

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.4630, 13.8803,
-5.7455)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.4630, 13.8803,
-5.7455) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.3464, 13.8132,
-5.6989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	46203D
RGB	70, 32, 61
RGB Percent	27%, 13%, 24%
CMY	0.7255, 0.8745, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.54, 0.13, 0.73
HSL	314°, 37%, 20%
HSV	314°, 54%, 27%
XYZ	3.8846, 2.6720, 4.7259
YIQ	46.6680, 13.3390, 17.0750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

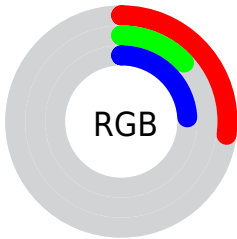
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 32, 61
Decimal	4595773
CIE _{Lab}	18.68, 22.75, -10.49
CIE _{LCh}	19, 25.051, 335.236
Yxy	2.6722, 0.3443, 0.2368
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282785853 (0xFF46203D)
YUV	46.6680, 7.0657, 20.4622
Hunter-Lab	16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989

Details

The HunterLab color **16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **22.0172, -12.6988, 7.6949**, and the grayscale version is **16.7247, -0.8924, 0.9087**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.4416, 15.7291, -5.6630**, and **5.1636, 9.7534, -3.7216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.2210, 16.4235, -6.6327**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6305, 11.0527, -4.5894**.

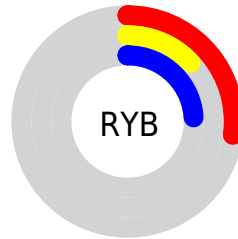
Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (13%)

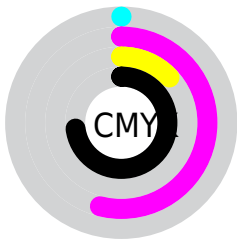
Blue (24%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (24%)

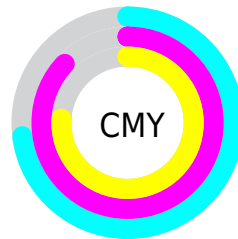


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (73%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.3464, 13.8132,
-5.6989

■ 16.3464, 13.8132,
-5.6989

■ 111.4316, 19.0854,
-4.9920

■ 9.8137, 12.6034,
-5.4038

■ 32.3636, 15.7534,
-6.0203

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.6359, 16.5163,
-6.0578

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.6559, 17.1644,
-6.0240

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.3713, 17.7117,
-5.9259

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 73.7396, 18.1692,
-5.7693

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 85.7253, 18.5460,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-5.5589

98.2980, 18.8494,
-5.2986

16.3464, 13.8132,
-5.6989

16.3464, 13.8132,
-5.6989

15.2210, 16.4235,
-6.6327

17.6305, 11.0527,
-4.5894

14.2726, 18.7690,
-7.3313

19.0527, 8.2302,
-3.3573

13.5177, 20.7122,
-7.7328

20.5951, 5.4017,
-2.0418

12.8794, 22.4178,
-7.9472

22.2417, 2.6006,
-0.6712

12.5021, 23.4973,
-8.0996

23.9791, -0.1557,
0.7349

■ 25.7958, -2.8603,
2.1637

■ 27.6824, -5.5125,
3.6070

■ 29.6310, -8.1150,
5.0595

■ 31.6350, -10.6723,
6.5183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.3468, 7.9743, -14.0743



16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989



16.3468, 15.4583, 2.0545

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.3468, 13.8125, -5.6984



16.3468, -2.1261, 9.6017



16.3468, -10.7741, -8.7615

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989



22.0172, -12.6988, 7.6949

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.3468, -12.5700, -0.3674



16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989



16.3468, -8.1649, 8.4644

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.3468, 13.8125, -5.6984



16.3468, 5.3872, 9.0441



16.3468, -11.7053, 5.5278



16.3468, -6.3134, -16.3175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989



16.3468, 13.7481, 5.5948



16.3468, -11.7053, 5.5278



16.3468, -11.6704, -5.8354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.3468, 13.8125, -5.6984



28.8069, 4.3035, -1.3201



13.9429, 8.0058, -15.9081



14.4687, 2.3255, -0.7416



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.3468, 13.8125, -5.6984



19.6223, 22.7608, -9.1003



15.8221, 11.3768, 1.6927



12.3702, 0.5505, 0.0650



17.8841, 33.5365, -10.9972



43.9858, 82.2034, -24.8822

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.3468, 13.8125, -5.6984



19.6223, 22.7608, -9.1003



22.3882, -10.4925, 2.3391



12.3702, 0.5505, 0.0650



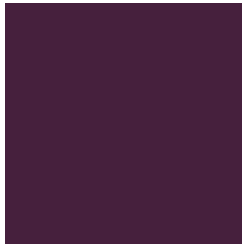
17.8841, 33.5365, -10.9972



43.9858, 82.2034, -24.8822

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

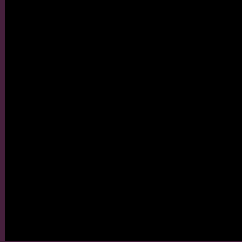
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989.

-5.6989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989

Protanopia

16.5468, 2.0146, -11.7367

Deuteranopia

16.5167, 0.9941, -4.6581



Tritanopia

16.4477, 8.4241, 3.0460

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989

Protanomaly

16.0870, 5.8990, -10.1399

Deuteranomaly

16.1267, 5.4555, -5.6842

Tritanomaly

16.3728, 10.4734, 0.1460

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

16.4806, 3.9047, -1.4642

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 32, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 32, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 32, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 32, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 32, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 32, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 32, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 32, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 32, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 32, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.3464, 13.8132, -5.6989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 32, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 32,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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