

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.2952, 20.3019,
-7.7909)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.2952, 20.3019,
-7.7909) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.2994, 20.5924,
-7.7874)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F1741
RGB	79, 23, 65
RGB Percent	31%, 9%, 25%
CMY	0.6902, 0.9098, 0.7451
CMYK	0.00, 0.71, 0.18, 0.69
HSL	315°, 55%, 20%
HSV	315°, 71%, 31%
XYZ	4.4850, 2.6567, 5.2774
YIQ	44.5320, 19.8940, 24.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

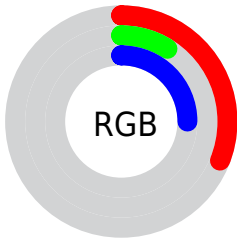
Format	Color
RYB	79, 23, 65
Decimal	5183297
CIELab	18.61, 31.48, -13.24
CIELCh	19, 34.156, 337.189
Yxy	2.6568, 0.3611, 0.2139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283373377 (0xFF4F1741)
YUV	44.5320, 10.0907, 30.2284
Hunter-Lab	16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874

Details

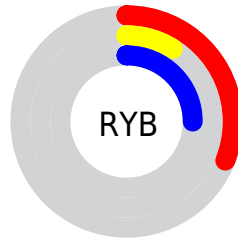
The HunterLab color **16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **24.3059, -16.9537, 10.4103**, and the grayscale version is **16.0089, -0.8542, 0.8698**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.3180, 23.1978, -8.3409**, and **6.3399, 11.8330, -3.4670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3818, 22.9197, -8.2613**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.4417, 17.8259, -6.9783**.

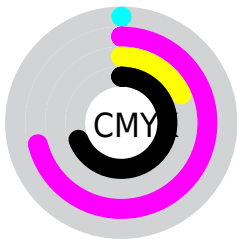
Distribution



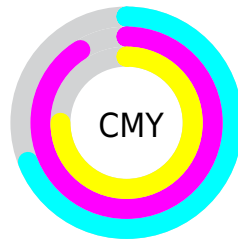
- Red (31%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2994, 20.5924,
-7.7874

■ 16.2994, 20.5924,
-7.7874

■ 111.3425, 29.2572,
-8.0662

■ 9.7740, 19.0562,
-7.4098

■ 32.3045, 23.3384,
-8.3358

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.5718, 24.5058,
-8.4903

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5869, 25.5478,
-8.5714

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.2978, 26.4766,
-8.5851

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.6619, 27.3032,
-8.5370

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.6436, 28.0369,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.4318

98.2125, 28.6860,
-8.2737

16.2994, 20.5924,
-7.7874

16.2994, 20.5924,
-7.7874

15.3818, 22.9197,
-8.2613

17.4417, 17.8259,
-6.9783

14.6836, 24.7076,
-8.3745

18.7868, 14.7833,
-5.9080

14.0735, 26.3633,
-8.4411

20.3116, 11.5947,
-4.6455

21.9927, 8.3534,
-3.2485

23.8092, 5.1182,
-1.7602

■ 25.7428, 1.9225,
-0.2112

■ 27.7780, -1.2178,
1.3776

■ 29.9022, -4.2972,
2.9926

■ 32.1047, -7.3167,
4.6250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2998, 12.2715, -21.0665



16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874



16.2998, 22.5773, 2.9901

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2998, 20.5915, -7.7868



16.2998, -3.1799, 11.4099



16.2998, -13.4096, -14.2472

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874



24.3059, -16.9537, 10.4103

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2998, -15.7583, -1.5395



16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874



16.2998, -10.8354, 10.1684

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2998, 20.5915, -7.7868



16.2998, 7.1659, 11.2554



16.2998, -14.9434, 6.4527



16.2998, -7.5999, -26.0988

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874



16.2998, 19.6978, 7.1720



16.2998, -14.9434, 6.4527



16.2998, -14.5582, -9.7153

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2998, 20.5915, -7.7868



30.8283, 7.0317, -2.4643



12.5331, 13.3991, -27.0363



15.2247, 3.7932, -1.3630



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2998, 20.5915, -7.7868



19.3880, 31.5726, -10.9019



15.5202, 17.2902, 3.1791



13.1178, 0.6037, 0.0731



18.3127, 34.2484, -10.5491



44.4113, 82.7729, -23.3726

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.2998, 20.5915, -7.7868



19.3880, 31.5726, -10.9019



24.8110, -13.8965, 3.0940



13.1178, 0.6037, 0.0731



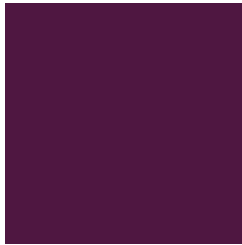
18.3127, 34.2484, -10.5491



44.4113, 82.7729, -23.3726

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

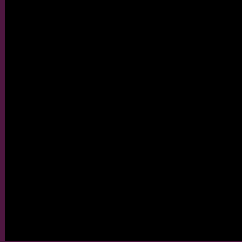
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874.

-7.7874.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874

Protanopia

16.8515, 2.7643, -18.3608

Deuteranopia

16.7791, 0.8785, -5.7494



Tritanopia

16.3860, 12.5641, 4.8411

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874

Protanomaly

15.8504, 7.9597, -15.6699

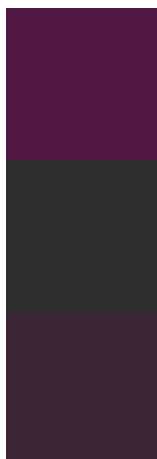
Deuteranomaly

16.0806, 7.6153, -7.2967

Tritanomaly

16.2664, 15.1379, 1.2393

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

15.6235, 6.5772, -2.5868

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 23, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 23, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 23, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 23, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 23, 65) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 23, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 23, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 23, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 23, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 23, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.2994, 20.5924, -7.7874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 23, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 23,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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