

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140)
contains.

HunterLab(16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A2C41
RGB	42, 44, 65
RGB Percent	16%, 17%, 25%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8274, 0.7451
CMYK	0.35, 0.32, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	235°, 21%, 21%
HSV	235°, 35%, 25%
XYZ	2.8097, 2.6753, 5.3693
YIQ	45.7960, -7.9330, 6.1070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

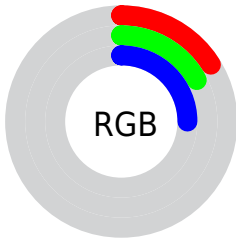
Format	Color
R_YB	42, 44, 65
Decimal	2763841
CIE Lab	18.69, 5.06, -13.52
CIE LCh	19, 14.440, 290.508
Yxy	2.6754, 0.2589, 0.2465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280953921 (0xFF2A2C41)
YUV	45.7960, 9.4676, -3.3291
Hunter-Lab	16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140

Details

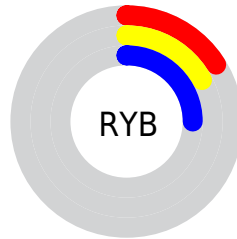
The HunterLab color **16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.0137, -3.0453, 7.6115**, and the grayscale version is **16.4335, -0.8769, 0.8929**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.2672, 2.0465, -8.7877**, and **2.8908, 5.1606, -14.7536** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.6228, 3.2138, -11.2106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1604, 0.9962, -5.1197**.

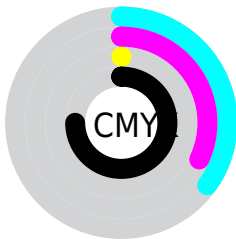
Distribution



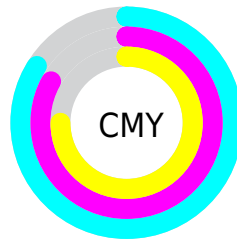
- Red (16%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140

■ 16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140

■ 111.4501, -0.5630,
-8.3843

■ 9.8219, 1.9661,
-7.6309

■ 32.3758, 1.8833,
-8.5822

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.6492, 1.6915,
-8.7474

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.6702, 1.4379,
-8.8392

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.3865, 1.1294,
-8.8634

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.7557, 0.7713,
-8.8256

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.7422, 0.3678,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-8.7305

98.3157, -0.0779,
-8.5822

16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140

16.3562, 2.0392,
-8.0140

14.6228, 3.2138,
-11.2106

18.1604, 0.9962,
-5.1197

12.9731, 4.5532,
-14.7824

20.0243, 0.0584,
-2.4678

11.4259, 6.0930,
-18.8037

21.9405, -0.7957,
-0.0088

10.0072, 7.8635,
-23.3261

23.9029, -1.5826,
2.2963

8.7517, 9.8644,
-28.3153

25.9070, -2.3156,
4.4779

■ 7.6368, 11.9445,
-33.9119

■ 27.9488, -3.0046,
6.5601

■ 7.1019, 13.0953,
-37.1458

■ 30.0252, -3.6578,
8.5619

■ 32.1337, -4.2815,
10.4982

■ 34.2720, -4.8807,
12.3810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3565, -2.1783, -8.5904



16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140



16.3565, 5.8038, -4.7578

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3565, 2.0390, -8.0136



16.3565, 4.5592, 5.7606



16.3565, -8.0712, 2.1019

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140



22.0137, -3.0453, 7.6115

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3565, -6.6265, 5.0452



16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140



16.3565, 0.4733, 6.7794

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3565, 2.0390, -8.0136



16.3565, 7.3572, 3.3492



16.3565, -3.5957, 6.5554



16.3565, -7.7425, -2.0217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140



16.3565, 7.4152, -1.8724



16.3565, -3.5957, 6.5554



16.3565, -7.7828, 3.2420

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3565, 2.0390, -8.0136



26.9471, -0.3703, -1.9242



21.5138, -6.6677, 0.3006



14.0819, -0.1662, -1.0908



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3565, 2.0390, -8.0136



19.3287, 3.9102, -13.8443



16.5731, 5.0049, -7.5913



11.4847, -0.2874, -0.4132



10.2183, 21.3259, -58.8084



24.2630, 58.7010, -157.0453

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.2095, 5.7983, 2.4961



20.7825, 9.8135, 3.7496



21.8696, -6.2115, 7.4285



11.5776, 0.2147, 0.8052



15.9824, 27.4859, 9.4317



39.9501, 68.5379, 24.8680

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

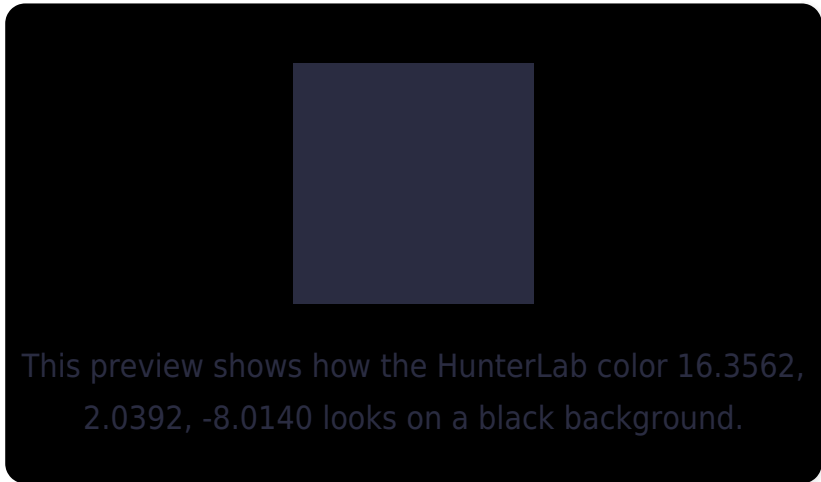
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

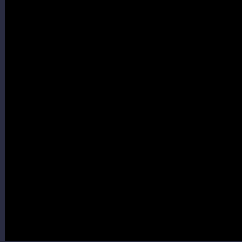
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140.



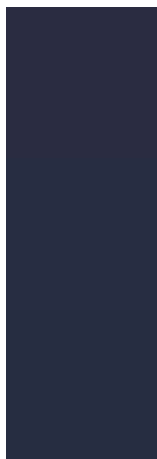
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140.

-8.0140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140

Protanopia

16.4361, 1.1943, -8.4442

Deuteranopia

16.3416, 0.8052, -8.0607



Tritanopia

16.4420, -2.1671, -1.2004

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140

Protanomaly

16.4962, 1.3953, -8.3360

Deuteranomaly

16.4005, 1.0035, -7.9559

Tritanomaly

16.4031, -0.7835, -3.4296

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.4064, 0.2639, -2.0578

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 44, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 44, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 44, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 44, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 44, 65) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 44, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 44, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 44, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 44, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 44, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.3562, 2.0392, -8.0140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 44, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 44,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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