

Converting Colors

HunterLab(16.9100, -4.7841,
-4.1009)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(16.9100, -4.7841,
-4.1009) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.0003, -4.8223,
-4.0394)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19333B
RGB	25, 51, 59
RGB Percent	10%, 20%, 23%
CMY	0.9020, 0.8000, 0.7686
CMYK	0.58, 0.14, 0.00, 0.77
HSL	194°, 40%, 16%
HSV	194°, 58%, 23%
XYZ	2.3742, 2.8901, 4.5704
YIQ	44.1380, -18.0640, -3.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

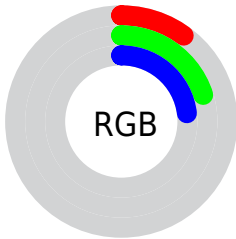
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 40, 59
Decimal	1651515
CIE _{Lab}	19.60, -7.28, -8.13
CIE _{LCh}	20, 10.914, 228.152
Yxy	2.8902, 0.2414, 0.2939
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279841595 (0xFF19333B)
YUV	44.1380, 7.3270, -16.7840
Hunter-Lab	17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394




Details

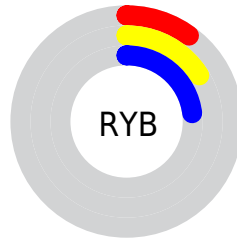
The HunterLab color **17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **14.4492, 5.8825, 5.2322**, and the grayscale version is **15.8970, -0.8482, 0.8637**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.0599, -6.6980, -4.2002**, and **2.4936, 3.6559, -11.0088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4423, -5.0630, -4.8774**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5967, -4.4504, -3.1765**.

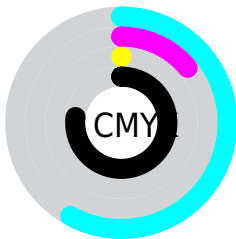
Distribution







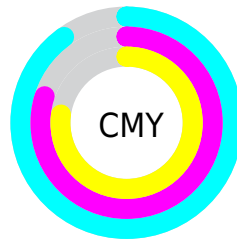
-  Red (10%)
-  Green (20%)
-  Blue (23%)






-  Red (10%)
-  Yellow (16%)
-  Blue (23%)



-  Cyan (58%)
-  Magenta (14%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (77%)



-  Cyan (90%)
-  Magenta (80%)
-  Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0003, -4.8223,
-4.0394

■ 17.0003, -4.8223,
-4.0394

112.6655,
-13.6270, -2.3707

■ 10.3667, -3.8115,
-3.8571

■ 33.1826, -6.7495,
-4.1195

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.5262, -7.7030,
-4.0413

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.6120, -8.6611,
-3.8964

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.3890, -9.6280,
-3.6918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.8154, -10.6066,
-3.4329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.8562, -11.5986,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.1241

■ 99.4816, -12.6051,
-2.7690

■ 17.0003, -4.8223,
-4.0394

■ 17.0003, -4.8223,
-4.0394

■ 16.4423, -5.0630,
-4.8774

■ 17.5967, -4.4504,
-3.1765

■ 15.9223, -5.1674,
-5.6869

■ 18.2294, -3.9541,
-2.2941

■ 15.4365, -5.1495,
-6.4708

■ 18.8973, -3.3415,
-1.3961

■ 14.9532, -5.1280,
-7.2819

■ 19.5990, -2.6211,
-0.4863

■ 14.8378, -5.1259,
-7.4806

■ 20.3329, -1.8017,
0.4321

■ 21.0974, -0.8920,
1.3562

■ 21.8907, 0.1001,
2.2839

■ 22.7115, 1.1668,
3.2133

■ 23.5582, 2.3011,
4.1431

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0006, -6.3700, -1.0015



17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394



17.0006, -2.1533, -5.8597

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0006, -4.8224, -4.0391



17.0006, 5.5445, -0.3211



17.0006, -2.7832, 5.6017

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394



14.4492, 5.8825, 5.2322

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0006, 0.3742, 5.7160



17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394



17.0006, 5.3445, 2.6502

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0006, -4.8224, -4.0391



17.0006, 3.9239, -3.4624



17.0006, 3.3960, 4.7345



17.0006, -5.2541, 4.3864

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394



17.0006, -0.0265, -5.9502



17.0006, 3.3960, 4.7345



17.0006, -1.7720, 5.7607

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0006, -4.8224, -4.0391



25.3477, -3.4075, -0.6479



18.5583, -10.9460, 6.6624



13.0991, -1.7801, -0.3555



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0006, -4.8224, -4.0391



20.9651, -6.6354, -6.7929



12.9245, 1.7496, -10.9868



11.2239, -1.0389, 0.1952



23.3852, -7.6194, -12.7814



58.2108, -17.6207, -34.7204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6535, 12.0441, -4.9769



16.0303, 19.4813, -7.7656



18.0986, -0.9313, 8.1227



10.8955, 0.4342, 0.0810



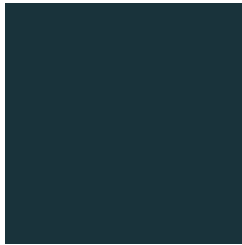
16.9354, 31.7767, -10.5625



42.8894, 80.1855, -24.5022

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

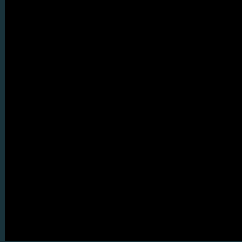
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

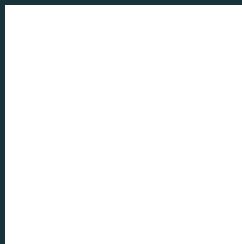
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394.

-4.0394.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394

Protanopia

17.0276, 0.1519, -2.5325

Deuteranopia

17.0797, 0.5680, -4.3056



Tritanopia

17.1339, -5.8304, -2.4909

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394

Protanomaly

16.7970, -1.8200, -3.3451

Deuteranomaly

16.8885, -1.3148, -4.6244

Tritanomaly

17.1627, -5.6644, -2.8959

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394

Achromatopsia

15.8704, -0.8468, 0.8623

Achromatomaly

16.2730, -2.8775, -0.6100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 51, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 51, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 51, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 51, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

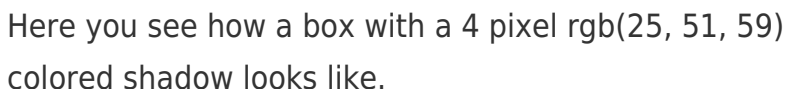
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 51, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 51, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 51, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 51, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 51, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 51, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.0003, -4.8223, -4.0394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 51, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 51,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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