 18.5614, -15.9164,  
11.1588


 18.5614, -15.9164,  
11.1588


 18.5618, -15.9166,  
11.1589

 18.7056, -15.2310,  
10.6952

 18.8521, -14.5389,  
10.2272

 19.0408, -13.6564,  
9.6304

 19.2844, -12.5322,  
8.8703

 19.5848, -11.1677,  
7.9478

■ 19.9431, -9.5709,  
6.8684

■ 20.3595, -7.7548,  
5.6409

■ 20.8333, -5.7363,  
4.2768

■ 21.3636, -3.5349,  
2.7894

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.5618, -7.7156, 12.9932



18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588



18.5618, -19.5609, 5.6002

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.5618, -15.9166, 11.1589



18.5618, -6.2828, -40.0805



18.5618, 29.3524, 6.6805

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588



11.7131, 23.0282, -15.4479

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.5618, 30.0484, -5.1690



18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588



18.5618, 6.8514, -38.9542

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.5618, -15.9166, 11.1589



18.5618, -15.1169, -25.9994



18.5618, 20.9534, -23.5301



18.5618, 19.2532, 11.6234



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588



18.5618, -19.8122, -2.0992



18.5618, 20.9534, -23.5301



18.5618, 30.7749, 3.6605

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



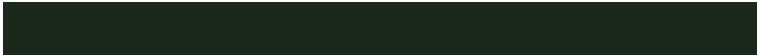
18.5618, -15.9166, 11.1589



26.7291, -10.5608, 7.6640



21.1414, -5.6784, 12.9278



13.6684, -5.6024, 4.0565



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.5618, -15.9166, 11.1589



24.4427, -20.9595, 14.6943



18.8264, -14.2676, 7.2683



11.3195, -1.6721, 1.3413



28.4039, -24.3562, 17.0758



72.2239, -61.9319, 43.4196



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.7131, 23.0282, -15.4479



15.4241, 30.3242, -20.3421



10.5977, 19.0824, -0.3884



10.9125, 0.5257, -0.1605



17.9238, 35.2386, -23.6387



45.5757, 89.6027, -60.1069



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

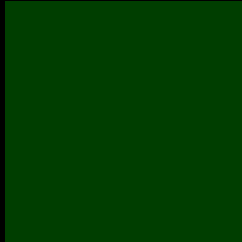
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

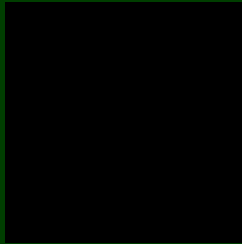
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588.

-15.9164, 11.1588.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588

### Protanopia

18.7266, -2.8741, 11.4889

### Deuteranopia

18.7178, 0.8881, 10.3432



## Tritanopia

18.9566, -6.7279, -2.6910

# Trichromacy



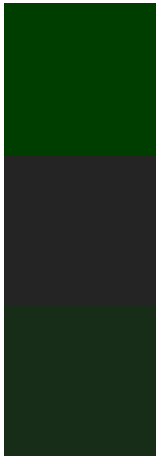
**Original Color**  
18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588

**Protanomaly**  
18.0012, -9.5529, 10.9250

**Deuteranomaly**  
17.8030, -7.5003, 10.0737

**Tritanomaly**  
18.4217, -11.2953, 4.9759

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588

**Achromatopsia**  
13.2823, -0.7087, 0.7217

**Achromatomaly**  
14.5629, -7.7565, 5.5376

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 62, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 62, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 62, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 62, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 62, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 62, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 62, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 62, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 62, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 62, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 18.5614, -15.9164, 11.1588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 62, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 62,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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