

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.0976, -0.2265,
2.1413)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.0976, -0.2265, 2.1413)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.0842, -0.2620,
2.2529)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	332F2C
RGB	51, 47, 44
RGB Percent	20%, 18%, 17%
CMY	0.8000, 0.8157, 0.8274
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.14, 0.80
HSL	26°, 7%, 19%
HSV	26°, 14%, 20%
XYZ	2.8364, 2.9187, 2.7968
YIQ	47.8540, 3.3470, -0.0850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

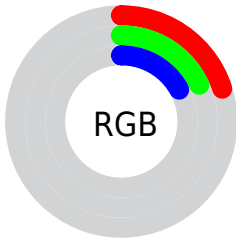
Format	Color
R _Y B	51, 49, 44
Decimal	3354412
CIE Lab	19.72, 1.14, 2.57
CIE LCh	20, 2.811, 66.021
Yxy	2.9188, 0.3317, 0.3413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281544492 (0xFF332F2C)
YUV	47.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590
Hunter-Lab	17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529

Details

The HunterLab color **17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **16.9952, -1.4549, -0.4796**, and the grayscale version is **17.1492, -0.9150, 0.9318**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3037, -1.2145, 3.6745**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3021, 0.3102, 3.1011**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8896, -0.7870, 1.3425**.

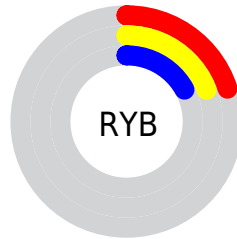
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (18%)

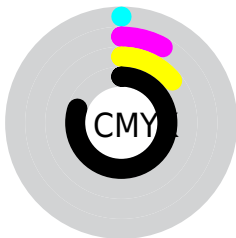
Blue (17%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (17%)

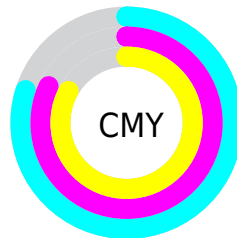


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (83%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.0842, -0.2620,
2.2529

■ 17.0842, -0.2620,
2.2529

■ 112.8231, -4.8129,
8.6997

■ 10.4379, -0.0043,
1.6726

■ 33.2875, -0.9682,
3.4898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6401, -1.3987,
4.1507

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7343, -1.8738,
4.8404

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5191, -2.3900,
5.5584

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.9529, -2.9441,
6.3040

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0008, -3.5339,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.0765

99.6328, -4.1574,
7.8753

17.0842, -0.2620,
2.2529

17.0842, -0.2620,
2.2529

16.3021, 0.3102,
3.1011

17.8896, -0.7870,
1.3425

15.5439, 0.9342,
3.8793

18.7154, -1.2669,
0.3754

14.8122, 1.6127,
4.5800

19.5605, -1.7056,
-0.6428

14.1093, 2.3483,
5.1948

20.4236, -2.1061,
-1.7072

13.4376, 3.1425,
5.7145

21.3034, -2.4717,
-2.8137

■ 12.7999, 3.9953,
6.1301

■ 22.1988, -2.8051,
-3.9585

■ 12.1982, 4.9011,
6.4438

■ 23.1089, -3.1089,
-5.1385

■ 11.6255, 5.8057,
6.7965

■ 24.0328, -3.3856,
-6.3509

■ 11.2805, 6.3621,
7.0623

■ 24.9696, -3.6373,
-7.5931

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0846, 0.3907, 1.7945



17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529



17.0846, -1.0787, 2.3648

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0846, -0.2625, 2.2532



17.0846, -2.4629, 0.7708



17.0846, 0.0312, -0.3372

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529



16.9952, -1.4549, -0.4796

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0846, -0.7457, -0.6412



17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529



17.0846, -2.1777, 0.0177

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0846, -0.2625, 2.2532



17.0846, -2.3391, 1.5324



17.0846, -1.5530, -0.5083



17.0846, 0.5625, 0.3047

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529



17.0846, -1.6034, 2.2323



17.0846, -1.5530, -0.5083



17.0846, -0.2104, -0.4837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0846, -0.2625, 2.2532



23.0018, -0.9828, 1.7886



16.4904, 1.4635, 0.1003



12.1300, -0.5096, 0.9616



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0846, -0.2625, 2.2532



21.6982, -0.1154, 3.2526



17.8961, -1.6108, 3.1046



9.6426, -0.3063, 0.9683



18.8132, 13.0504, 11.8211



47.4647, 38.9665, 29.9297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9952, -1.4549, -0.4796



21.5573, -1.9947, -1.0553



16.1854, -0.1042, -1.5015



9.6130, -0.7015, 0.0628



17.5840, -0.3492, -21.2246



44.0093, 2.7953, -61.0421

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

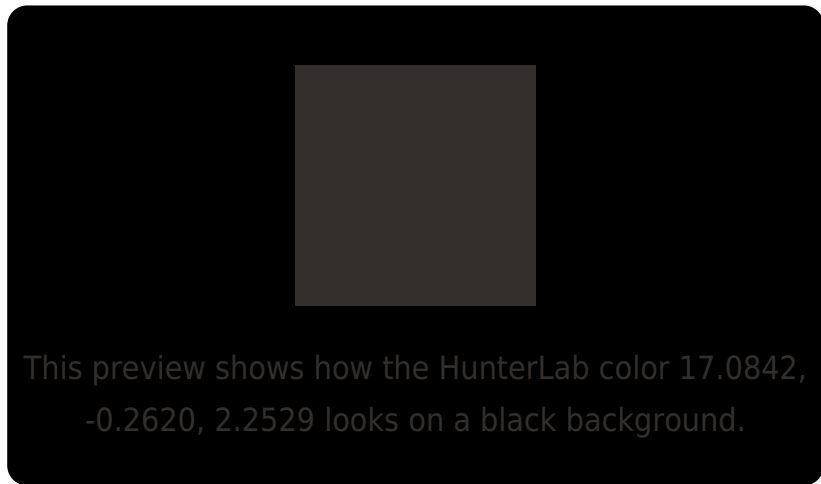
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

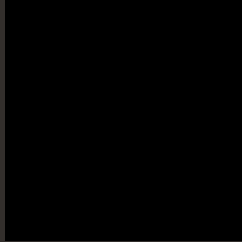
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529.

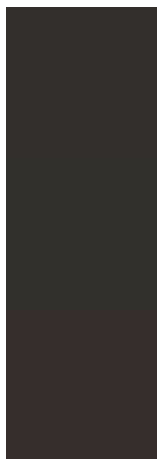


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0842, -0.2620,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529

Protanopia

17.1718, -1.1716, 2.3332

Deuteranopia

17.0883, 0.9410, 2.2786



Tritanopia

17.0714, 1.1679, 0.0595

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529

Protanomaly

17.2449, -0.9169, 2.4176

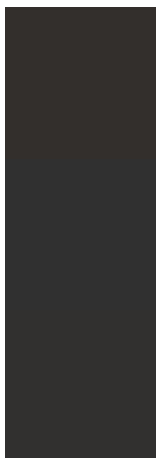
Deuteranomaly

17.0080, 0.6697, 2.1853

Tritanomaly

17.0219, 0.9021, 0.7646

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.2398, -0.7990, 1.3602

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 47, 44)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 47, 44)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 47, 44) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 47, 44) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 47, 44) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 47, 44) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 47, 44)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 47, 44); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 47, 44);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 47, 44)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.0842, -0.2620, 2.2529 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 47, 44) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 47,  
44) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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