

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.1137, 14.7006,
10.0069)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.1137, 14.7006,
10.0069) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.1137, 14.6936,
10.0068)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	551F08
RGB	85, 31, 8
RGB Percent	33%, 12%, 3%
CMY	0.6667, 0.8784, 0.9686
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.91, 0.67
HSL	18°, 83%, 18%
HSV	18°, 91%, 33%
XYZ	4.2801, 2.9288, 0.5694
YIQ	44.5240, 39.5670, 4.2950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

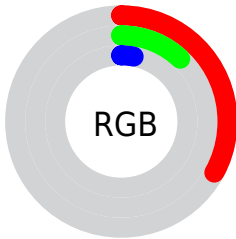
Format	Color
RYB	85, 41, 8
Decimal	5578504
CIELab	19.76, 23.76, 25.92
CIELCh	20, 35.162, 47.486
Yxy	2.9290, 0.5502, 0.3765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283768584 (0xFF551F08)
YUV	44.5240, -18.0063, 35.4975
Hunter-Lab	17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068

Details

The HunterLab color **17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **20.3773, -5.3319, -12.5429**, and the grayscale version is **16.0911, -0.8586, 0.8743**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.2335, 16.6132, 14.9731**, and **6.1421, 10.5543, 3.6923** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.2588, 16.5859, 10.3089**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1414, 12.5695, 9.7318**.

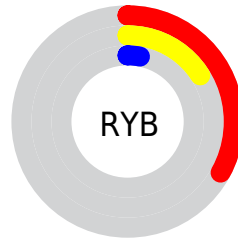
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (12%)

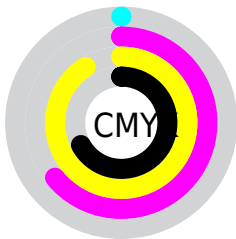
Blue (3%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (3%)

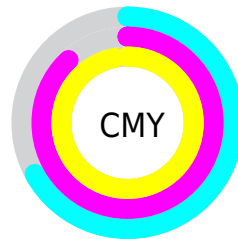


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (91%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (67%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1137, 14.6936,
10.0068

■ 17.1137, 14.6936,
10.0068

■ 112.8786, 20.2762,
29.2773

■ 10.4630, 13.4525,
7.3241

■ 33.3245, 16.7025,
14.9447

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6802, 17.5014,
17.2290

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7774, 18.1854,
19.3969

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.5650, 18.7680,
21.4780

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0014, 19.2602,
23.4933

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0517, 19.6710,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

25.4579

■ 99.6861, 20.0076,
27.3830

■ 17.1137, 14.6936,
10.0068

■ 17.1137, 14.6936,
10.0068

■ 16.2588, 16.5859,
10.3089

■ 18.1414, 12.5695,
9.7318

■ 19.2970, 10.4726,
9.2483

■ 20.5692, 8.4470,
8.5686

■ 21.9458, 6.5175,
7.7191

■ 23.4153, 4.6960,
6.7258

■ 24.9674, 2.9851,
5.6114

■ 26.5931, 1.3819,
4.3955

■ 28.2846, -0.1199,
3.0942

■ 30.0351, -1.5281,
1.7204

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1142, 22.4639, 5.6939



17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068



17.1142, 3.6083, 11.9799

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1142, 14.6922, 10.0070



17.1142, -16.3145, 4.5424



17.1142, 5.4757, -28.6865

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068



20.3773, -5.3319, -12.5429

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1142, -5.0108, -29.7067



17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068



17.1142, -16.0432, -5.7776

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1142, 14.6922, 10.0070



17.1142, -13.2372, 9.4847



17.1142, -12.3795, -19.6822



17.1142, 16.3357, -17.3999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068



17.1142, -3.4269, 11.9799



17.1142, -12.3795, -19.6822



17.1142, 1.7526, -30.4086

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1142, 14.6922, 10.0070



33.1643, 3.3189, 6.9103



15.7031, 26.3481, -7.7196



16.5822, 1.8895, 3.6496



69.0652, -3.6851, 3.7524



19.9203, -1.0629, 1.0823

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1142, 14.6922, 10.0070



20.8971, 22.5746, 13.2719



24.7415, -0.9017, 14.6793



14.8538, -0.1964, 1.4825



20.4078, 21.9427, 12.9594



46.8884, 56.2296, 29.8768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.3773, -5.3319, -12.5429



25.3197, -5.9457, -18.8124



11.7868, 10.8835, -35.7772



15.0614, -1.3546, 0.1269



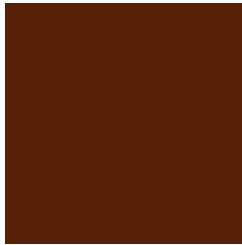
24.7183, -5.8340, -18.3017



57.1930, -11.7465, -46.1289

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

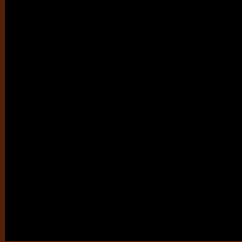
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1137, 14.6936,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068

Protanopia

17.4296, -2.3743, 9.4032

Deuteranopia

17.4847, 0.0603, 10.7751



Tritanopia

17.1933, 16.8843, 6.4197

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068

Protanomaly

16.8474, 3.7342, 9.3324

Deuteranomaly

17.0134, 5.2183, 10.2747

Tritanomaly

17.2303, 16.0165, 8.1083

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

16.0702, 3.8998, 4.9291

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 31, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 31, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 31, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 31, 8) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 31, 8) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 31, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 31, 8)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 31, 8); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 31, 8); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 31, 8) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1137, 14.6936, 10.0068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 31, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 31,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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