

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0020, -13.4742,  
7.8360)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.0020, -13.4742,  
7.8360) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(16.9779,  
-13.4201, 7.7492)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	003815
RGB	0, 56, 21
RGB Percent	0%, 22%, 8%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7804, 0.9176
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.62, 0.78
HSL	143°, 100%, 11%
HSV	143°, 100%, 22%
XYZ	1.5495, 2.8825, 1.1842
YIQ	35.2660, -22.1410, -22.7570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

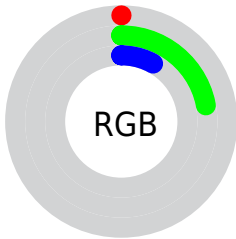
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 41, 56
Decimal	14357
CIELab	19.57, -26.52, 17.01
CIELCh	20, 31.511, 147.326
Yxy	2.8826, 0.2759, 0.5132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278204437 (0xFF003815)
YUV	35.2660, -7.0331, -30.9283
Hunter-Lab	16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492

# Details

The HunterLab color **16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **9.8089, 18.0350, -3.2518**, and the grayscale version is **13.0758, -0.6977, 0.7104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.2079, -18.6387, 11.4761**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9782, -13.4203, 7.7493**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1250, -12.7236, 7.2423**.

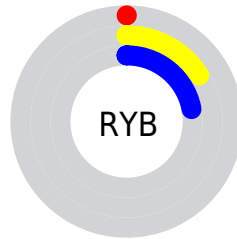
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (22%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (22%)

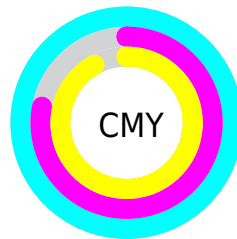


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 16.9779, -13.4201,  
7.7492

■ 16.9779, -13.4201,  
7.7492

■ 112.6234,  
-32.7531, 21.9576

■ 10.3477, -11.9120,  
7.2434

■ 33.1546, -18.4653,  
11.3013

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.4958, -20.7238,  
12.9276

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.5794, -22.8746,  
14.4972

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.3543, -24.9459,  
16.0278

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.7788, -26.9573,  
17.5317


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 86.8177, -28.9226,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


19.0174


 99.4412, -30.8519,  
20.4911


 16.9779, -13.4201,  
7.7492


 16.9779, -13.4201,  
7.7492


 16.9782, -13.4203,  
7.7493

 17.1250, -12.7236,  
7.2423

 17.2767, -12.0033,  
6.6653

 17.4568, -11.1641,  
6.0400

 17.6776, -10.1612,  
5.3815

 17.9403, -8.9975,  
4.6960

■ 18.2455, -7.6791,  
3.9898

■ 18.5932, -6.2148,  
3.2694

■ 18.9832, -4.6155,  
2.5407

■ 19.4147, -2.8933,  
1.8093

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.9782, -8.3153, 10.4827



16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492



16.9782, -15.2557, 1.6936

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



16.9782, -13.4203, 7.7493



16.9782, -1.7275, -26.0989



16.9782, 17.9295, 6.9947

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492



9.8089, 18.0350, -3.2518

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.9782, 20.7275, 0.1170



16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492



16.9782, 8.0403, -21.9816

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



16.9782, -13.4203, 7.7493



16.9782, -9.4709, -20.3369



16.9782, 16.7801, -10.9616



16.9782, 9.7852, 10.1238



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492



16.9782, -14.7532, -4.9170



16.9782, 16.7801, -10.9616



16.9782, 19.5934, 5.2253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16.9782, -13.4203, 7.7493



24.3759, -8.4795, 4.4453



17.8718, -10.0682, 10.8362



13.0166, -4.6892, 2.4519



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16.9782, -13.4203, 7.7493



22.3012, -17.8017, 10.5541



17.4537, -10.5107, 0.8742



10.5764, -1.4086, 0.9159



27.8166, -22.3388, 13.4547



71.7165, -58.4463, 36.5294



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8089, 18.0350, -3.2518



12.8563, 23.5645, -3.6902



9.2583, 16.0316, 4.6124



10.1611, 0.3287, 0.2173



16.0131, 29.2911, -4.1346



41.1273, 74.8276, -7.4999



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

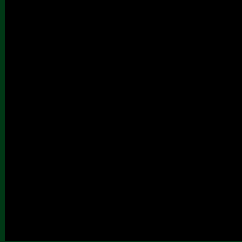
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 16.9779,

-13.4201, 7.7492.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492

### Protanopia

17.1616, -1.9931, 8.4115

### Deuteranopia

17.1748, 0.5570, 7.6096



## Tritanopia

17.0938, -5.9238, -2.9969

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492

## Protanomaly

16.6080, -7.8930, 7.7329

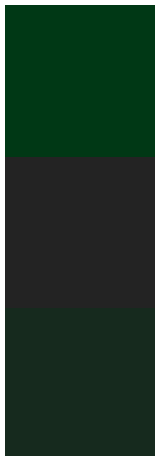
## Deuteranomaly

16.5986, -6.5225, 7.2183

## Tritanomaly

16.7971, -9.1100, 1.7798

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492

## Achromatopsia

12.9643, -0.6917, 0.7044

## Achromatomaly

14.1141, -6.6258, 3.4212

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 56, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 56, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 56, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 56, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 56, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 56, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 56, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 56, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 56, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 56, 21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 16.9779, -13.4201, 7.7492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 56, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 56,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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