

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.1792, 36.6416,
-100.5687)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.1792, 36.6416,
-100.5687) contains.

HunterLab(17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(17.1300, 36.7587,
-100.7625)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00139E
RGB	0, 19, 158
RGB Percent	0%, 7%, 62%
CMY	0.9999, 0.9255, 0.3804
CMYK	1.00, 0.88, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	233°, 100%, 31%
HSV	233°, 100%, 62%
XYZ	6.4044, 2.9344, 32.5766
YIQ	29.1650, -55.9430, 39.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

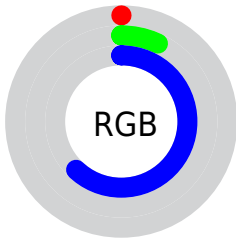
Format	Color
RYB	0, 17, 158
Decimal	5022
CIELab	19.78, 49.24, -72.08
CIELCh	20, 87.294, 304.342
Yxy	2.9344, 0.1528, 0.0700
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195102 (0xFF00139E)
YUV	29.1650, 63.5157, -25.5777
Hunter-Lab	17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625

Details

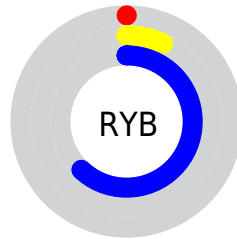
The HunterLab color **17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000099**. A complement of this color would be **50.7381, -6.6873, 31.1466**, and the grayscale version is **10.9593, -0.5848, 0.5954**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.3069, 40.6401, -92.0127**, and **10.0991, 27.3938, -71.7585** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1273, 36.7695, -100.7824**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1293, 31.1269, -87.9277**.

Distribution



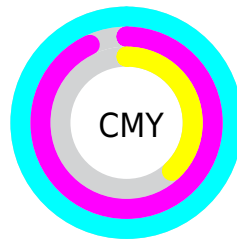
- Red (0%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1300, 36.7587,
-100.7625

■ 17.1300, 36.7587,
-100.7625

■ 112.9083, 51.0535,
-93.3659

■ 10.4765, 35.0922,
-114.5344

■ 33.3442, 40.5862,
-91.9212

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 42.7017, 42.4040,
-90.7148

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 52.8004, 44.1120,
-90.3836

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 63.5895, 45.7071,
-90.5620

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0273, 47.1928,
-91.0479

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0789, 48.5749,

-91.7222

■ 99.7145, 49.8597,
-92.5108

■ 17.1300, 36.7587,
-100.7625

■ 17.1300, 36.7587,
-100.7625

■ 17.1273, 36.7695,
-100.7824

■ 19.1293, 31.1269,
-87.9277

■ 21.8789, 25.0569,
-73.7397

■ 25.2766, 19.4399,
-59.9612

■ 29.1749, 14.5648,
-47.5058

■ 33.4594, 10.4245,
-36.5203

■ 38.0475, 6.9084,
-26.8425

■ 42.8805, 3.8924,
-18.2358

■ 47.9165, 1.2689,
-10.4778

■ 53.1248, -1.0476,
-3.3850

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1300, 2.9834, -142.9996



17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625



17.1300, 70.1271, -34.3957

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1300, 36.7614, -100.7628



17.1300, 26.1200, 11.9910



17.1300, -29.9775, -3.0158

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625



50.7381, -6.6873, 31.1466

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1300, -28.3066, 11.9910



17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625



17.1300, -4.4931, 11.9910

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1300, 36.7614, -100.7628



17.1300, 61.8457, 11.9910



17.1300, -20.8116, 11.9910



17.1300, -26.6256, -52.3185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625



17.1300, 81.0529, -4.3723



17.1300, -20.8116, 11.9910



17.1300, -29.9775, 4.9455

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1300, 36.7614, -100.7628



57.3845, 5.4740, -25.2381



51.2429, -31.3694, 3.6703



26.0047, 3.3386, -14.1128



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1300, 36.7614, -100.7628



22.7372, 50.8911, -138.2789



18.3500, 44.8697, -92.4251



25.6071, -0.5780, -1.3804



15.4356, 32.4914, -89.4327



2.7429, 2.2492, -8.2837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.0494, 46.4913, 16.1317



36.4280, 62.5744, 22.0635



52.1225, -31.3142, 31.5686



25.8040, 0.9405, 1.7927



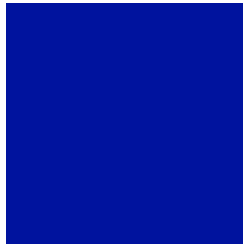
24.2131, 41.6347, 14.3355



3.2882, 5.7536, 1.1756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

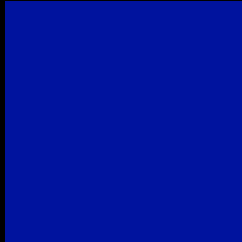
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

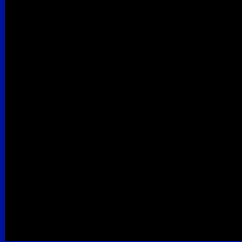
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625.

-100.7625.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625

Protanopia

17.4742, 4.2116, -30.9330

Deuteranopia

17.3883, -1.4446, -18.6153



Tritanopia

17.4295, -8.6886, -3.0291

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625

Protanomaly

16.5175, 16.2062, -55.6299

Deuteranomaly

16.1892, 11.9151, -45.9564

Tritanomaly

15.6974, 4.9190, -30.2391

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625

Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

Achromatomaly

11.6003, 8.9604, -27.6420

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 19, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 19, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 19, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 19, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 19, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 19, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 19, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 19, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 19, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 19, 158)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1300, 36.7587, -100.7625 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 19, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 19,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor