

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.4186, -7.1147,
1.7777)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.4186, -7.1147, 1.7777)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.3165, -6.9199,
1.6281)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19322B
RGB	25, 50, 43
RGB Percent	10%, 20%, 17%
CMY	0.9020, 0.8039, 0.8314
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.14, 0.80
HSL	163°, 33%, 15%
HSV	163°, 50%, 20%
XYZ	1.9775, 2.6623, 2.6951
YIQ	41.7270, -12.6530, -7.4770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

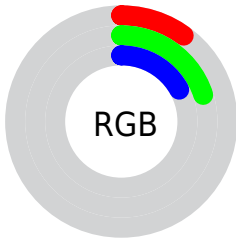
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 40, 50
Decimal	1651243
CIE Lab	18.64, -11.78, 1.43
CIE LCh	19, 11.865, 173.064
Yxy	2.6624, 0.2696, 0.3630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279841323 (0xFF19322B)
YUV	41.7270, 0.6276, -14.6696
Hunter-Lab	16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281

Details

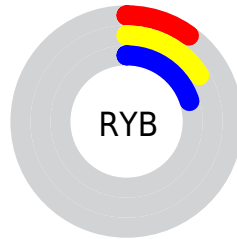
The HunterLab color **16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **12.1561, 6.9760, 0.9473**, and the grayscale version is **15.1285, -0.8072, 0.8220**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.2062, -9.4161, 2.6839**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1069, -7.7966, 1.8627**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.5596, -5.9302, 1.4264**.

Distribution



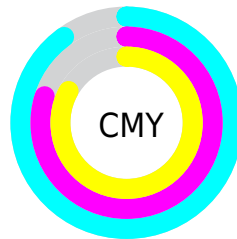
- Red (10%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3165, -6.9199,
1.6281

■ 16.3165, -6.9199,
1.6281

111.3748,
-18.1066, 7.4911

■ 9.7884, -5.7990,
1.1520

■ 32.3259, -9.5507,
2.6974

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.5950, -10.7988,
3.2866

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.6119, -12.0265,
3.9100

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.3244, -13.2435,
4.5661

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 73.6901, -14.4561,
5.2534


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 85.6732, -15.6688,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


5.9708


 98.2435, -16.8849,
6.7170


 16.3165, -6.9199,
1.6281


 16.3165, -6.9199,
1.6281


 16.1069, -7.7966,
1.8627


 16.5596, -5.9302,
1.4264


 15.9293, -8.5567,
2.1271


 16.8354, -4.8318,
1.2588


 15.7828, -9.1995,
2.4187

 17.1443, -3.6310,
1.1266

 15.6514, -9.7869,
2.7172

 17.4860, -2.3354,
1.0305

 15.5199, -10.3783,
3.0054

 17.8598, -0.9529,
0.9704

■ 15.5199, -10.3783,
3.0054

■ 18.2650, 0.5080,
0.9459

■ 18.7008, 2.0389,
0.9563

■ 19.1661, 3.6316,
1.0004

■ 19.6598, 5.2783,
1.0769

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3168, -5.8191, 4.2286



16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281



16.3168, -6.5109, -1.7680

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3168, -6.9201, 1.6283



16.3168, 1.7955, -6.0089



16.3168, 3.2871, 5.1519

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281



12.1561, 6.9760, 0.9473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3168, 5.6560, 3.1614



16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281



16.3168, 4.7463, -3.3531

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3168, -6.9201, 1.6283



16.3168, -1.6609, -6.6545



16.3168, 6.2109, 0.1117



16.3168, -0.0668, 5.9724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281



16.3168, -5.4190, -4.0069



16.3168, 6.2109, 0.1117



16.3168, 4.2359, 4.6200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3168, -6.9201, 1.6283



21.8308, -3.9034, 1.3656



16.3092, -7.5885, 6.5732



11.9710, -2.1827, 0.7526



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3168, -6.9201, 1.6283



20.2710, -10.1476, 2.4480



15.1069, -3.9957, -2.6048



9.8370, -1.1778, 0.5703



27.4946, -18.7320, 6.0711



72.0410, -49.8711, 17.6123

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.1561, 6.9760, 0.9473



13.8821, 11.4294, 1.5534



13.0313, 4.1228, 3.9173



9.4258, 0.1725, 0.4900



14.8539, 25.9100, 5.9374



38.7905, 67.2900, 18.3985

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

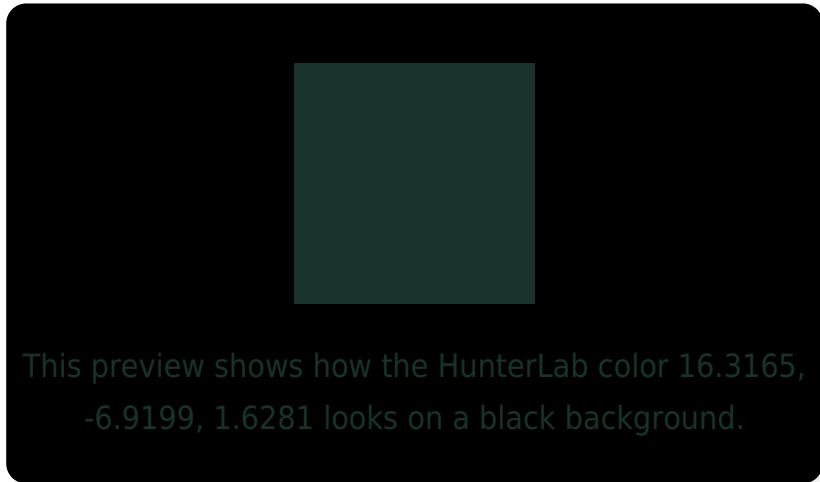
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

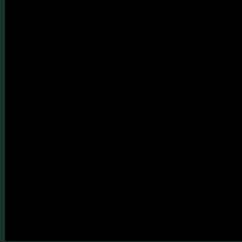
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3165, -6.9199,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281

Protanopia

16.2306, -0.9786, 2.6508

Deuteranopia

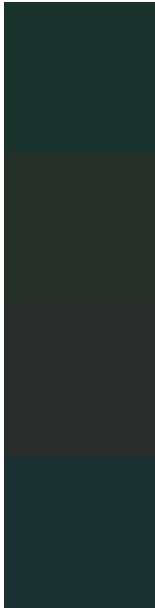
16.3136, 0.6735, 1.4038



Tritanopia

16.4333, -4.6466, -2.1072

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281

Protanomaly

16.2002, -3.5209, 2.2432

Deuteranomaly

16.1470, -2.3222, 1.1594

Tritanomaly

16.2831, -5.4232, -0.6417

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.5532, -3.3021, 1.1756

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 50, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 50, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 50, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 50, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 50, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 50, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 50, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 50, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 50, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 50, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.3165, -6.9199, 1.6281 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 50, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 50,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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