

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.7229, -5.8107,
-4.9569)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.7229, -5.8107,
-4.9569) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.7196, -5.8100,
-4.9588)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F333C
RGB	15, 51, 60
RGB Percent	6%, 20%, 24%
CMY	0.9412, 0.8000, 0.7647
CMYK	0.75, 0.15, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	192°, 60%, 15%
HSV	192°, 75%, 24%
XYZ	2.1964, 2.7955, 4.6988
YIQ	41.2620, -24.3450, -4.8330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

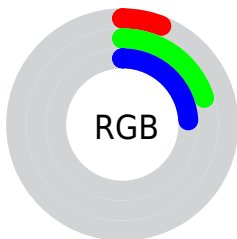
Format	Color
RYB	15, 35, 60
Decimal	996156
CIELab	19.21, -9.33, -9.45
CIElCh	19, 13.281, 225.375
Yxy	2.7956, 0.2267, 0.2885
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279186236 (0xFF0F333C)
YUV	41.2620, 9.2378, -23.0318
Hunter-Lab	16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588

Details

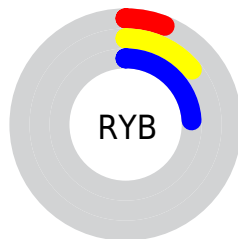
The HunterLab color **16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **12.8394, 9.1789, 5.9849**, and the grayscale version is **14.9530, -0.7979, 0.8124**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.7123, -7.9024, -5.1925**, and **2.5570, 3.9049, -11.6255** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2744, -5.8812, -5.6493**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2036, -5.6000, -4.2305**.

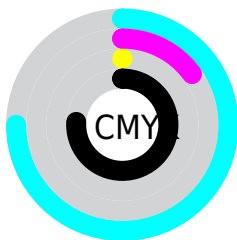
Distribution



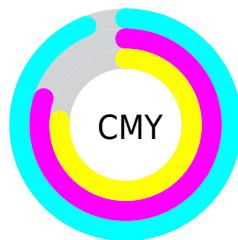
- Red (6%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7196, -5.8100,
-4.9588

■ 16.7196, -5.8100,
-4.9588

■ 112.1372,
-15.6866, -3.8281

■ 10.1289, -4.6688,
-4.7107

■ 32.8314, -8.0518,
-5.1753

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.1446, -9.1377,
-5.1618

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2023, -10.2172,
-5.0789

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9530, -11.2969,
-4.9337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.3546, -12.3812,
-4.7318

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.3719, -13.4729,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.4777

■ 98.9747, -14.5742,
-4.1754

■ 16.7196, -5.8100,
-4.9588

■ 16.7196, -5.8100,
-4.9588

■ 16.2744, -5.8812,
-5.6493

■ 17.2036, -5.6000,
-4.2305

■ 15.8399, -5.9153,
-6.3449

■ 17.7262, -5.2510,
-3.4680

■ 15.6211, -5.9391,
-6.7042

■ 18.2872, -4.7678,
-2.6752

■ 18.8857, -4.1570,
-1.8565

■ 19.5206, -3.4266,
-1.0161

■ 20.1904, -2.5851,
-0.1578

■ 20.8937, -1.6414,
0.7146

■ 21.6289, -0.6041,
1.5982

■ 22.3946, 0.5182,
2.4903

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7199, -7.4856, -1.0794



16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588



16.7199, -2.7324, -7.4993

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7199, -5.8100, -4.9585



16.7199, 6.9413, -0.9795



16.7199, -2.8223, 6.4018

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588



12.8394, 9.1789, 5.9849

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7199, 1.0295, 6.4167



16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588



16.7199, 6.9116, 2.6817

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7199, -5.8100, -4.9585



16.7199, 4.7449, -4.8712



16.7199, 4.6673, 5.2082



16.7199, -5.8706, 5.1614

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588



16.7199, -0.1897, -7.7921



16.7199, 4.6673, 5.2082



16.7199, -1.5850, 6.5391

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7199, -5.8100, -4.9585



25.8621, -4.3061, -1.1195



18.4288, -13.1681, 8.4745



13.6661, -2.3276, -0.6419



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7199, -5.8100, -4.9585



20.9197, -7.6660, -8.2353



11.4845, 2.5667, -14.9487



11.2482, -1.0783, 0.2240



24.3146, -8.8916, -11.1968



60.7457, -21.1420, -30.2872

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4153, 16.1133, -7.0250



14.8849, 25.0780, -10.2012



17.1165, 0.4664, 8.9896



10.8980, 0.4478, 0.0450



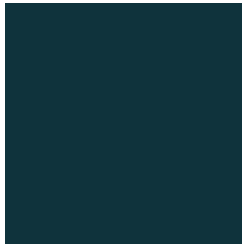
17.0670, 32.2429, -12.3442



43.2429, 81.4396, -29.3038

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

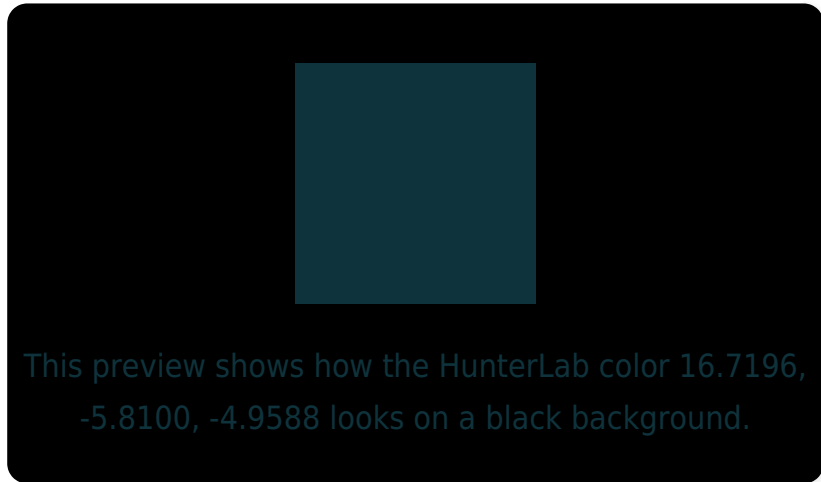
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

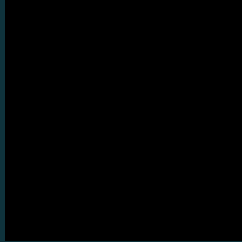
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

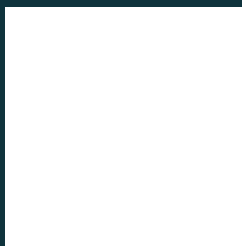
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588.

-4.9588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588

Protanopia

16.6879, 0.2562, -3.4653

Deuteranopia

16.7467, 0.7040, -5.2989



Tritanopia

16.7710, -7.2129, -3.0189

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588

Protanomaly

16.5612, -2.5984, -4.1715

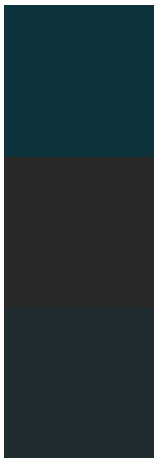
Deuteranomaly

16.6558, -2.0717, -5.4888

Tritanomaly

16.8213, -6.9606, -3.4004

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.4831, -3.2591, -1.2245

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(15, 51, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(15, 51, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(15, 51, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(15, 51, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(15, 51, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(15, 51, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(15, 51, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(15, 51, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 51, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(15, 51, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.7196, -5.8100, -4.9588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(15, 51, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(15, 51,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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