

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.1127, 33.2380,
-33.3422)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.1127, 33.2380,
-33.3422) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.1441, 33.2272,
-32.8225)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	500063
RGB	80, 0, 99
RGB Percent	31%, 0%, 39%
CMY	0.6863, 1.0000, 0.6118
CMYK	0.19, 1.00, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	288°, 100%, 19%
HSV	288°, 100%, 39%
XYZ	5.5604, 2.6063, 12.0144
YIQ	35.2060, 15.9010, 47.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

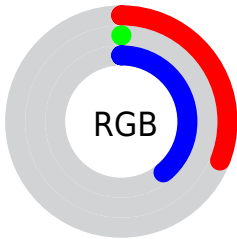
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 0, 99
Decimal	5242979
CIE _{Lab}	18.39, 45.85, -36.63
CIE _{LCh}	18, 58.689, 321.382
Yxy	2.6064, 0.2755, 0.1292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283433059 (0xFF500063)
YUV	35.2060, 31.4504, 39.2843
Hunter-Lab	16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225

Details

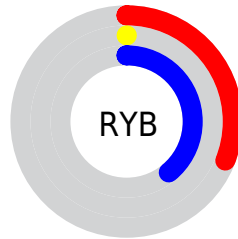
The HunterLab color **16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **30.1034, -24.6315, 18.1182**, and the grayscale version is **12.9300, -0.6899, 0.7025**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.1696, 37.0478, -33.4896**, and **7.5582, 16.2239, -20.5438** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1442, 33.2273, -32.8223**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.0447, 31.2334, -30.0120**.

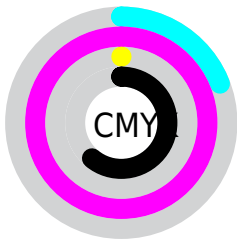
Distribution



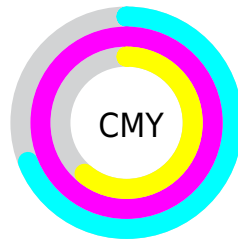
- Red (31%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

16.1441, 33.2272,
-32.8225

16.1441, 33.2272,
-32.8225

111.0473, 46.6578,
-37.3163

9.6431, 31.5823,
-34.0191

32.1093, 36.9077,
-33.2625

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

41.3593, 38.6309,
-33.8536

0.0000, NaN, NaN

51.3586, 40.2382,
-34.4935

0.0000, NaN, NaN

62.0547, 41.7295,
-35.1314

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


73.4048, 43.1102,
-35.7423


0.0000, NaN, NaN


85.3732, 44.3872,


0.0000, NaN, NaN

-36.3137


 97.9295, 45.5675,
-36.8393


 16.1441, 33.2272,
-32.8225


 16.1441, 33.2272,
-32.8225


 16.1442, 33.2273,
-32.8223

 17.0447, 31.2334,
-30.0120

 18.0828, 28.9370,
-27.0553

 19.4388, 25.8455,
-23.5739

 21.0880, 22.2156,
-19.8054

 22.9966, 18.2786,
-15.9438

■ 25.1294, 14.2051,
-12.1178

■ 27.4541, 10.1045,
-8.3989

■ 29.9428, 6.0389,
-4.8176

■ 32.5724, 2.0385,
-1.3804

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.1444, 12.7919, -62.6504



16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225



16.1444, 45.5324, -4.4800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.1444, 33.2268, -32.8216



16.1444, 4.3072, 11.3011



16.1444, -21.6044, -14.9639

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225



30.1034, -24.6315, 18.1182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.1444, -22.5158, 4.8621



16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225



16.1444, -11.0929, 11.3011

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.1444, 33.2268, -32.8216



16.1444, 24.8705, 11.3011



16.1444, -19.2307, 11.3011



16.1444, -16.5620, -46.8155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225



16.1444, 45.0062, 5.8706



16.1444, -19.2307, 11.3011



16.1444, -22.3831, -6.4987

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.1444, 33.2268, -32.8216



35.6879, 13.6944, -11.4117



11.8077, 17.1121, -51.6980



16.9700, 7.4177, -6.2300



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.1444, 33.2268, -32.8216



21.0494, 43.3892, -43.3081



17.5674, 32.5510, -7.7729



16.1431, 0.7785, -0.4891



18.3891, 37.8776, -37.6185



42.0748, 86.9642, -88.3905

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4309, 28.4237, 8.3988



21.4905, 37.1192, 11.4369



30.0266, -24.6512, 15.6845



16.1163, 0.4942, 0.9779



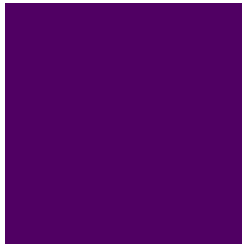
18.7457, 32.4021, 9.7915



43.2089, 74.4531, 24.3815

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

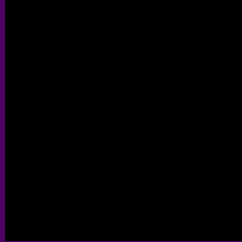
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225

Protanopia

17.1286, 4.0881, -30.2343

Deuteranopia

17.2317, -0.5200, -20.4156



Tritanopia

17.3087, 9.0622, 3.3208

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225

Protanomaly

14.4589, 14.4870, -39.2416

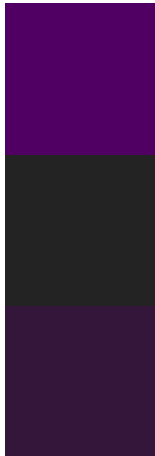
Deuteranomaly

14.3163, 11.2484, -31.9714

Tritanomaly

15.9687, 18.4046, -7.2983

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225

Achromatopsia

12.9643, -0.6917, 0.7044

Achromatomaly

12.5822, 12.2545, -10.8953

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 0, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 0, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 0, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 0, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 0, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 0, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 0, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 0, 99); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 0, 99); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 0, 99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.1441, 33.2272, -32.8225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 0, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 0,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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