

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0948, -7.4861,
-1.2745)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0948, -7.4861,
-1.2745) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.0951, -7.4996,
-1.2790)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	113535
RGB	17, 53, 53
RGB Percent	7%, 21%, 21%
CMY	0.9333, 0.7922, 0.7922
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	180°, 51%, 14%
HSV	180°, 68%, 21%
XYZ	2.1469, 2.9224, 3.8191
YIQ	42.2360, -21.4560, -7.6320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

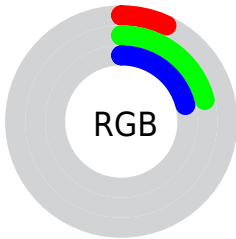
Format	Color
R_{YB}	17, 35, 53
Decimal	1127733
CIE _{Lab}	19.73, -12.67, -3.86
CIE _{LCh}	20, 13.248, 196.955
Yxy	2.9225, 0.2415, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279317813 (0xFF113535)
YUV	42.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320
Hunter-Lab	17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790

Details

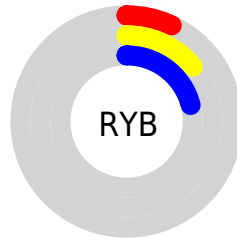
The HunterLab color **17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **10.9469, 9.7033, 4.0425**, and the grayscale version is **15.2818, -0.8154, 0.8303**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3752, -10.3293, -0.5854**, and **1.3241, 3.5916, -9.4081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9687, -7.9913, -1.4526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.2551, -6.8860, -1.0616**.

Distribution



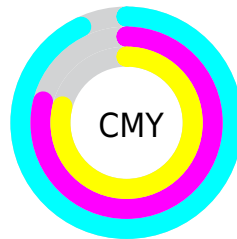
- Red (7%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (79%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

17.0951, -7.4996,
-1.2790

17.0951, -7.4996,
-1.2790

112.8434,
-19.1457, 2.1776

10.4471, -6.0735,
-1.3513

33.3010, -10.2568,
-0.8862

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

42.6548, -11.5610,
-0.5915

0.0000, NaN, NaN

52.7501, -12.8412,
-0.2419

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

63.5359, -14.1076,
0.1574

0.0000, NaN, NaN

74.9707, -15.3670,
0.6020

0.0000, NaN, NaN

87.0194, -16.6244,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.0887

■ 99.6523, -17.8831,
1.6147

■ 17.0951, -7.4996,
-1.2790

■ 17.0951, -7.4996,
-1.2790

■ 16.9687, -7.9913,
-1.4526

■ 17.2551, -6.8860,
-1.0616

■ 16.8661, -8.3924,
-1.5944

■ 17.4489, -6.1492,
-0.8007

■ 16.7644, -8.7927,
-1.7359

■ 17.6779, -5.2905,
-0.4964

■ 16.7432, -8.8766,
-1.7655

■ 17.9423, -4.3134,
-0.1498

■ 18.2425, -3.2230,
0.2372

■ 18.5780, -2.0259,
0.6627

■ 18.9485, -0.7296,
1.1238

■ 19.3533, 0.6577,
1.6180

■ 19.7916, 2.1274,
2.1422

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0954, -7.6108, 2.4610



17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790



17.0954, -5.7280, -5.1336

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0954, -7.4997, -1.2788



17.0954, 4.9081, -4.6778



17.0954, 0.8094, 6.5152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790



10.9469, 9.7033, 4.0425

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0954, 4.5018, 5.3591



17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790



17.0954, 7.0068, -0.7559

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0954, -7.4997, -1.2788



17.0954, 1.3249, -7.3772



17.0954, 6.8517, 2.8794



17.0954, -3.0415, 6.4363

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790



17.0954, -3.7455, -7.0035



17.0954, 6.8517, 2.8794



17.0954, 2.1167, 6.2714

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0954, -7.4997, -1.2788



23.4096, -4.6078, 0.1463



16.4669, -11.2951, 8.0393



12.6650, -2.5564, 0.0579



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0954, -7.4997, -1.2788



21.7868, -10.7164, -2.0179



12.7043, -1.2595, -7.9132



9.8527, -1.0906, 0.3460



28.1281, -14.9124, -2.9660



73.8197, -39.1364, -7.7839

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9469, 9.7033, 4.0425



12.4893, 15.9996, 6.2641



14.0162, 2.8910, 6.4437



9.4104, 0.0893, 0.7095



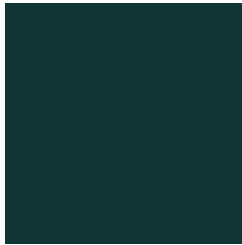
14.6159, 25.0302, 9.4443



38.3581, 65.6894, 24.7859

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

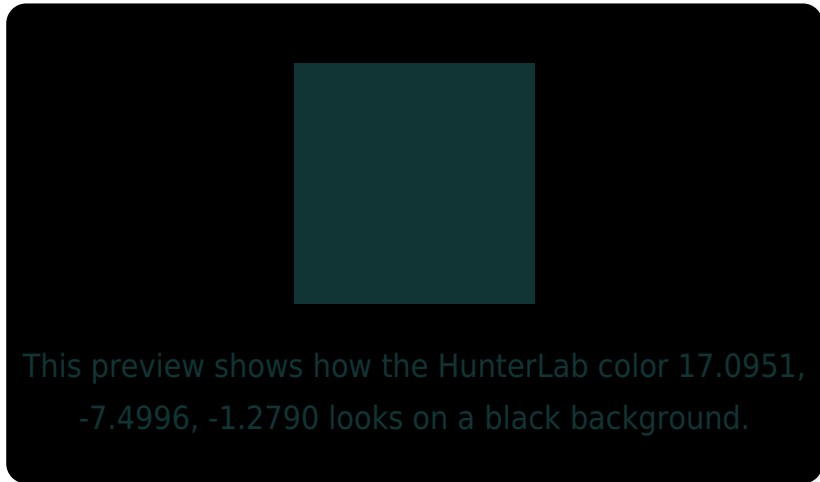
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

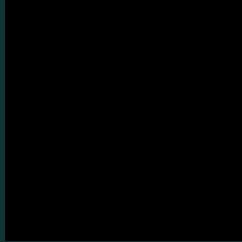
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790.

-1.2790.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790

Protanopia

17.2411, -0.6490, 0.2354

Deuteranopia

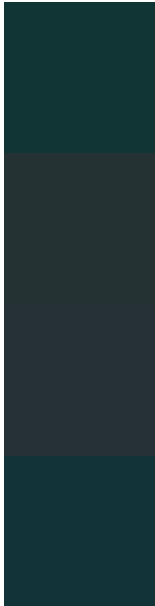
17.1824, 0.5666, -1.4452



Tritanopia

16.9995, -6.2803, -3.1356

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790

Protanomaly

17.0691, -3.7157, -0.4262

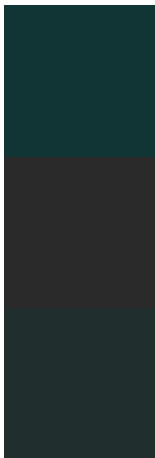
Deuteranomaly

16.9005, -2.8851, -1.8801

Tritanomaly

16.9414, -6.5596, -2.7694

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790

Achromatopsia

15.2162, -0.8119, 0.8267

Achromatomaly

15.7308, -3.7301, -0.1141

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 53, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 53, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 53, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 53, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 53, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 53, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 53, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 53, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 53, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 53, 53)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.0951, -7.4996, -1.2790 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 53, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 53,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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