

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.3964, -5.2213,
6.8444)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.3964, -5.2213, 6.8444)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.2827, -5.0758,
6.7979)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	293018
RGB	41, 48, 24
RGB Percent	16%, 19%, 9%
CMY	0.8392, 0.8118, 0.9059
CMYK	0.15, 0.00, 0.50, 0.81
HSL	78°, 33%, 14%
HSV	78°, 50%, 19%
XYZ	2.1363, 2.6513, 1.2633
YIQ	43.1710, 3.5320, -8.9480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

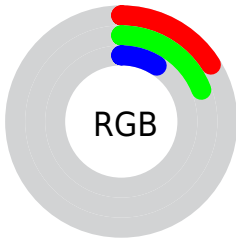
Format	Color
R_{YB}	24, 48, 31
Decimal	2699288
CIE _{Lab}	18.59, -7.99, 14.36
CIE _{LCh}	19, 16.432, 119.085
Yxy	2.6514, 0.3531, 0.4382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280889368 (0xFF293018)
YUV	43.1710, -9.4513, -1.9040
Hunter-Lab	16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979

Details

The HunterLab color **16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **10.7612, 4.8099, -8.6922**, and the grayscale version is **15.6281, -0.8339, 0.8491**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.3062, -7.1052, 10.0370**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1396, -5.7281, 7.5485**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.4392, -4.3634, 5.9075**.

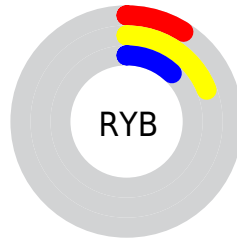
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (19%)

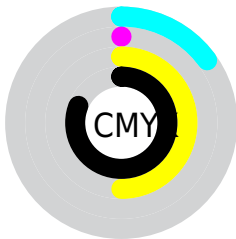
Blue (9%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (12%)

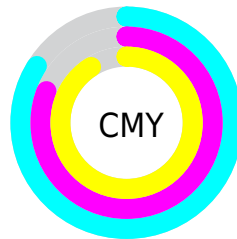


Cyan (15%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (81%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.2827, -5.0758,
6.7979

■ 16.2827, -5.0758,
6.7979

■ 111.3107,
-14.2474, 19.5282

■ 9.7599, -4.1156,
6.6408

■ 32.2835, -7.1151,
9.9152

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.5489, -8.1142,
11.3574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.5623, -9.1136,
12.7586

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.2717, -10.1186,
14.1334

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.6342, -11.1325,
15.4918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.6145, -12.1577,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

16.8406

■ 98.1821, -13.1956,
18.1849

■ 16.2827, -5.0758,
6.7979

■ 16.2827, -5.0758,
6.7979

■ 16.1396, -5.7281,
7.5485

■ 16.4392, -4.3634,
5.9075

■ 16.0084, -6.3192,
8.1617

■ 16.6081, -3.5901,
4.8755

■ 15.8892, -6.8505,
8.6423

■ 16.7899, -2.7571,
3.7018

■ 15.7762, -7.3547,
9.0745

■ 16.9847, -1.8656,
2.3874

■ 15.6655, -7.8542,
9.5155

■ 17.1925, -0.9174,
0.9342

■ 17.4133, 0.0856,
-0.6552

■ 17.6469, 1.1412,
-2.3773

■ 17.8932, 2.2472,
-4.2282

■ 18.1521, 3.4010,
-6.2035

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.2831, -0.7236, 7.4006



16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979



16.2831, -7.9885, 4.7483

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.2831, -5.0762, 6.7980



16.2831, -5.3018, -8.4693



16.2831, 9.3067, 0.7470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979



10.7612, 4.8099, -8.6922

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.2831, 7.7311, -4.2396



16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979



16.2831, -1.0153, -10.4149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.2831, -5.0762, 6.7980



16.2831, -8.1079, -3.9285



16.2831, 3.8126, -8.6822



16.2831, 7.9061, 4.5697

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979



16.2831, -8.9030, 2.4473



16.2831, 3.8126, -8.6822



16.2831, 9.1048, -0.8463

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.2831, -5.0762, 6.7980



21.2656, -3.0086, 3.9866



12.8994, 3.2842, 4.0340



11.3618, -1.6186, 2.1462



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.2831, -5.0762, 6.7980



20.2915, -7.4575, 9.7708



15.6336, -7.5576, 6.2237



9.1513, -0.9043, 1.1345



27.8801, -14.6419, 16.9233



74.0556, -40.4317, 44.9249

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7612, 4.8099, -8.6922



11.7175, 8.1941, -15.1185



11.7303, 7.5948, -6.7734



8.6510, -0.0313, -0.2074



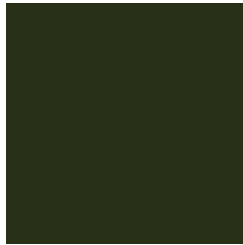
9.4532, 23.4161, -49.9161



24.3005, 61.6360, -139.4943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

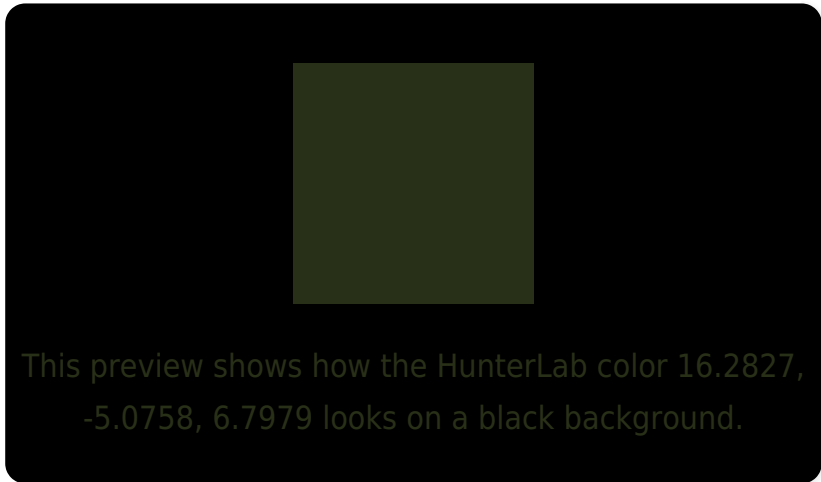
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

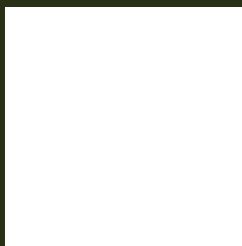
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979.

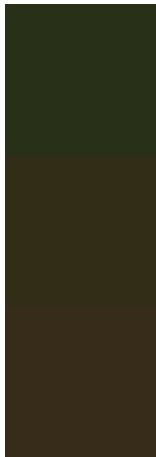


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.2827, -5.0758,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979

Protanopia

16.1764, -1.7325, 6.9664

Deuteranopia

16.1560, 0.6177, 6.5909



Tritanopia

16.2296, -0.5596, -0.6244

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979

Protanomaly

16.1870, -2.9209, 6.9541

Deuteranomaly

16.2021, -1.5903, 6.5902

Tritanomaly

16.1888, -2.3501, 2.5821

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.8000, -2.6636, 3.4260

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 48, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 48, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 48, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 48, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 48, 24) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 48, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 48, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 48, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 48, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 48, 24)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.2827, -5.0758, 6.7979 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 48, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 48,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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