

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0634, 2.5623,
2.0910)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0634, 2.5623, 2.0910)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.1350, 2.3008,
2.0085)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	392D2D
RGB	57, 45, 45
RGB Percent	22%, 18%, 18%
CMY	0.7765, 0.8235, 0.8235
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.78
HSL	0°, 12%, 20%
HSV	0°, 21%, 22%
XYZ	3.0994, 2.9361, 2.8860
YIQ	48.5880, 7.1520, 2.5440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	57, 45, 45
Decimal	3747117
CIE Lab	19.79, 5.49, 2.07
CIE LCh	20, 5.866, 20.655
Yxy	2.9362, 0.3474, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281937197 (0xFF392D2D)
YUV	48.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773
Hunter-Lab	17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085

Details

The HunterLab color **17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **19.4408, -3.8705, 0.1062**, and the grayscale version is **17.3922, -0.9280, 0.9450**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4373, 2.0126, 3.0892**, and **2.7958, 4.7878, 1.8066** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7775, 3.9999, 2.4805**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5684, 0.6620, 1.5630**.

Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (18%)

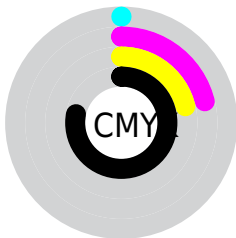
Blue (18%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (18%)

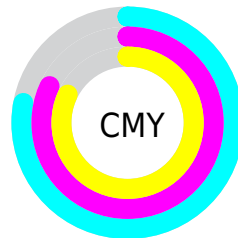


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (78%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1350, 2.3008,
2.0085

■ 17.1350, 2.3008,
2.0085

■ 112.9184, -0.1532,
8.2132

■ 10.4810, 2.2071,
1.4720

■ 33.3509, 2.1829,
3.1753

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.7090, 2.0090,
3.8064

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8083, 1.7724,
4.4686

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5978, 1.4802,
5.1610

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0361, 1.1378,
5.8826

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0882, 0.7492,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.6324

99.7242, 0.3180,
7.4095

17.1350, 2.3008,
2.0085

17.1350, 2.3008,
2.0085

15.7775, 3.9999,
2.4805

18.5684, 0.6620,
1.5630

14.5070, 5.7563,
2.9776

20.0665, -0.9165,
1.1420

13.3385, 7.5538,
3.4957

21.6215, -2.4400,
0.7434

12.2890, 9.3591,
4.0251

23.2267, -3.9145,
0.3649

11.3775, 11.1141,
4.5474

24.8766, -5.3461,
0.0040

■ 10.6229, 12.7323,
5.0352

■ 26.5667, -6.7409,
-0.3417

■ 9.9592, 14.3078,
5.5154

■ 28.2932, -8.1042,
-0.6742

■ 9.3273, 15.9699,
6.0270

■ 30.0530, -9.4407,
-0.9953

■ 31.8432, -10.7547,
-1.3067

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1354, 2.4820, 0.4124



17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085



17.1354, 1.2388, 3.1978

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1354, 2.3002, 2.0088



17.1354, -3.4056, 2.8150



17.1354, -1.4505, -2.4819

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085



19.4408, -3.8705, 0.1062

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1354, -2.9678, -1.6912



17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085



17.1354, -4.0668, 1.4372

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1354, 2.3002, 2.0088



17.1354, -2.0696, 3.6303



17.1354, -3.9098, -0.2180



17.1354, 0.2705, -2.2902

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085



17.1354, 0.1974, 3.6508



17.1354, -3.9098, -0.2180



17.1354, -2.0002, -2.3195

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1354, 2.3002, 2.0088



24.9191, -0.1264, 1.7573



17.4415, 3.9079, -2.3428



13.3329, -0.0570, 0.9438



61.6487, -3.2894, 3.3495



14.0024, -0.7471, 0.7608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1354, 2.3002, 2.0088



21.2388, 4.0919, 2.9058



18.5122, -0.1442, 3.4532



10.1224, 0.1189, 0.7709



15.0506, 25.7714, 9.7253



38.8679, 66.5593, 25.1154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.4408, -3.8705, 0.1062



24.9193, -5.7828, -0.1394



17.9471, -1.5243, -1.7557



10.6148, -1.1948, 0.3660



28.9609, -15.3519, -3.0582



74.7923, -39.6464, -7.8987

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

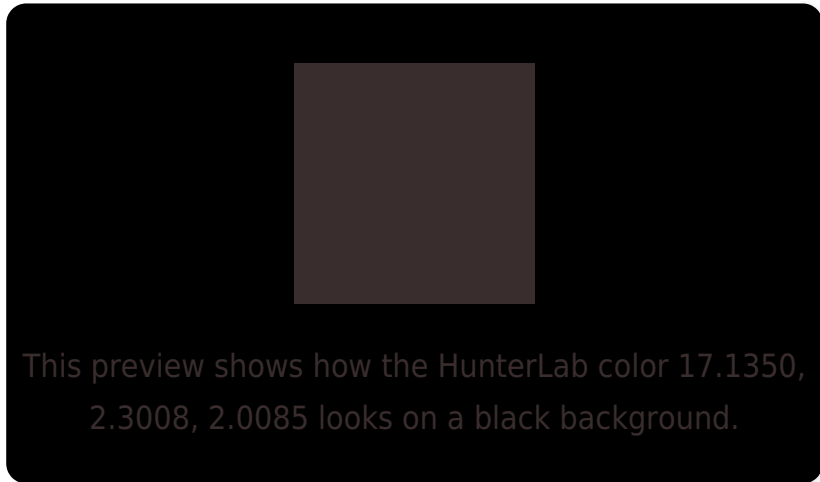
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

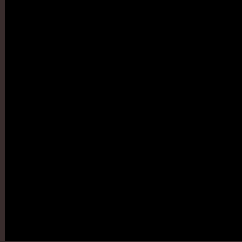
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085.

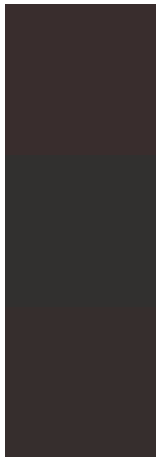


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1350, 2.3008,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085

Protanopia

17.2398, -0.7990, 1.3602

Deuteranopia

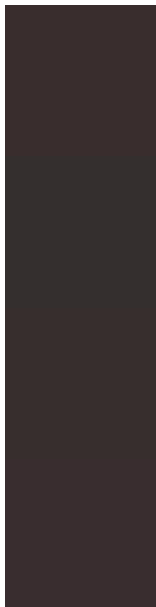
17.1106, 1.0605, 1.9595



Tritanopia

17.2047, 2.6689, 1.0117

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085

Protanomaly

17.2057, 0.2441, 1.6993

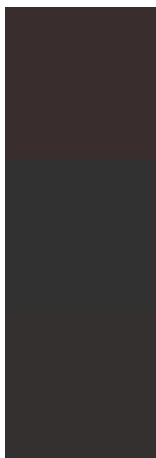
Deuteranomaly

17.1921, 1.3339, 2.0553

Tritanomaly

17.1810, 2.5437, 1.3508

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

17.4853, 0.0940, 1.2942

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(57, 45, 45)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(57, 45, 45)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(57, 45, 45) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(57, 45, 45) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(57, 45, 45) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(57, 45, 45) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(57, 45, 45)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(57, 45, 45); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 45, 45);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(57, 45, 45)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1350, 2.3008, 2.0085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(57, 45, 45) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(57, 45,  
45) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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