

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.5600, 8.3394,
-1.9970)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.5600, 8.3394, -1.9970)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.5607, 8.4562,
-2.1422)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	402636
RGB	64, 38, 54
RGB Percent	25%, 15%, 21%
CMY	0.7490, 0.8510, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.16, 0.75
HSL	323°, 25%, 20%
HSV	323°, 41%, 25%
XYZ	3.4733, 2.7426, 3.8363
YIQ	47.5980, 10.3600, 10.4880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

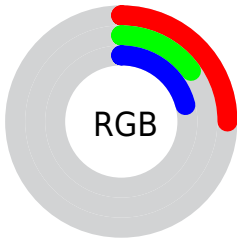
Format	Color
R_{YB}	64, 38, 54
Decimal	4204086
CIE Lab	18.98, 15.14, -5.25
CIE LCh	19, 16.023, 340.865
Yxy	2.7427, 0.3455, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282394166 (0xFF402636)
YUV	47.5980, 3.1562, 14.3846
Hunter-Lab	16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422

Details

The HunterLab color **16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **20.7180, -8.9761, 4.6062**, and the grayscale version is **17.0463, -0.9095, 0.9262**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.5128, 9.6667, -2.2484**, and **4.2326, 7.7145, -0.8770** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.3150, 10.8418, -2.7405**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9207, 6.0433, -1.4267**.

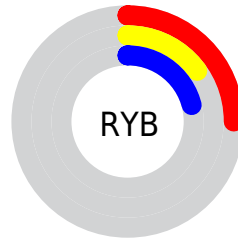
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (15%)

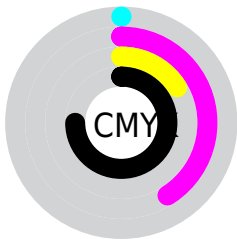
Blue (21%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (21%)

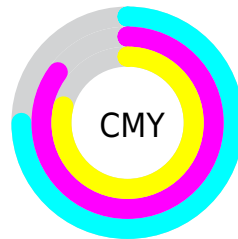


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.5607, 8.4562,
-2.1422

■ 16.5607, 8.4562,
-2.1422

■ 111.8373, 10.4751,
0.6786

■ 9.9946, 7.6697,
-2.1158

■ 32.6324, 9.5579,
-1.9229

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.9283, 9.9284,
-1.7056

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 51.9700, 10.2025,
-1.4286

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.7057, 10.3926,
-1.0979

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.0932, 10.5082,
-0.7183

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.0970, 10.5566,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.2937

98.6871, 10.5440,
0.1728

16.5607, 8.4562,
-2.1422

16.5607, 8.4562,
-2.1422

15.3150, 10.8418,
-2.7405

17.9207, 6.0433,
-1.4267

14.1997, 13.1433,
-3.1883

19.3788, 3.6410,
-0.6228

13.2333, 15.2745,
-3.4458

20.9222, 1.2687,
0.2485

12.4330, 17.1249,
-3.4746

22.5400, -1.0643,
1.1714

11.7697, 18.7126,
-3.3094

24.2231, -3.3555,
2.1343

■ 11.1312, 20.4014,
-3.1860

■ 25.9640, -5.6060,
3.1290

■ 27.7565, -7.8189,
4.1492

■ 29.5952, -9.9980,
5.1905

■ 31.4759, -12.1477,
6.2496

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.5611, 5.3927, -6.9235



16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422



16.5611, 8.8618, 2.4285

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.5611, 8.4556, -2.1418



16.5611, -2.5393, 7.2760



16.5611, -7.1286, -5.6985

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422



20.7180, -8.9761, 4.6062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.5611, -8.7950, -0.7864



16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422



16.5611, -6.3469, 6.1373

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.5611, 8.4556, -2.1418



16.5611, 2.1550, 7.1000



16.5611, -8.5256, 3.4583



16.5611, -3.7195, -9.3377

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422



16.5611, 7.5266, 4.7040



16.5611, -8.5256, 3.4583



16.5611, -7.8931, -4.0925

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.5611, 8.4556, -2.1418



27.1650, 2.2669, 0.1014



15.4406, 5.7645, -9.0102



14.2200, 1.2480, 0.0314



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.5611, 8.4556, -2.1418



20.0857, 14.4632, -3.6506



16.2379, 6.8531, 2.4541



11.6174, 0.4296, 0.2375



16.9063, 30.8590, -3.8543



42.1293, 76.5091, -6.5859

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5611, 8.4556, -2.1418



20.0857, 14.4632, -3.6506



21.0131, -7.2604, 0.3772



11.6174, 0.4296, 0.2375



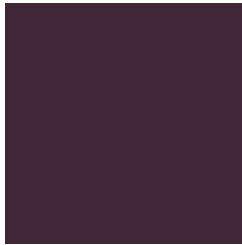
16.9063, 30.8590, -3.8543



42.1293, 76.5091, -6.5859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

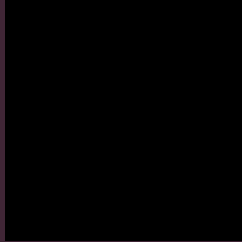
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422.

-2.1422.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422

Protanopia

16.6834, 0.3627, -4.4181

Deuteranopia

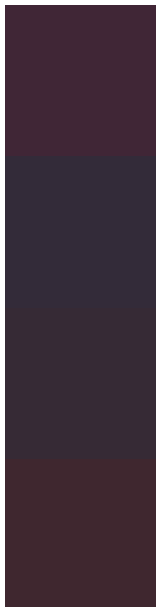
16.6198, 0.9868, -1.7573



Tritanopia

16.5794, 5.9201, 2.1466

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422

Protanomaly

16.5135, 3.1794, -3.6668

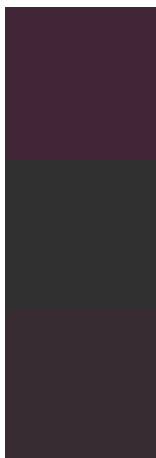
Deuteranomaly

16.4233, 3.7773, -1.9734

Tritanomaly

16.4713, 6.8129, 0.5883

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

16.7807, 2.5212, -0.2776

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 38, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(64, 38, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 38, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 38, 54) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 38, 54) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 38, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 38, 54)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 38, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 38, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 38, 54)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.5607, 8.4562, -2.1422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 38, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 38,  
54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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