

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.2262, -0.5419,
1.6378)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.2262, -0.5419, 1.6378)
contains.

HunterLab(16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(16.2958, -0.6215,
1.7150)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F2D2B
RGB	47, 45, 43
RGB Percent	18%, 18%, 17%
CMY	0.8157, 0.8235, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.09, 0.82
HSL	30°, 4%, 18%
HSV	30°, 9%, 18%
XYZ	2.5467, 2.6555, 2.6639
YIQ	45.3700, 1.8340, -0.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	47, 47, 43
Decimal	3091755
CIELab	18.61, 0.45, 1.61
CIELCh	19, 1.669, 74.521
Yxy	2.6556, 0.3238, 0.3376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281281835 (0xFF2F2D2B)
YUV	45.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295
Hunter-Lab	16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

Details

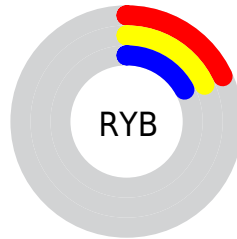
The HunterLab color **16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.1108, -1.0739, 0.0114**, and the grayscale version is **16.3247, -0.8710, 0.8870**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.4252, -1.6020, 3.0704**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6488, -0.2566, 2.5939**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9600, -0.9452, 0.7715**.

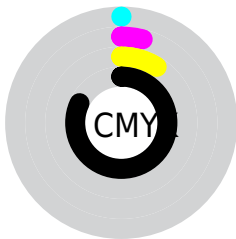
Distribution



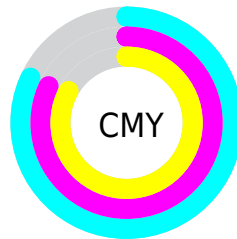
- Red (18%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2958, -0.6215,
1.7150

■ 16.2958, -0.6215,
1.7150

■ 111.3356, -5.4761,
7.6629

■ 9.7710, -0.3121,
1.2257

■ 32.3000, -1.4134,
2.8089

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.5668, -1.8811,
3.4085

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5816, -2.3908,
4.0416

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.2921, -2.9393,
4.7066

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.6559, -3.5240,
5.4024

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.6373, -4.1429,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.1277

98.2059, -4.7941,
6.8816

16.2958, -0.6215,
1.7150

16.2958, -0.6215,
1.7150

15.6488, -0.2566,
2.5939

16.9600, -0.9452,
0.7715

15.0190, 0.1535,
3.4016

17.6393, -1.2292,
-0.2320

14.4080, 0.6109,
4.1320

18.3331, -1.4765,
-1.2904

13.8173, 1.1180,
4.7786

19.0404, -1.6897,
-2.3993

13.2482, 1.6769,
5.3343

19.7605, -1.8710,
-3.5547

■ 12.7023, 2.2888,
5.7923

■ 20.4926, -2.0229,
-4.7531

■ 12.1811, 2.9542,
6.1459

■ 21.2361, -2.1473,
-5.9913

■ 11.6806, 3.6428,
6.4741

■ 21.9904, -2.2463,
-7.2664

■ 11.1959, 4.3212,
6.8680

■ 22.7550, -2.3215,
-8.5760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2962, -0.2033, 1.4941



16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150



16.2962, -1.1025, 1.7189

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2962, -0.6219, 1.7153



16.2962, -1.7593, 0.6641



16.2962, -0.2145, 0.2448

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150



16.1108, -1.0739, 0.0114

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2962, -0.6370, 0.0089



16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150



16.2962, -1.5269, 0.2557

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2962, -0.6219, 1.7153



16.2962, -1.7553, 1.1209



16.2962, -1.1174, 0.0129



16.2962, 0.0338, 0.6496

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150



16.2962, -1.3931, 1.5979



16.2962, -1.1174, 0.0129



16.2962, -0.3410, 0.1426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2962, -0.6219, 1.7153



21.3996, -1.0278, 1.5668



15.8795, 0.4238, 0.5227



11.4178, -0.5406, 0.8627



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2962, -0.6219, 1.7153



20.7737, -0.7075, 2.4437



16.7685, -1.4030, 2.2268



8.9485, -0.3494, 0.9176



19.4082, 9.9979, 12.1343



49.8740, 31.0569, 31.2758

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.1108, -1.0739, 0.0114



20.4784, -1.4273, -0.2704



15.6417, -0.2897, -0.5607



8.8522, -0.5841, 0.0328



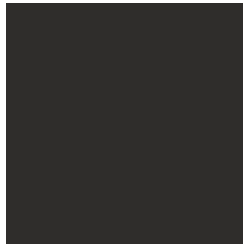
15.6041, 2.2507, -24.3624



39.2299, 10.6352, -71.9924

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

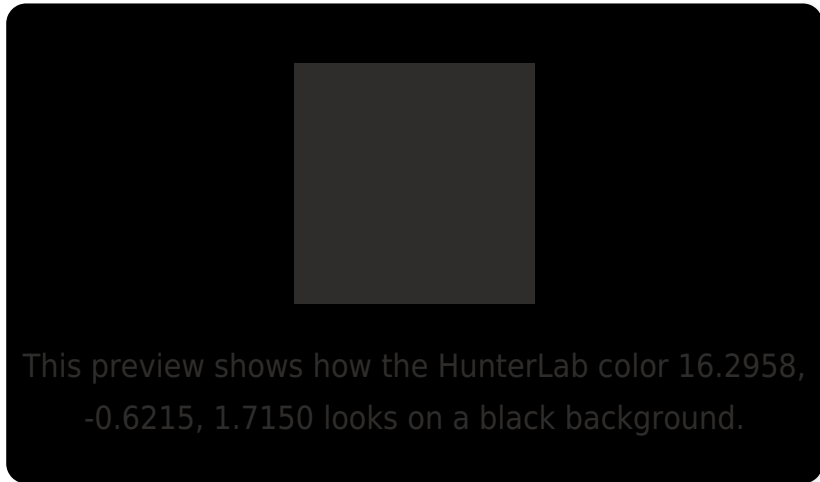
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

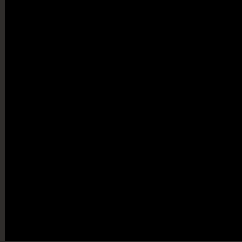
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150.

1.7150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

Protanopia

16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

Deuteranopia

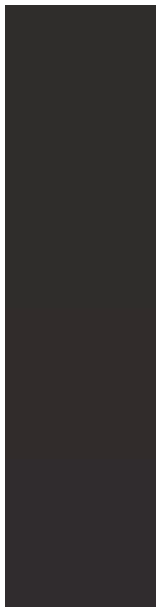
16.2908, 0.5508, 1.7299



Tritanopia

16.2577, 0.6784, -0.1680

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

Protanomaly

16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

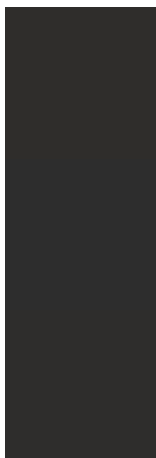
Deuteranomaly

16.2134, 0.2878, 1.6380

Tritanomaly

16.2080, 0.4103, 0.5392

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

16.2464, -0.7470, 1.3018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 45, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 45, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 45, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 45, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 45, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 45, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 45, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 45, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 45, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 45, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.2958, -0.6215, 1.7150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 45, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 45,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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