

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.8060, 0.6153,
2.5049)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.8060, 0.6153, 2.5049)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.7357, 0.8383,
2.5668)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	352D2A
RGB	53, 45, 42
RGB Percent	21%, 18%, 16%
CMY	0.7922, 0.8235, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.21, 0.79
HSL	16°, 12%, 19%
HSV	16°, 21%, 21%
XYZ	2.8245, 2.8008, 2.5822
YIQ	47.0500, 5.7310, 0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

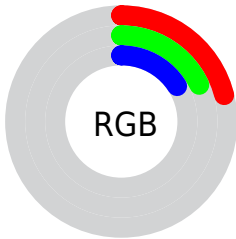
Format	Color
R_{YB}	53, 46, 42
Decimal	3484970
CIE Lab	19.23, 3.03, 3.28
CIE LCh	19, 4.461, 47.278
Yxy	2.8010, 0.3441, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281675050 (0xFF352D2A)
YUV	47.0500, -2.4896, 5.2182
Hunter-Lab	16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668

Details

The HunterLab color **16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.4081, -2.3888, -0.7867**, and the grayscale version is **16.8836, -0.9009, 0.9173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9843, 0.2740, 4.1216**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7629, 1.8066, 3.2537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.7458, -0.0776, 1.8417**.

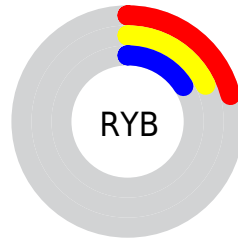
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (18%)

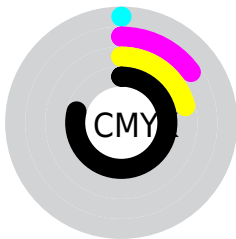
Blue (16%)



Red (21%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (16%)

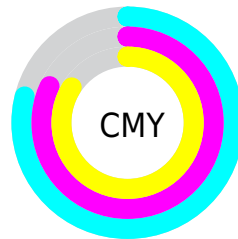


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (79%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.7357, 0.8383,
2.5668

■ 16.7357, 0.8383,
2.5668

■ 112.1676, -2.7723,
9.3528

■ 10.1426, 0.9352,
1.9364

■ 32.8517, 0.3981,
3.9033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.1666, 0.0828,
4.6061

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2259, -0.2855,
5.3342

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.9782, -0.7014,
6.0878

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.3812, -1.1611,
6.8669

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.3998, -1.6611,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.6710

99.0040, -2.1989,
8.4998

16.7357, 0.8383,
2.5668

16.7357, 0.8383,
2.5668

15.7629, 1.8066,
3.2537

17.7458, -0.0776,
1.8417

14.8305, 2.8319,
3.8942

18.7885, -0.9434,
1.0835

13.9435, 3.9154,
4.4798

19.8612, -1.7639,
0.2972

13.1073, 5.0560,
4.9997

20.9611, -2.5433,
-0.5135

12.3280, 6.2484,
5.4413

22.0859, -3.2857,
-1.3454

■ 11.6121, 7.4817,
5.7907

■ 23.2338, -3.9948,
-2.1963

■ 10.9591, 8.7024,
6.1440

■ 24.4028, -4.6740,
-3.0641

■ 10.4091, 9.7620,
6.5849

■ 25.5915, -5.3265,
-3.9471

■ 26.7986, -5.9551,
-4.8441

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7361, 1.5631, 1.6027



16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668



16.7361, -0.3393, 3.0705

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.7361, 0.8378, 2.5671



16.7361, -3.2654, 1.4267



16.7361, -0.1442, -1.5250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668



17.4081, -2.3888, -0.7867

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7361, -1.4414, -1.5812



16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668



16.7361, -3.2168, 0.1885

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.7361, 0.8378, 2.5671



16.7361, -2.6928, 2.4468



16.7361, -2.5579, -0.9338



16.7361, 0.9844, -0.7857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668



16.7361, -1.2097, 3.1043



16.7361, -2.5579, -0.9338



16.7361, -0.5757, -1.6263

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.7361, 0.8378, 2.5671



23.4874, -0.6047, 1.9455



16.2595, 3.0901, -0.9582



12.7200, -0.3245, 1.0567



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.7361, 0.8378, 2.5671



20.8931, 1.7608, 3.8066



18.0070, -1.3241, 3.8601



9.5577, -0.1628, 0.8744



16.7453, 18.4273, 10.6410



42.2558, 53.2540, 26.9701

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4081, -2.3888, -0.7867



21.9828, -3.4795, -1.6347



16.1034, -0.2541, -2.4827



9.6998, -0.8434, 0.1661



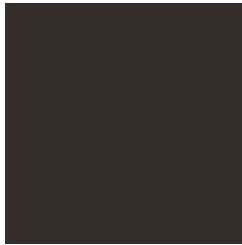
21.2003, -5.9627, -13.6268



54.1466, -13.4861, -38.5660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

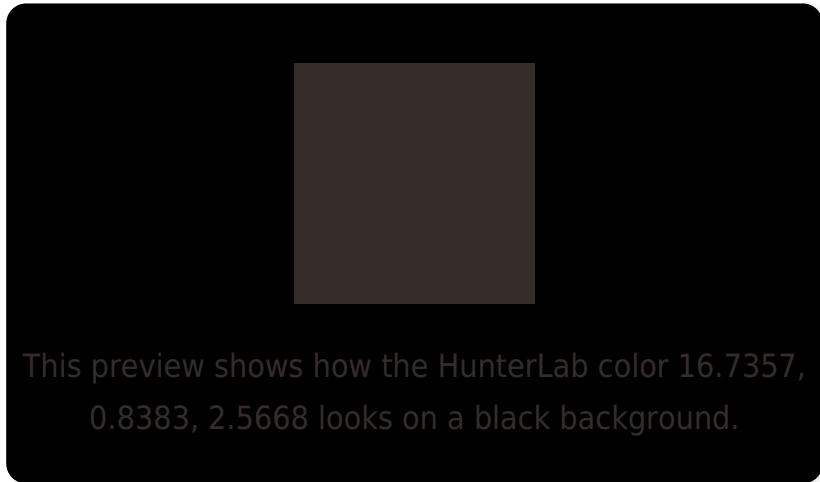
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

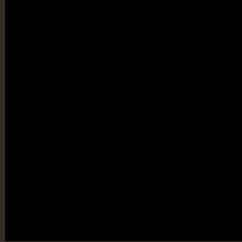
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.7357, 0.8383,

2.5668.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668

Protanopia

16.8399, -1.1526, 2.3097

Deuteranopia

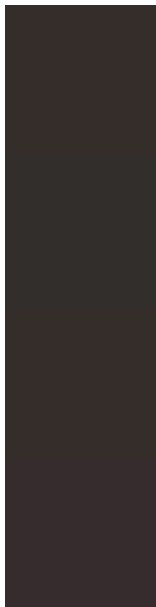
16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668



Tritanopia

16.7303, 2.2550, 0.4389

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668

Protanomaly

16.7527, -0.2457, 2.2299

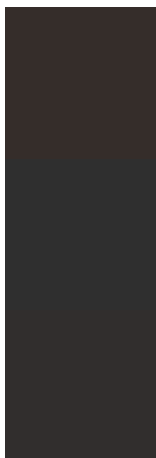
Deuteranomaly

16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668

Tritanomaly

16.6820, 1.9990, 1.1278

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

16.7225, -0.2596, 1.4976

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 45, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 45, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 45, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 45, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 45, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 45, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 45, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 45, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 45, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 45, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.7357, 0.8383, 2.5668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 45, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 45,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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