

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0292, -7.6002,
-15.1900)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0292, -7.6002,
-15.1900) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.8965, -4.0853,
-13.5500)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00364F
RGB	0, 54, 79
RGB Percent	0%, 21%, 31%
CMY	1.0000, 0.7882, 0.6902
CMYK	1.00, 0.32, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	199°, 100%, 15%
HSV	199°, 100%, 31%
XYZ	2.7305, 3.2028, 7.8714
YIQ	40.7040, -40.2090, -3.6730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

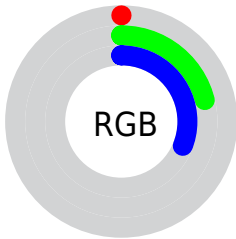
Format	Color
RYB	0, 32, 79
Decimal	13903
CIELab	20.84, -5.65, -19.80
CIELCh	21, 20.592, 254.064
Yxy	3.2030, 0.1978, 0.2320
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278203983 (0xFF00364F)
YUV	40.7040, 18.8799, -35.6974
Hunter-Lab	17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500

Details

The HunterLab color **17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **15.3552, 14.6552, 9.7176**, and the grayscale version is **14.7456, -0.7868, 0.8012**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **34.4354, -5.9665, -14.0477**, and **5.4315, 3.3184, -13.9525** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8962, -4.0847, -13.5509**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6887, -4.5403, -12.0312**.

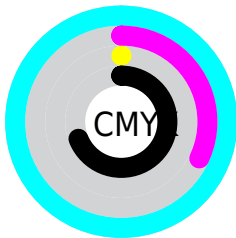
Distribution



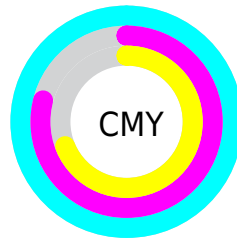
- Red (0%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.8965, -4.0853,
-13.5500

■ 17.8965, -4.0853,
-13.5500

■ 114.3385,
-12.0630, -15.6961

■ 11.1292, -3.2297,
-13.1264

■ 34.2991, -5.7683,
-14.4491

■ 3.0477, -5.3335,
-28.7005

■ 43.7379, -6.6196,
-14.8177

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.9120, -7.4841,
-15.1193

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.7717, -8.3643,
-15.3547

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.2761, -9.2615,
-15.5267

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 88.3910, -10.1768,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.6387

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.0869,
-11.1106, -15.6941

17.8965, -4.0853,
-13.5500

17.8965, -4.0853,
-13.5500

17.8962, -4.0847,
-13.5509

18.6887, -4.5403,
-12.0312

19.4962, -4.9512,
-10.5689

20.3626, -5.1580,
-9.0814

21.2891, -5.1575,
-7.5731

22.2735, -4.9596,
-6.0526

■ 23.3131, -4.5772,
-4.5273

■ 24.4049, -4.0245,
-3.0032

■ 25.5459, -3.3165,
-1.4851

■ 26.7329, -2.4675,
0.0235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.8968, -8.6777, -8.7353



17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500



17.8968, 2.0061, -13.7134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.8968, -4.0851, -13.5496



17.8968, 12.0046, 3.4954



17.8968, -8.4526, 7.3138

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500



15.3552, 14.6552, 9.7176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.8968, -3.7370, 8.8058



17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500



17.8968, 8.3478, 7.1596

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.8968, -4.0851, -13.5496



17.8968, 11.8782, -2.3939



17.8968, 2.4043, 8.7610



17.8968, -10.9571, 3.7930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500



17.8968, 6.1529, -11.0587



17.8968, 2.4043, 8.7610



17.8968, -7.1035, 8.0068

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.8968, -4.0851, -13.5496



31.6595, -5.3329, -4.1260



23.7840, -19.4228, 12.2013



15.6451, -2.7474, -2.2768



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.8968, -4.0851, -13.5496



23.0317, -4.8801, -18.2529



9.6405, 12.6391, -39.3317



13.4703, -1.1720, 0.1153



54.5479, -9.5674, -47.5269

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8880, 25.6988, -5.8922



18.0650, 33.3650, -7.1496



22.8903, -0.9649, 14.0875



13.1117, 0.5708, 0.1601



43.7838, 80.5306, -14.7265

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500.

-13.5500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500

Protanopia

18.1528, 1.6649, -11.1175

Deuteranopia

18.1774, 0.8401, -13.5393



Tritanopia

17.7912, -8.4952, -3.8987

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500

Protanomaly

17.7101, -1.0040, -12.6102

Deuteranomaly

17.9046, -1.3563, -14.1229

Tritanomaly

17.7475, -6.8231, -7.4536

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500

Achromatopsia

14.8909, -0.7945, 0.8091

Achromatomaly

15.6507, -3.5222, -4.1105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 54, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 54, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 54, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 54, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 54, 79) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 54, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 54, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 54, 79); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 79); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 54, 79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.8965, -4.0853, -13.5500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 54, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 54,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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