

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.1826, 14.5763,  
-23.3351)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.1826, 14.5763,  
-23.3351) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(17.0781, 14.6818,  
-23.5807)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3A245B
RGB	58, 36, 91
RGB Percent	23%, 14%, 36%
CMY	0.7725, 0.8588, 0.6431
CMYK	0.36, 0.60, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	264°, 43%, 25%
HSV	264°, 60%, 36%
XYZ	4.2641, 2.9166, 10.2357
YIQ	48.8480, -4.5430, 21.7690

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

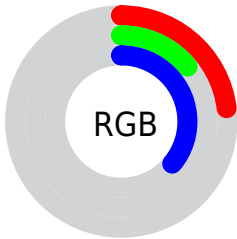
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	58, 36, 91
Decimal	3810395
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	19.71, 23.76, -29.37
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 37.778, 308.963
Yxy	2.9167, 0.2448, 0.1675
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282000475 (0xFF3A245B)
YUV	48.8480, 20.7809, 8.0263
Hunter-Lab	17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807

# Details

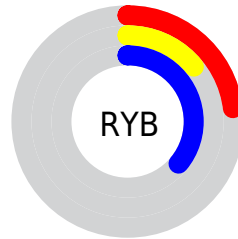
The HunterLab color **17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **29.7906, -13.1041, 14.8054**, and the grayscale version is **17.4088, -0.9289, 0.9459**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4301, 16.6994, -24.4954**, and **5.5555, 12.9242, -22.8460** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.0969, 17.5902, -29.2600**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.2661, 11.7759, -18.3812**.

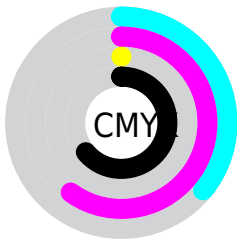
# Distribution



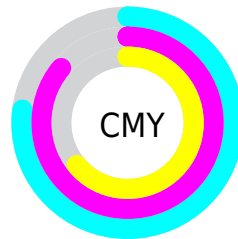
- Red (23%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807	■ 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807
■ 112.8115, 20.2679, -27.6655	■ 10.4327, 13.4417, -23.6583
■ 33.2798, 16.6930, -24.5441	0.0000, INF, -NF
■ 42.6317, 17.4922, -25.1188	0.0000, NaN, -NF
■ 52.7253, 18.1764, -25.6694	0.0000, NaN, NaN
■ 63.5096, 18.7592, -26.1761	0.0000, NaN, NaN
■ 74.9428, 19.2516, -26.6307	0.0000, NaN, NaN
■ 86.9902, 19.6625,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-27.0305

99.6217, 19.9992,  
-27.3751

17.0781, 14.6818,  
-23.5807

17.0781, 14.6818,  
-23.5807

15.0969, 17.5902,  
-29.2600

19.2661, 11.7759,  
-18.3812

13.3709, 20.3552,  
-35.2931

21.6211, 8.9365,  
-13.6621

11.9521, 22.7263,  
-41.3358

24.1139, 6.1828,  
-9.3686

10.6661, 25.3475,  
-48.0015

26.7220, 3.5132,  
-5.4330

29.4284, 0.9177,  
-1.7911

■ 32.2203, -1.6159,  
1.6127

■ 35.0873, -4.0994,  
4.8241

■ 38.0215, -6.5434,  
7.8800

■ 41.0163, -8.9568,  
10.8101

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.0784, 2.5405, -33.7274



17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807



17.0784, 23.9127, -8.0793

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.0784, 14.6818, -23.5801



17.0784, 7.4418, 11.9549



17.0784, -17.2910, -2.5443

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807



29.7906, -13.1041, 14.8054

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0784, -16.6125, 6.7285



17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807



17.0784, -4.1107, 11.9549

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.0784, 14.6818, -23.5801



17.0784, 19.0459, 9.4738



17.0784, -12.3645, 10.8376



17.0784, -14.5375, -17.3914



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807



17.0784, 26.0845, 0.5580



17.0784, -12.3645, 10.8376



17.0784, -17.4379, 1.2930

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.0784, 14.6818, -23.5801



35.5980, 3.9477, -6.1803



23.2093, -4.1302, -11.0550



17.1693, 2.2673, -3.5053



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.0784, 14.6818, -23.5801



18.6076, 24.7819, -42.0202



19.9297, 21.6485, -16.7853



15.2336, 0.2595, -0.6285



12.8475, 30.7050, -59.1639



29.2383, 71.0132, -143.4437



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7879, 19.6706, -4.3319



23.3310, 31.4500, -5.8938



28.4453, -18.4403, 13.7260



15.3891, 0.6950, 0.2901



19.1923, 34.9039, -3.3847

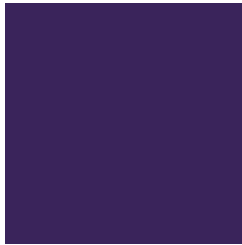


44.7124, 80.9583, -5.1155



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

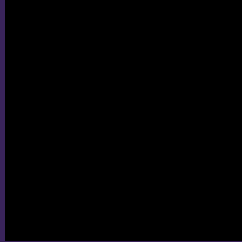
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807.

-23.5807.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807

### Protanopia

16.8963, 4.5455, -30.9313

### Deuteranopia

16.9845, -0.1006, -21.0121



## Tritanopia

17.1760, 0.3860, -0.2207

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807

## Protanomaly

16.3092, 7.0136, -30.0579

## Deuteranomaly

16.3260, 3.9173, -23.4006

## Tritanomaly

16.9646, 5.1967, -7.4692

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807

## Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

## Achromatomaly

17.0341, 4.1661, -6.3137

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 36, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 36, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 36, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 36, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 36, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 36, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 36, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 36, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 36, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 36, 91)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.0781, 14.6818, -23.5807 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 36, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 36,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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