

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.2674, -8.7772,
3.8738)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.2674, -8.7772, 3.8738)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.2596, -8.7952,
3.7789)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	143324
RGB	20, 51, 36
RGB Percent	8%, 20%, 14%
CMY	0.9216, 0.8000, 0.8588
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.29, 0.80
HSL	151°, 44%, 14%
HSV	151°, 61%, 20%
XYZ	1.7908, 2.6437, 2.0850
YIQ	40.0210, -13.6610, -11.2370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

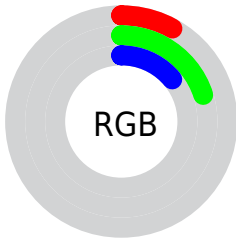
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 40, 51
Decimal	1323812
CIE Lab	18.56, -15.91, 6.07
CIE LCh	19, 17.025, 159.100
Yxy	2.6439, 0.2747, 0.4055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279513892 (0xFF143324)
YUV	40.0210, -1.9824, -17.5584
Hunter-Lab	16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789

Details

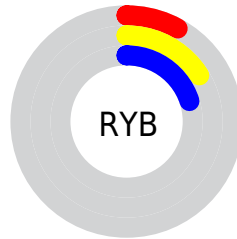
The HunterLab color **16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **11.5131, 9.6019, -0.9266**, and the grayscale version is **14.5832, -0.7781, 0.7923**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.3085, -12.3651, 5.7643**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0664, -9.6589, 4.2756**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4884, -7.8016, 3.2863**.

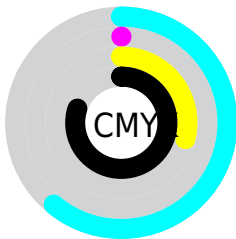
Distribution



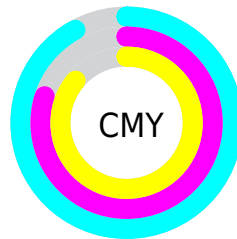
- Red (8%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2596, -8.7952,
3.7789

■ 16.2596, -8.7952,
3.7789

■ 111.2668,
-22.2279, 11.9803

■ 9.7404, -7.6606,
3.1244

■ 32.2545, -12.0922,
5.5343

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.5173, -13.6186,
6.4124

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5284, -15.1005,
7.3007

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.2355, -16.5528,
8.2028

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.5960, -17.9856,
9.1207

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.5743, -19.4058,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.0558

■ 98.1400, -20.8187,
11.0088

■ 16.2596, -8.7952,
3.7789

■ 16.2596, -8.7952,
3.7789

■ 16.0664, -9.6589,
4.2756

■ 16.4884, -7.8016,
3.2863

■ 15.9068, -10.3903,
4.7712

■ 16.7525, -6.6821,
2.8018

■ 15.7633, -11.0583,
5.2452

■ 17.0521, -5.4431,
2.3297

■ 15.6326, -11.6686,
5.6497

■ 17.3873, -4.0928,
1.8734

■ 17.7575, -2.6404,
1.4361

■ 18.1619, -1.0956,
1.0202

■ 18.5997, 0.5317,
0.6276

■ 19.0698, 2.2316,
0.2596

■ 19.5709, 3.9948,
-0.0830

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2599, -6.4145, 6.4342



16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789



16.2599, -9.1943, -0.6034

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2599, -8.7954, 3.7791



16.2599, 0.6548, -10.7428



16.2599, 7.1429, 5.5988

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789



11.5131, 9.6019, -0.9266

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2599, 9.5656, 2.2449



16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789



16.2599, 5.5377, -7.7612

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2599, -8.7954, 3.7791



16.2599, -4.1073, -9.9650



16.2599, 8.9457, -2.6634



16.2599, 2.6455, 7.2470

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789



16.2599, -8.3358, -4.1275



16.2599, 8.9457, -2.6634



16.2599, 8.2498, 4.6813

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2599, -8.7954, 3.7791



22.4896, -4.9389, 2.3084



16.6865, -7.5887, 7.7977



11.8558, -2.6818, 1.2421



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2599, -8.7954, 3.7791



20.5737, -13.0360, 5.8957



16.5997, -6.7910, -1.0773



9.8258, -1.2400, 0.7305



27.1739, -20.7035, 10.7279



71.1786, -55.1827, 30.1566

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.5131, 9.6019, -0.9266



13.2682, 15.6281, -1.0563



11.2012, 8.1537, 3.5416



9.4372, 0.2343, 0.3269



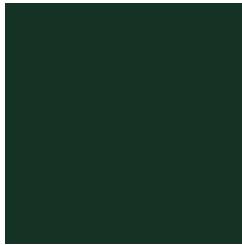
15.2053, 27.1957, 0.8638



39.6622, 70.4879, 5.7435

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

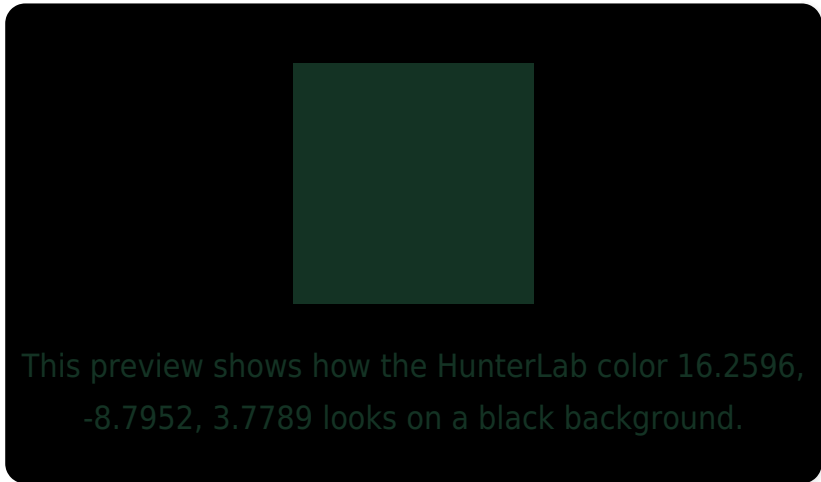
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

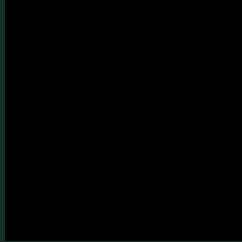
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2596, -8.7952,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789

Protanopia

16.2467, -1.1895, 4.7394

Deuteranopia

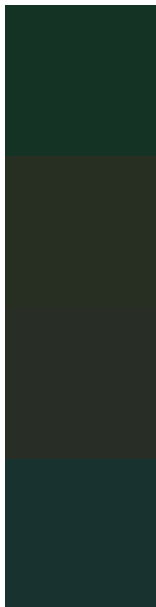
16.1176, 0.9201, 3.2022



Tritanopia

16.3502, -4.9558, -2.2257

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789

Protanomaly

16.0019, -4.5268, 4.1737

Deuteranomaly

15.9332, -3.3934, 3.2456

Tritanomaly

16.3726, -6.5162, 0.2358

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

15.0704, -3.9389, 1.6659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 51, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 51, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 51, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 51, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

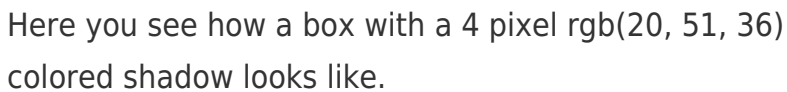
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 51, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 51, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 51, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 51, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 51, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 51, 36)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.2596, -8.7952, 3.7789 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 51, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 51,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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