

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.7816, -5.3847,
3.8831)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.7816, -5.3847, 3.8831)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.7764, -5.3825,
3.7626)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 253226 |
| RGB | 37, 50, 38 |
| RGB Percent | 15%, 20%, 15% |
| CMY | 0.8549, 0.8039, 0.8510 |
| CMYK | 0.26, 0.00, 0.24, 0.80 |
| HSL | 125°, 15%, 17% |
| HSV | 125°, 26%, 20% |
| XYZ | 2.2534, 2.8145, 2.2582 |
| YIQ | 44.7450, -3.8960, -6.4880 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

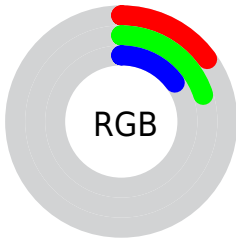
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 37, 49, 50 |
| Decimal | 2437670 |
| CIE Lab | 19.29, -8.45, 5.89 |
| CIE LCh | 19, 10.301, 145.145 |
| Yxy | 2.8146, 0.3076, 0.3842 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4280627750 (0xFF253226) |
| YUV | 44.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924 |
| Hunter-Lab | 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 |

Details

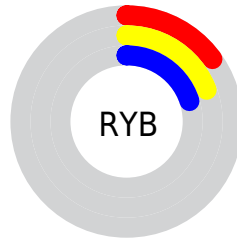
The HunterLab color **16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **14.9099, 4.2137, -2.2940**, and the grayscale version is **16.1271, -0.8605, 0.8762**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.8392, -7.3314, 5.3318**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4329, -6.8559, 4.7117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1616, -3.7744, 2.7398**.

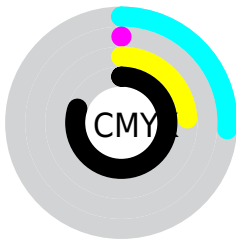
Distribution



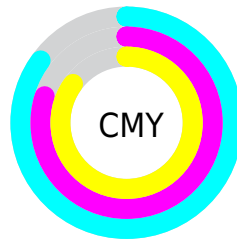
- Red (15%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7764, -5.3825,
3.7626

■ 16.7764, -5.3825,
3.7626

112.2443,
-14.7981, 11.8741

■ 10.1770, -4.2920,
3.0009

■ 32.9026, -7.4893,
5.4884

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.2220, -8.5183,
6.3550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2854, -9.5455,
7.2333

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.0414, -10.5767,
8.1263

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.4481, -11.6154,
9.0360


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 86.4701, -12.6642,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


9.9635


 99.0775, -13.7247,
10.9093


 16.7764, -5.3825,
3.7626


 16.7764, -5.3825,
3.7626


 16.4329, -6.8559,
4.7117


 17.1616, -3.7744,
2.7398

 16.1305, -8.1811,
5.5783


 17.5863, -2.0441,
1.6514

 15.8698, -9.3479,
6.3551

 18.0498, -0.2059,
0.5063

 15.6505, -10.3484,
7.0360

 18.5507, 1.7265,
-0.6871

 15.4718, -11.1779,
7.6169

 19.0873, 3.7399,
-1.9208

■ 15.3267, -11.8591,
8.0915

■ 19.6581, 5.8222,
-3.1876

■ 15.1878, -12.5120,
8.5014

■ 20.2613, 7.9623,
-4.4812

■ 15.1320, -12.7767,
8.6676

■ 20.8953, 10.1505,
-5.7959

■ 21.5584, 12.3780,
-7.1268

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7768, -3.2833, 5.1689



16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626



16.7768, -6.2783, 1.3722

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7768, -5.3828, 3.7628



16.7768, -1.3827, -5.5452



16.7768, 4.6665, 3.0866

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626



14.9099, 4.2137, -2.2940

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7768, 5.2639, 0.4409



16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626



16.7768, 1.6326, -4.8691

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7768, -5.3828, 3.7628



16.7768, -4.0748, -4.2575



16.7768, 4.1182, -2.5448



16.7768, 2.5386, 4.8294

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626



16.7768, -6.1213, -0.5886



16.7768, 4.1182, -2.5448



16.7768, 5.0591, 2.2878

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7768, -5.3828, 3.7628



22.0772, -3.1180, 2.4217



17.5249, -2.6816, 4.8303



12.0988, -1.7845, 1.3751



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7768, -5.3828, 3.7628



20.8980, -8.0343, 5.5466



16.9094, -4.6239, 1.8558



9.8023, -1.3706, 1.0665



26.8356, -22.8113, 15.7008



70.3821, -60.1524, 41.8803

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9099, 4.2137, -2.2940



17.9788, 7.0010, -3.9372



14.7412, 3.3416, 0.0905



9.4626, 0.3710, -0.0336



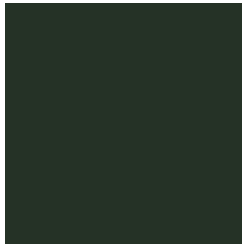
16.5869, 32.1133, -18.0238



43.4589, 84.0275, -46.3565

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

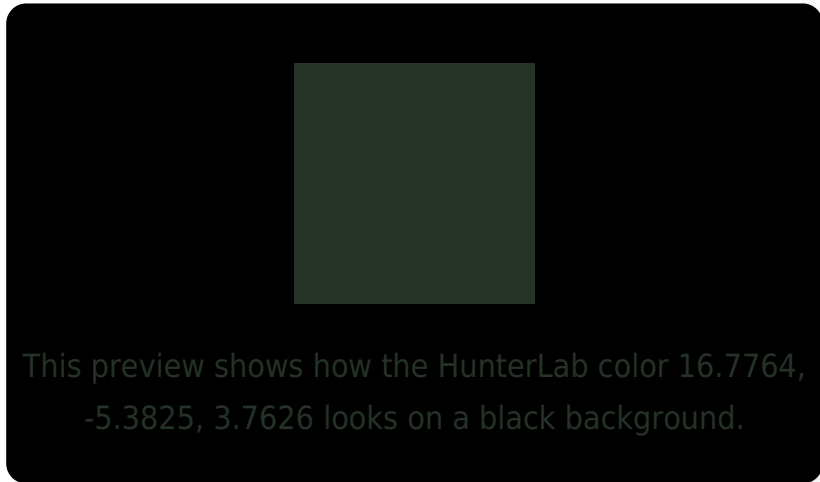
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626.



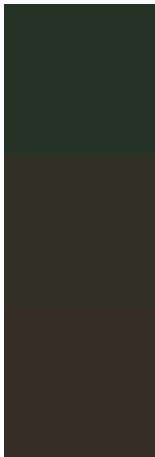
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7764, -5.3825,

3.7626.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626

Protanopia

16.8479, -1.4039, 4.4833

Deuteranopia

16.7557, 0.7824, 3.5465



Tritanopia

16.7719, -2.1918, -1.1885

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626

Protanomaly

16.7492, -2.9551, 4.0734

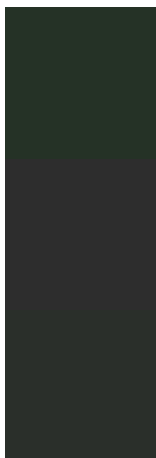
Deuteranomaly

16.7568, -1.6105, 3.5057

Tritanomaly

16.8321, -3.4947, 0.8377

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

16.4087, -2.7236, 2.1483

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 50, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 50, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 50, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 50, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 50, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 50, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 50, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 50, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 50, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 50, 38)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.7764, -5.3825, 3.7626 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 50, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 50,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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