

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.1439, -5.1800,
3.0370)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.1439, -5.1800, 3.0370)
contains.

HunterLab(17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(17.1665, -5.0747,
2.9235)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	26332A
RGB	38, 51, 42
RGB Percent	15%, 20%, 16%
CMY	0.8510, 0.8000, 0.8353
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.18, 0.80
HSL	138°, 15%, 17%
HSV	138°, 25%, 20%
XYZ	2.4011, 2.9469, 2.6328
YIQ	46.0870, -4.8590, -5.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

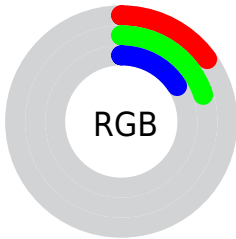
Format	Color
RYB	38, 48, 51
Decimal	2503466
CIELab	19.83, -7.73, 3.94
CIELCh	20, 8.678, 152.978
Yxy	2.9470, 0.3009, 0.3693
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280693546 (0xFF26332A)
YUV	46.0870, -2.0149, -7.0923
Hunter-Lab	17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235

Details

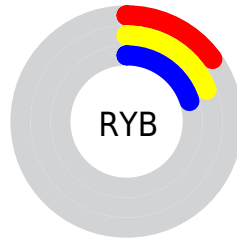
The HunterLab color **17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.1503, 3.7846, -1.1231**, and the grayscale version is **16.5657, -0.8839, 0.9000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.2814, -6.9565, 4.3228**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.8299, -6.4861, 3.6560**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.5417, -3.5459, 2.1734**.

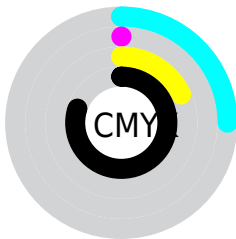
Distribution



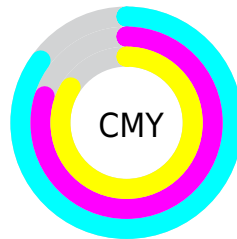
- Red (15%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1665, -5.0747,
2.9235

■ 17.1665, -5.0747,
2.9235

112.9774,
-14.1136, 10.0541

■ 10.5078, -4.0226,
2.2246

■ 33.3902, -7.0691,
4.3591

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.7517, -8.0513,
5.1044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8540, -9.0360,
5.8716

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.6466, -10.0278,
6.6617

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0876, -11.0297,
7.4751

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.1423, -12.0439,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.3117

■ 99.7808, -13.0715,
9.1715

■ 17.1665, -5.0747,
2.9235

■ 17.1665, -5.0747,
2.9235

■ 16.8299, -6.4861,
3.6560

■ 17.5417, -3.5459,
2.1734

■ 16.5312, -7.7684,
4.3645

■ 17.9536, -1.9102,
1.4108

■ 16.2711, -8.9129,
5.0431

■ 18.4015, -0.1797,
0.6409

■ 16.0493, -9.9123,
5.6858

■ 18.8841, 1.6339,
-0.1318

■ 15.8650, -10.7623,
6.2870

■ 19.4003, 3.5196,
-0.9032

■ 15.7130, -11.4783,
6.8380

■ 19.9484, 5.4668,
-1.6701

■ 15.5691, -12.1570,
7.3165

■ 20.5271, 7.4661,
-2.4299

■ 15.5057, -12.4558,
7.5077

■ 21.1349, 9.5089,
-3.1803

■ 21.7703, 11.5876,
-3.9198

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1669, -3.5082, 4.4086



17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235



17.1669, -5.5496, 0.6901

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1669, -5.0750, 2.9237



17.1669, -0.6611, -4.4142



17.1669, 3.3986, 3.2870

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235



15.1503, 3.7846, -1.1231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1669, 4.2660, 1.1753



17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235



17.1669, 1.8379, -3.4630

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1669, -5.0750, 2.9237



17.1669, -3.0909, -3.7681



17.1669, 3.6790, -1.3257



17.1669, 1.3710, 4.5958

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235



17.1669, -5.2069, -0.9904



17.1669, 3.6790, -1.3257



17.1669, 3.8407, 2.6594

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1669, -5.0750, 2.9237



22.9745, -3.0918, 2.1069



17.6478, -3.4662, 4.6531



12.1151, -1.6933, 1.1405



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1669, -5.0750, 2.9237



21.8063, -7.8528, 4.4433



17.3106, -4.2564, 0.8653



9.8145, -1.3026, 0.8915



26.9587, -22.0407, 13.8834



70.6389, -58.5433, 38.0858

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1503, 3.7846, -1.1231



18.5175, 6.6264, -2.1507



14.9913, 2.9576, 1.1364



9.4491, 0.2986, 0.1574



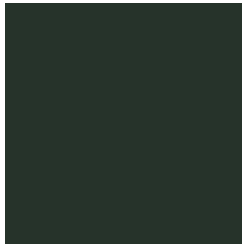
15.7535, 29.1713, -6.8200



41.1306, 75.7954, -14.9567

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

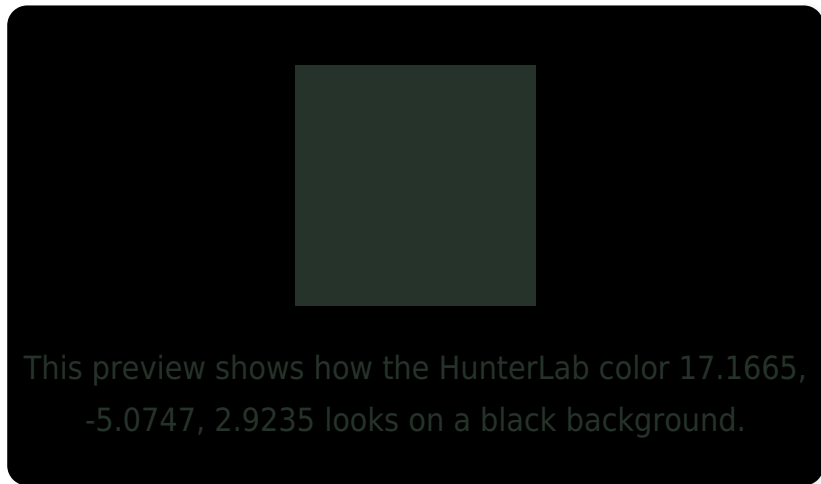
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

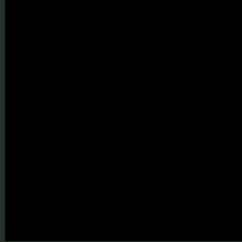
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1665, -5.0747,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235

Protanopia

17.1616, -1.3742, 3.6154

Deuteranopia

17.0666, 0.8241, 2.5908



Tritanopia

17.0434, -2.4281, -1.2575

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235

Protanomaly

17.1393, -2.6526, 3.2577

Deuteranomaly

17.0784, -1.5426, 2.5622

Tritanomaly

17.1298, -3.5958, 0.4349

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.7838, -2.4978, 1.5283

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 51, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 51, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 51, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 51, 42) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 51, 42) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 51, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 51, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 51, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 51, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 51, 42)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1665, -5.0747, 2.9235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 51, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 51,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor