

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.4898, -12.1136,
7.8903)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.4898, -12.1136,
7.8903) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.5926,
-12.1865, 7.9661)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0B3612
RGB	11, 54, 18
RGB Percent	4%, 21%, 7%
CMY	0.9569, 0.7882, 0.9294
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.67, 0.79
HSL	130°, 66%, 13%
HSV	130°, 80%, 21%
XYZ	1.5664, 2.7531, 1.0211
YIQ	37.0390, -14.0720, -20.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

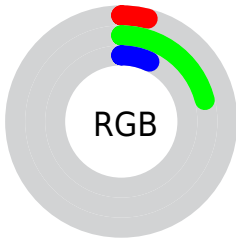
Format	Color
R_{YB}	11, 48, 54
Decimal	734738
CIE Lab	19.03, -23.74, 18.21
CIE LCh	19, 29.922, 142.501
Yxy	2.7533, 0.2933, 0.5155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278924818 (0xFF0B3612)
YUV	37.0390, -9.3862, -22.8362
Hunter-Lab	16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661

Details

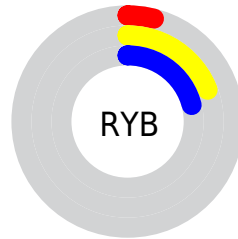
The HunterLab color **16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **11.0856, 15.2866, -7.2855**, and the grayscale version is **13.6466, -0.7282, 0.7414**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.5652, -16.6497, 11.7371**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4465, -12.8802, 8.4769**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.7694, -11.3604, 7.3563**.

Distribution



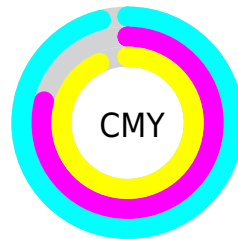
- Red (4%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.5926, -12.1865,
7.9661

■ 16.5926, -12.1865,
7.9661

■ 111.8975,
-29.9755, 22.8990

■ 10.0215, -10.9407,
7.0151

■ 32.6724, -16.7785,
11.7437

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.9717, -18.8455,
13.4615

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0166, -20.8209,
15.1130

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.7554, -22.7297,
16.7184

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.1457, -24.5888,
18.2913

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.1522, -26.4106,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

19.8413

■ 98.7449, -28.2039,
21.3754

■ 16.5926, -12.1865,
7.9661

■ 16.5926, -12.1865,
7.9661

■ 16.4465, -12.8802,
8.4769

■ 16.7694, -11.3604,
7.3563

■ 16.3075, -13.5335,
8.8764

■ 16.9885, -10.3542,
6.6590

■ 16.3024, -13.5575,
8.8900

■ 17.2514, -9.1716,
5.8794

■ 17.5588, -7.8196,
5.0239

■ 17.9105, -6.3086,
4.1003

■ 18.3062, -4.6510,
3.1166

■ 18.7449, -2.8606,
2.0813

■ 19.2255, -0.9521,
1.0029

■ 19.7466, 1.0601,
-0.1109

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.5929, -6.8181, 10.3256



16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661



16.5929, -14.4335, 2.8497

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.5929, -12.1867, 7.9662



16.5929, -3.0146, -23.9066



16.5929, 17.5812, 5.9142

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661



11.0856, 15.2866, -7.2855

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5929, 19.1823, -1.3120



16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661



16.5929, 6.0173, -21.5673

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.5929, -12.1867, 7.9662



16.5929, -9.8954, -17.3446



16.5929, 14.5900, -12.0065



16.5929, 10.5813, 9.3500

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661



16.5929, -14.2692, -2.9260



16.5929, 14.5900, -12.0065



16.5929, 18.8201, 3.9932

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.5929, -12.1867, 7.9662



23.7593, -7.3643, 4.8344



18.1111, -6.2912, 10.0133



12.3857, -3.9550, 2.5897



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.5929, -12.1867, 7.9662



21.4656, -17.6581, 11.7689



16.8989, -10.3211, 3.5129



10.5638, -1.4787, 1.0960



27.6659, -23.2805, 15.6759



71.3760, -60.5769, 41.5544

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0856, 15.2866, -7.2855



13.2120, 23.9085, -10.7750



10.4808, 12.7930, 1.1368



10.1748, 0.4025, 0.0227



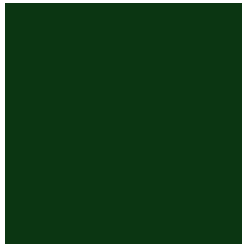
16.7296, 31.8405, -13.9223



43.0703, 81.7550, -34.1507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

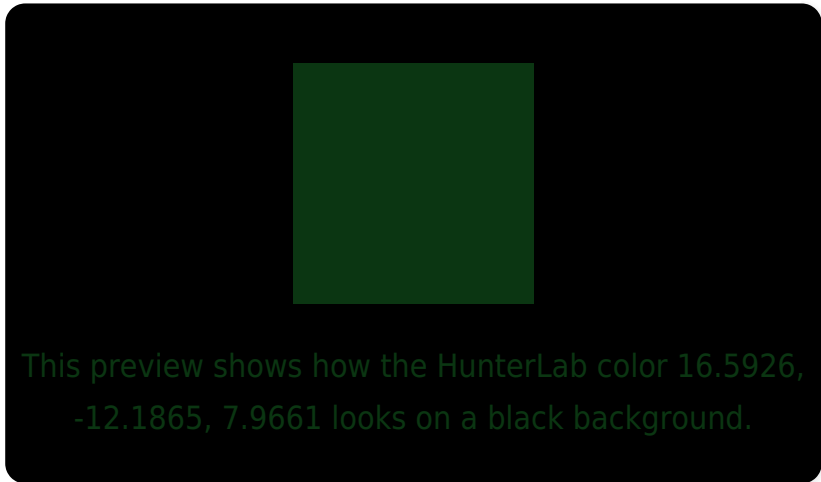
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

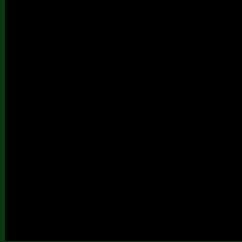
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.5926,

-12.1865, 7.9661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661

Protanopia

16.7347, -2.3400, 8.5341

Deuteranopia

16.5983, 0.8596, 7.7086



Tritanopia

16.5868, -5.2775, -2.7915

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661

Protanomaly

16.4772, -7.1177, 8.1204

Deuteranomaly

16.2352, -5.3486, 7.4935

Tritanomaly

16.3501, -8.1940, 1.9881

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

14.3818, -5.5939, 3.7004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(11, 54, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(11, 54, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(11, 54, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(11, 54, 18) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(11, 54, 18) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(11, 54, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(11, 54, 18)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(11, 54, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 54, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(11, 54, 18)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.5926, -12.1865, 7.9661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(11, 54, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(11, 54,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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