

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0674, -1.4419,
2.5472)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0674, -1.4419, 2.5472)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.0784, -1.5426,
2.5622)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	30302B
RGB	48, 48, 43
RGB Percent	19%, 19%, 17%
CMY	0.8118, 0.8118, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.81
HSL	60°, 5%, 18%
HSV	60°, 10%, 19%
XYZ	2.7119, 2.9167, 2.7055
YIQ	47.4300, 1.6050, -1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	43, 48, 43
Decimal	3158059
CIE Lab	19.71, -1.13, 3.20
CIE LCh	20, 3.395, 109.356
Yxy	2.9168, 0.3254, 0.3500
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281348139 (0xFF30302B)
YUV	47.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999
Hunter-Lab	17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622

Details

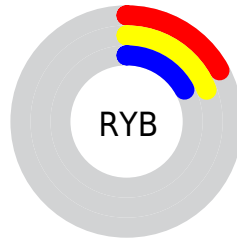
The HunterLab color **17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.6679, -0.1474, -0.9305**, and the grayscale version is **17.0097, -0.9076, 0.9242**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3012, -2.6371, 4.0361**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9813, -2.0822, 3.9656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.1878, -0.9438, 1.0028**.

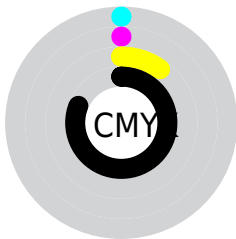
Distribution



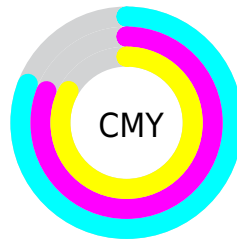
- Red (19%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (81%)



- Cyan (81%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0784, -1.5426,
2.5622

■ 17.0784, -1.5426,
2.5622

■ 112.8122, -7.2153,
9.3219

■ 10.4330, -1.0910,
1.9256

■ 33.2802, -2.5676,
3.8900

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6322, -3.1356,
4.5895

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7258, -3.7383,
5.3146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5101, -4.3737,
6.0656

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.9434, -5.0404,
6.8422

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.9908, -5.7370,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.6441

99.6223, -6.4623,
8.4708

17.0784, -1.5426,
2.5622

17.0784, -1.5426,
2.5622

16.9813, -2.0822,
3.9656

17.1878, -0.9438,
1.0028

16.8951, -2.5616,
5.2127

17.3086, -0.2846,
-0.7128

16.8199, -2.9816,
6.3055

17.4411, 0.4339,
-2.5831

16.7554, -3.3434,
7.2467

17.5856, 1.2109,
-4.6057

16.7012, -3.6485,
8.0402

17.7421, 2.0452,
-6.7777

■ 16.6569, -3.8990,
8.6914

■ 17.9105, 2.9353,
-9.0953

■ 16.6218, -4.0976,
9.2077

■ 18.0909, 3.8797,
-11.5542

■ 16.5900, -4.2778,
9.6758

■ 18.2832, 4.8764,
-14.1498

■ 16.5595, -4.4510,
10.1260

■ 18.4873, 5.9235,
-16.8767

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0788, -0.5566, 2.6267



17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622



17.0788, -2.3428, 2.0755

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0788, -1.5430, 2.5624



17.0788, -2.1432, -0.5130



17.0788, 1.0133, 0.5893

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622



15.6679, -0.1474, -0.9305

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0788, 0.5671, -0.3015



17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622



17.0788, -1.2649, -0.9617

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0788, -1.5430, 2.5624



17.0788, -2.6837, 0.3140



17.0788, -0.2721, -0.8822



17.0788, 0.9346, 1.5232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622



17.0788, -2.6696, 1.5602



17.0788, -0.2721, -0.8822



17.0788, 0.9193, 0.2741

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0788, -1.5430, 2.5624



21.6261, -1.4037, 1.8213



15.9079, 0.4257, 1.2915



11.5539, -0.7662, 1.0152



58.5142, -3.1222, 3.1792



11.5809, -0.6179, 0.6292

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0788, -1.5430, 2.5624



21.4862, -2.1740, 3.8260



16.9050, -2.1573, 2.3630



9.1937, -0.7551, 1.1840



29.6290, -7.9646, 18.1178



79.0653, -21.2551, 48.3476

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.6679, -0.1474, -0.9305



19.1603, 0.1299, -1.9403



15.8446, 0.4562, -0.6929



8.6087, -0.1768, -0.2633



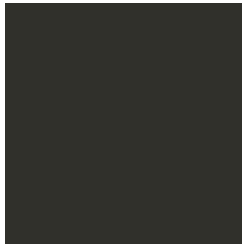
8.2665, 22.4214, -58.7250



22.0581, 59.8311, -156.7207

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

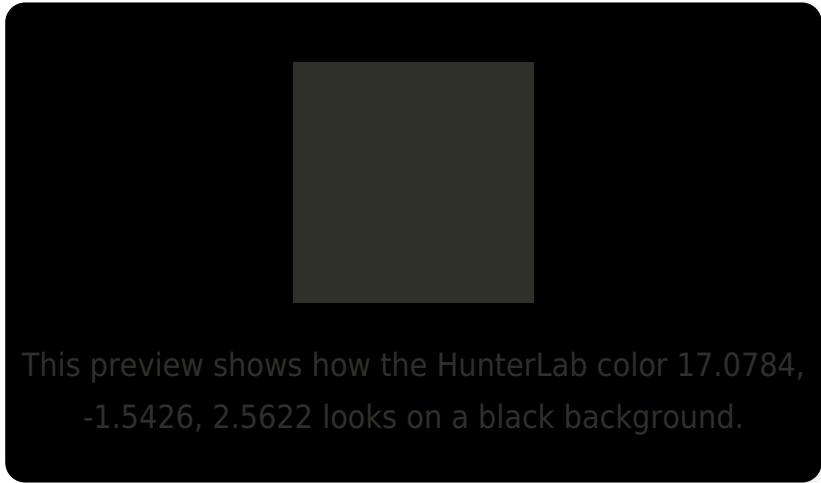
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

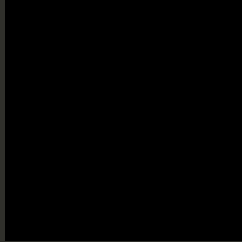
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0784, -1.5426,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622

Protanopia

16.9869, -0.6413, 2.4789

Deuteranopia

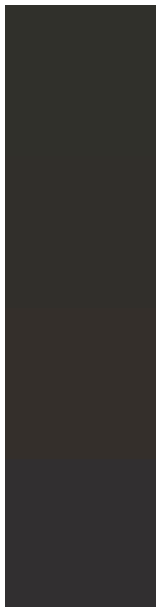
17.0666, 0.8241, 2.5908



Tritanopia

17.1027, 0.1359, -0.3167

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622

Protanomaly

16.9128, -0.8987, 2.3937

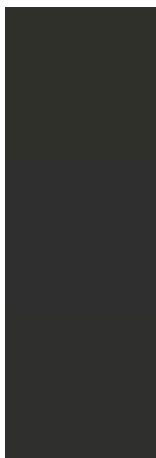
Deuteranomaly

17.1392, -0.1164, 2.6528

Tritanomaly

17.0276, -0.2716, 0.7509

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622

Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

Achromatomaly

16.8363, -1.0294, 1.2541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(48, 48, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(48, 48, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(48, 48, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(48, 48, 43) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(48, 48, 43) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(48, 48, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(48, 48, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(48, 48, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 48, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(48, 48, 43)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(48, 48, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(48, 48,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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