

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.7137, -6.8055,
2.5756)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.7137, -6.8055, 2.5756)
contains.

HunterLab(16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(16.7002, -6.8782,
2.7223)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D3329
RGB	29, 51, 41
RGB Percent	11%, 20%, 16%
CMY	0.8863, 0.8000, 0.8392
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.20, 0.80
HSL	153°, 28%, 16%
HSV	153°, 43%, 20%
XYZ	2.0908, 2.7890, 2.5260
YIQ	43.2820, -9.9020, -7.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

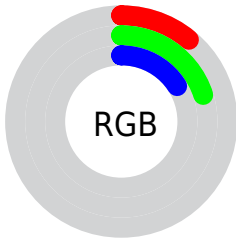
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 43, 51
Decimal	1913641
CIE Lab	19.18, -11.53, 3.61
CIE LCh	19, 12.086, 162.614
Yxy	2.7891, 0.2823, 0.3766
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280103721 (0xFF1D3329)
YUV	43.2820, -1.1250, -12.5253
Hunter-Lab	16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223

Details

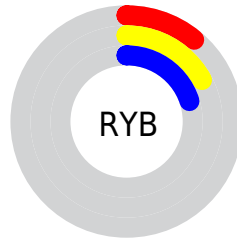
The HunterLab color **16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **13.1495, 6.4578, -0.4394**, and the grayscale version is **15.6412, -0.8346, 0.8498**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9592, -9.6328, 4.3031**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4472, -7.9541, 3.1752**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16.9892, -5.6832, 2.2856**.

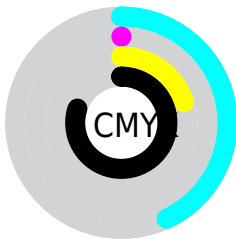
Distribution



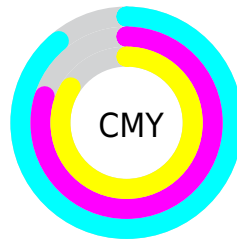
- Red (11%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7002, -6.8782,
2.7223

■ 16.7002, -6.8782,
2.7223

■ 112.1006,
-17.9254, 9.6743

■ 10.1125, -5.6193,
2.0723

■ 32.8072, -9.4637,
4.1073

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.1183, -10.6943,
4.8307

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.1740, -11.9064,
5.5776

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9229, -13.1092,
6.3487

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.3228, -14.3088,
7.1441

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.3384, -15.5095,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.9638

■ 98.9397, -16.7143,
8.8073

■ 16.7002, -6.8782,
2.7223

■ 16.7002, -6.8782,
2.7223

■ 16.4472, -7.9541,
3.1752

■ 16.9892, -5.6832,
2.2856

■ 16.2290, -8.9045,
3.6397

■ 17.3131, -4.3760,
1.8677

■ 16.0453, -9.7259,
4.1118

■ 17.6719, -2.9653,
1.4718

■ 15.8936, -10.4221,
4.5856

■ 18.0649, -1.4607,
1.1000

■ 15.7515, -11.0817,
5.0361

■ 18.4913, 0.1281,
0.7539

■ 15.6548, -11.5319,
5.3268

■ 18.9500, 1.7915,
0.4348

■ 19.4399, 3.5202,
0.1431

■ 19.9599, 5.3051,
-0.1209

■ 20.5085, 7.1383,
-0.3574

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7005, -5.2362, 4.9907



16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223



16.7005, -7.0028, -0.5606

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7005, -6.8784, 2.7225



16.7005, 0.6136, -6.6829



16.7005, 4.3924, 4.7106

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223



13.1495, 6.4578, -0.4394

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7005, 6.2474, 2.2562



16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223



16.7005, 3.9473, -4.5637

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7005, -6.8784, 2.7225



16.7005, -2.8686, -6.4855



16.7005, 6.0781, -1.1337



16.7005, 1.1811, 5.9643

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223



16.7005, -6.2244, -2.9512



16.7005, 6.0781, -1.1337



16.7005, 5.2067, 4.0232

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7005, -6.8784, 2.7225



22.7455, -3.9231, 1.9235



17.0090, -6.1266, 6.3216



11.9930, -2.1360, 1.0328



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7005, -6.8784, 2.7225



21.1462, -10.4548, 4.1855



16.7464, -5.2556, -0.8620



9.8274, -1.2311, 0.7076



27.2131, -20.4613, 10.1562



71.2813, -54.5460, 28.6537

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.1495, 6.4578, -0.4394



15.4969, 10.9140, -0.7506



13.0679, 5.0601, 2.8669



9.4356, 0.2254, 0.3506



15.1438, 26.9716, 1.7439



39.5035, 69.9083, 8.0268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

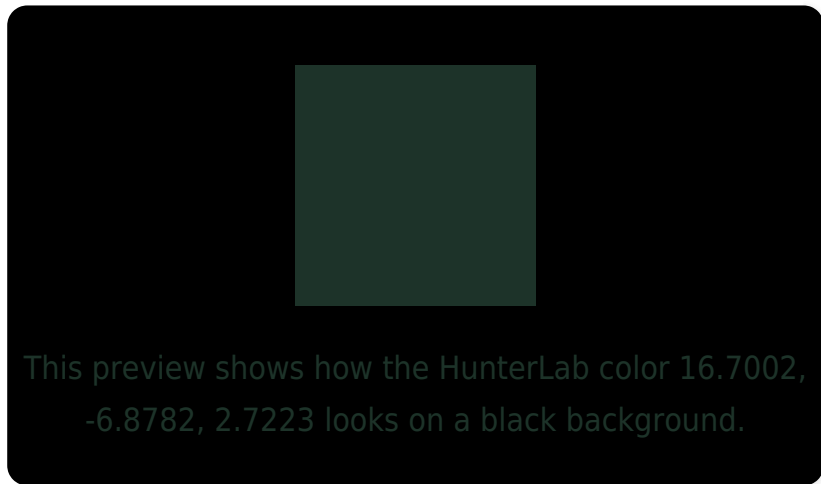
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

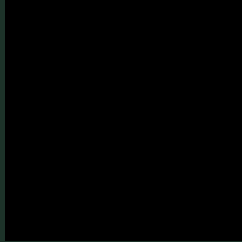
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223

Protanopia

16.5935, -0.9641, 3.3496

Deuteranopia

16.6553, 0.5666, 2.4751



Tritanopia

16.6155, -3.9752, -1.8500

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223

Protanomaly

16.6113, -3.3359, 3.0122

Deuteranomaly

16.5399, -2.2544, 2.3001

Tritanomaly

16.7160, -5.1194, -0.0956

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.9161, -3.2447, 1.5907

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 51, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 51, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 51, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 51, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 51, 41) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 51, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 51, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 51, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 51, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 51, 41)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.7002, -6.8782, 2.7223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 51, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 51,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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