

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.8986, 18.0454,
7.2683)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.8986, 18.0454,
7.2683) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(16.8511, 18.0331,
7.2608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	571A1A
RGB	87, 26, 26
RGB Percent	34%, 10%, 10%
CMY	0.6588, 0.8980, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.70, 0.66
HSL	0°, 54%, 22%
HSV	0°, 70%, 34%
XYZ	4.4863, 2.8396, 1.2889
YIQ	44.2390, 36.3560, 12.9320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

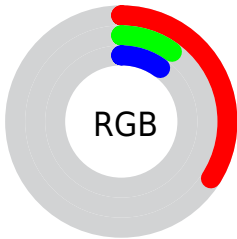
Format	Color
RYB	87, 26, 26
Decimal	5708314
CIELab	19.39, 28.15, 15.44
CIELCh	19, 32.108, 28.735
Yxy	2.8398, 0.5208, 0.3296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283898394 (0xFF571A1A)
YUV	44.2390, -8.9918, 37.5014
Hunter-Lab	16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608

Details

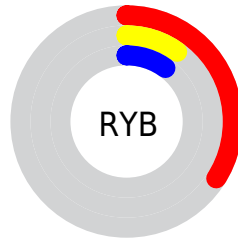
The HunterLab color **16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **27.7911, -12.9606, -2.3386**, and the grayscale version is **15.9696, -0.8521, 0.8677**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **32.9507, 20.5671, 10.5333**, and **6.5843, 11.3090, 3.9966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7418, 20.5211, 8.0152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.2496, 15.2248, 6.4214**.

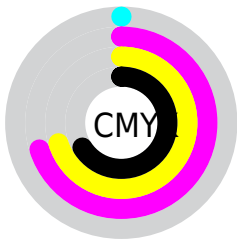
Distribution



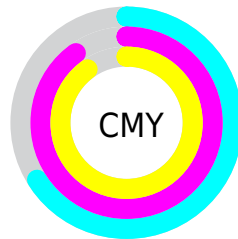
- Red (34%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 16.8511, 18.0331,
7.2608

■ 16.8511, 18.0331,
7.2608

■ 112.3852, 25.3738,
20.5752

■ 10.2404, 16.6067,
6.8631

■ 32.9962, 20.4692,
10.5456

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.3237, 21.4784,
12.0602

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.3946, 22.3660,
13.5281

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1577, 23.1450,
14.9650

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.5710, 23.8268,
16.3817

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.5993, 24.4205,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.7856

■ 99.2127, 24.9340,
19.1821

■ 16.8511, 18.0331,
7.2608

■ 16.8511, 18.0331,
7.2608

■ 15.7418, 20.5211,
8.0152

■ 18.2496, 15.2248,
6.4214

■ 14.9394, 22.4969,
8.6193

■ 19.9017, 12.2819,
5.5543

■ 14.2349, 24.3757,
9.1982

■ 21.7719, 9.3290,
4.6996

■ 23.8271, 6.4392,
3.8794

■ 26.0389, 3.6467,
3.1030

■ 28.3839, 0.9618,
2.3723

■ 30.8430, -1.6182,
1.6850

■ 33.4009, -4.1025,
1.0368

■ 36.0453, -6.5025,
0.4232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.8516, 21.2135, 0.5337



16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608



16.8516, 9.5305, 10.3236

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.8516, 18.0316, 7.2611



16.8516, -13.7218, 7.6178



16.8516, -1.2968, -26.8689

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608



27.7911, -12.9606, -2.3386

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.8516, -9.2835, -21.3552



16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608



16.8516, -15.4174, 1.2921

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.8516, 18.0316, 7.2611



16.8516, -8.7307, 10.4980



16.8516, -13.9883, -9.6040



16.8516, 8.6872, -22.1586

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608



16.8516, 2.7737, 11.3184



16.8516, -13.9883, -9.6040



16.8516, -4.2838, -26.1130

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.8516, 18.0316, 7.2611



33.5529, 5.3242, 4.2080



18.5826, 25.3084, -16.8755



16.3483, 2.9060, 2.1548



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.8516, 18.0316, 7.2611



19.8309, 28.5916, 11.0154



22.3111, 5.4018, 11.2455



14.5596, 0.3093, 1.1552



17.6979, 30.3061, 11.4359



41.9458, 71.8315, 27.1043

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.7911, -12.9606, -2.3386



35.9635, -18.2659, -3.5277



19.4545, -1.1538, -15.5121



15.3685, -1.8490, 0.4900



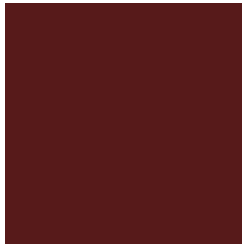
34.0566, -18.0539, -3.5947



80.7185, -42.7897, -8.5204

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

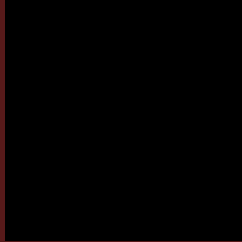
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608.

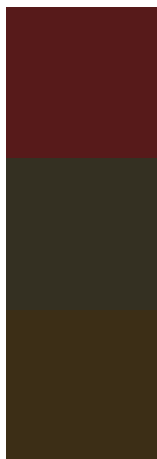


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.8511, 18.0331,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608

Protanopia

17.2031, -1.4482, 5.3593

Deuteranopia

17.2412, 0.7351, 8.0265



Tritanopia

16.8646, 18.0919, 7.0632

Trichromacy



Original Color

16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608

Protanomaly

16.5539, 5.3860, 5.6518

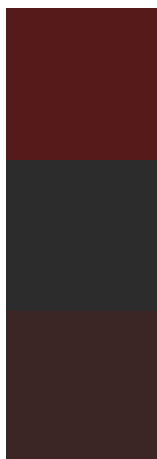
Deuteranomaly

16.7779, 6.8745, 7.5943

Tritanomaly

16.8646, 18.0919, 7.0632

Monochromacy



Original Color

16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

15.5479, 5.6142, 3.0044

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 26, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 26, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 26, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 26, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 26, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 26, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 26, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 26, 26); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 26, 26);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 26, 26)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.8511, 18.0331, 7.2608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 26, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 26,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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