

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0136, 0.9649,
-14.1183)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0136, 0.9649,
-14.1183) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.1048, 0.6632,
-13.7858)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E304D
RGB	30, 48, 77
RGB Percent	12%, 19%, 30%
CMY	0.8823, 0.8118, 0.6980
CMYK	0.61, 0.38, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	217°, 44%, 21%
HSV	217°, 61%, 30%
XYZ	2.9319, 2.9257, 7.4314
YIQ	45.9240, -20.0370, 5.2030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

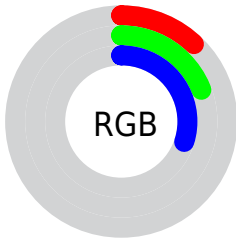
Format	Color
RYB	30, 43, 77
Decimal	1978445
CIELab	19.74, 2.74, -20.11
CIELCh	20, 20.291, 277.765
Yxy	2.9258, 0.2206, 0.2202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280168525 (0xFF1E304D)
YUV	45.9240, 15.3205, -13.9653
Hunter-Lab	17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858

Details

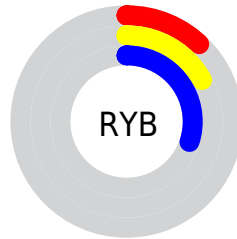
The HunterLab color **17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **21.9081, 1.2504, 10.1970**, and the grayscale version is **16.4600, -0.8783, 0.8943**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3639, -0.0145, -14.5186**, and **3.6265, 7.6998, -21.1545** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6710, 1.6228, -16.8794**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6169, -0.0783, -10.8904**.

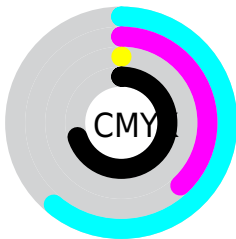
Distribution



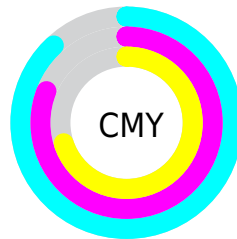
- Red (12%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1048, 0.6632,
-13.7858

■ 17.1048, 0.6632,
-13.7858

■ 112.8616, -3.1077,
-16.0648

■ 10.4553, 0.7890,
-13.3844

■ 33.3131, 0.1775,
-14.7031

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 42.6679, -0.1576,
-15.0878

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7642, -0.5441,
-15.4064

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5509, -0.9771,
-15.6589

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.9865, -1.4528,
-15.8477

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0361, -1.9681,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.9761

■ 99.6697, -2.5204,
-16.0474

■ 17.1048, 0.6632,
-13.7858

■ 17.1048, 0.6632,
-13.7858

■ 15.6710, 1.6228,
-16.8794

■ 18.6169, -0.0783,
-10.8904

■ 14.3261, 2.8304,
-20.1807

■ 20.1969, -0.6318,
-8.1774

■ 13.0767, 4.2903,
-23.7013

■ 21.8368, -1.0244,
-5.6258

■ 11.9945, 5.6629,
-27.2167

■ 23.5301, -1.2798,
-3.2150

■ 25.2711, -1.4177,
-0.9258

■ 27.0551, -1.4549,
1.2591

■ 28.8784, -1.4053,
3.3549

■ 30.7375, -1.2805,
5.3746

■ 32.6298, -1.0900,
7.3293

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1051, -5.0398, -12.5548



17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858



17.1051, 6.6901, -10.1306

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1051, 0.6633, -13.7854



17.1051, 9.1271, 6.3546



17.1051, -10.2857, 4.5656

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858



21.9081, 1.2504, 10.1970

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1051, -7.3845, 7.5041



17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858



17.1051, 3.6451, 8.2629

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1051, 0.6633, -13.7854



17.1051, 11.9943, 2.3402



17.1051, -2.4354, 8.5961



17.1051, -10.8565, -0.6091

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858



17.1051, 9.9057, -5.9684



17.1051, -2.4354, 8.5961



17.1051, -9.5720, 5.7871

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1051, 0.6633, -13.7854



31.1917, -1.7232, -3.4631



24.2888, -13.2678, 4.6393



15.7887, -0.8628, -2.0474



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1051, 0.6633, -13.7854



19.5961, 2.7947, -23.9335



13.5291, 9.4882, -22.2671



13.2061, -0.7377, -0.2033



15.5384, 8.7163, -38.2376



35.5618, 26.5778, -101.8230

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.4920, 15.0652, 0.3728



19.3072, 24.1318, 1.3531



26.0015, -7.5742, 13.0882



13.0845, 0.4244, 0.5469



17.2385, 30.3736, 4.5338



41.7650, 73.2064, 13.9445

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

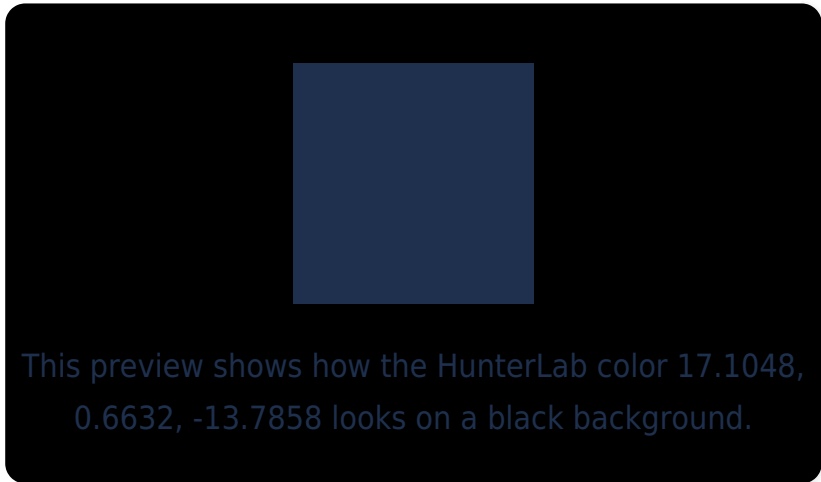
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

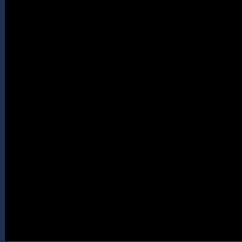
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858

Protanopia

17.1702, 2.0130, -12.9949

Deuteranopia

17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858



Tritanopia

17.0007, -6.3340, -2.6832

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858

Protanomaly

17.0144, 1.4956, -13.3161

Deuteranomaly

17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858

Tritanomaly

17.1231, -4.0509, -6.3149

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.6720, -1.0166, -3.5105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 48, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(30, 48, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 48, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 48, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 48, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 48, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 48, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 48, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 48, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 48, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1048, 0.6632, -13.7858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 48, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 48,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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