

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.4278, -4.9163,
1.2586)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.4278, -4.9163, 1.2586)
contains.

HunterLab(16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(16.4372, -5.0898,
1.4442)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	21312C
RGB	33, 49, 44
RGB Percent	13%, 19%, 17%
CMY	0.8706, 0.8078, 0.8274
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.10, 0.81
HSL	161°, 20%, 16%
HSV	161°, 33%, 19%
XYZ	2.1801, 2.7018, 2.7895
YIQ	43.6460, -7.9310, -4.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

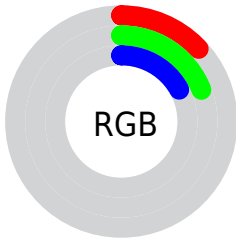
Format	Color
RYB	33, 42, 49
Decimal	2175276
CIELab	18.81, -7.97, 1.05
CIELCh	19, 8.039, 172.461
Yxy	2.7019, 0.2842, 0.3522
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280365356 (0xFF21312C)
YUV	43.6460, 0.1745, -9.3365
Hunter-Lab	16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442

Details

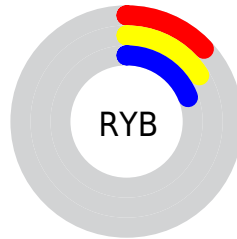
The HunterLab color **16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.7139, 4.1210, 0.5942**, and the grayscale version is **15.7559, -0.8407, 0.8560**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.4429, -7.0521, 2.5954**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1727, -6.1577, 1.6650**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7347, -3.9208, 1.2559**.

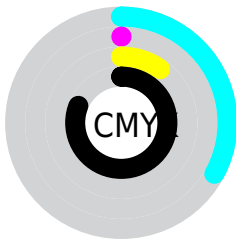
Distribution



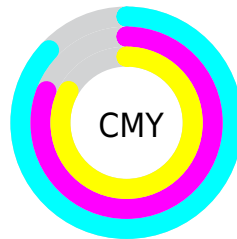
- Red (13%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.4372, -5.0898,
1.4442

■ 16.4372, -5.0898,
1.4442

111.6036,
-14.2518, 7.1291

■ 9.8903, -4.0917,
0.9991

■ 32.4775, -7.1251,
2.4620

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.7598, -8.1229,
3.0293

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.7890, -9.1213,
3.6325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.5130, -10.1254,
4.2697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 73.8894, -11.1386,
4.9394


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 85.8828, -12.1632,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


5.6400


 98.4629, -13.2005,
6.3702


 16.4372, -5.0898,
1.4442


 16.4372, -5.0898,
1.4442


 16.1727, -6.1577,
1.6650


 16.7347, -3.9208,
1.2559


 15.9403, -7.1178,
1.9160


 17.0639, -2.6571,
1.1006


 15.7399, -7.9657,
2.1954

 17.4247, -1.3069,
0.9788

 15.5708, -8.6990,
2.5002

 17.8164, 0.1217,
0.8908

 15.4307, -9.3226,
2.8258

 18.2380, 1.6203,
0.8359

■ 15.2977, -9.9216,
3.1464

■ 18.6887, 3.1807,
0.8135

■ 15.2001, -10.3638,
3.3736

■ 19.1673, 4.7952,
0.8226

■ 19.6728, 6.4565,
0.8619

■ 20.2040, 8.1579,
0.9300

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.4375, -4.2836, 3.2867



16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442



16.4375, -4.8189, -0.8193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.4375, -5.0900, 1.4444



16.4375, 0.8700, -3.5540



16.4375, 1.9435, 3.9296

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442



13.7139, 4.1210, 0.5942

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.4375, 3.4732, 2.4420



16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442



16.4375, 2.8298, -1.9213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.4375, -5.0900, 1.4444



16.4375, -1.4619, -3.9189



16.4375, 3.8063, 0.3254



16.4375, -0.2857, 4.5856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442



16.4375, -4.0560, -2.2522



16.4375, 3.8063, 0.3254



16.4375, 2.5616, 3.5210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.4375, -5.0900, 1.4444



22.0561, -3.0619, 1.3798



16.4921, -5.3235, 4.8962



12.0978, -1.7089, 0.7601



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.4375, -5.0900, 1.4444



20.8641, -7.7227, 2.0966



15.8253, -3.3164, -1.1935



9.8352, -1.1878, 0.5960



27.4358, -19.0919, 6.9216



71.8799, -50.8583, 19.9449

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.7139, 4.1210, 0.5942



16.5160, 7.0454, 0.7755



14.2147, 2.3750, 2.7989



9.4276, 0.1823, 0.4642



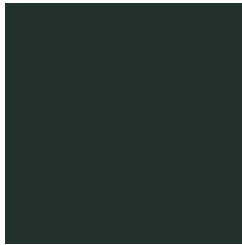
14.8982, 26.0730, 5.2912



38.8943, 67.6725, 16.8776

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

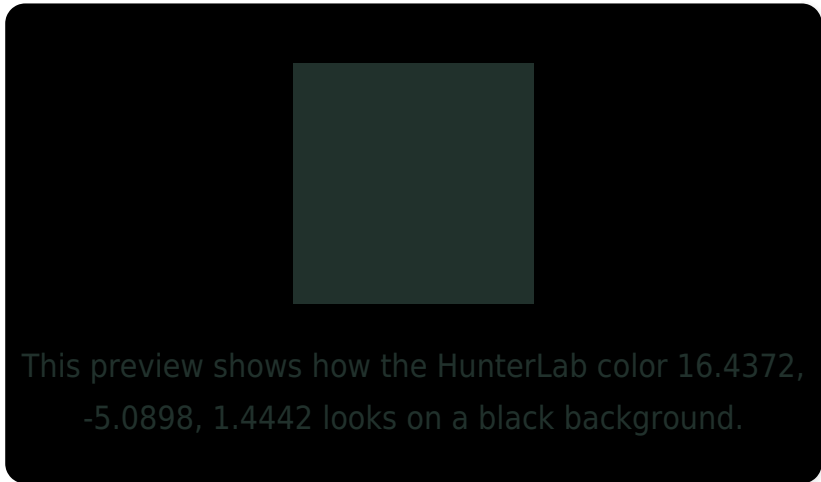
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

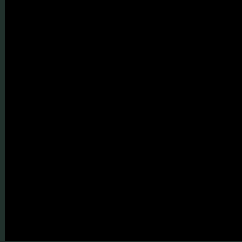
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442.

1.4442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442

Protanopia

16.2735, -0.7432, 2.0340

Deuteranopia

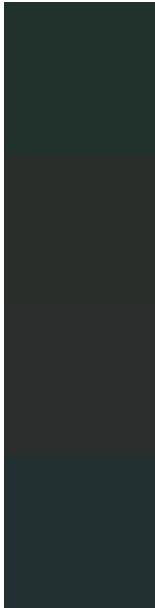
16.3369, 0.7990, 1.0707



Tritanopia

16.4899, -3.2033, -1.5763

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442

Protanomaly

16.1884, -2.2205, 1.5657

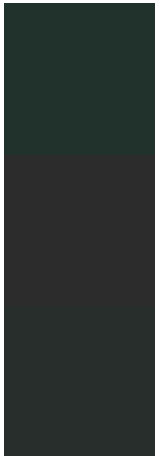
Deuteranomaly

16.3674, -1.4945, 1.0662

Tritanomaly

16.3577, -3.8439, -0.5199

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

16.0840, -2.5474, 1.0824

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 49, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 49, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 49, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 49, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 49, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 49, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 49, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 49, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 49, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 49, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.4372, -5.0898, 1.4442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 49, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 49,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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