

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.2256, 32.8024,
-14.4738)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.2256, 32.8024,
-14.4738) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4149)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E004F
RGB	94, 0, 79
RGB Percent	37%, 0%, 31%
CMY	0.6314, 1.0000, 0.6902
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.16, 0.63
HSL	310°, 100%, 18%
HSV	310°, 100%, 37%
XYZ	6.0274, 2.9442, 7.6478
YIQ	37.1120, 30.6650, 44.4970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

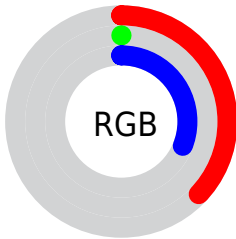
Format	Color
R_{YB}	94, 0, 79
Decimal	6160463
CIE _{Lab}	19.82, 44.99, -20.76
CIE _{LCh}	20, 49.554, 335.231
Yxy	2.9444, 0.3627, 0.1772
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284350543 (0xFF5E004F)
YUV	37.1120, 20.6508, 49.8908
Hunter-Lab	17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149

Details

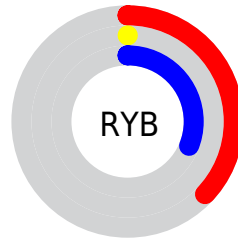
The HunterLab color **17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **28.3550, -23.8796, 16.1087**, and the grayscale version is **13.5676, -0.7239, 0.7372**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4543, 36.3107, -14.9433**, and **8.5187, 16.0130, -5.5376** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4143**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8059, 30.8404, -14.0833**.

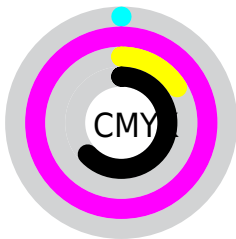
Distribution



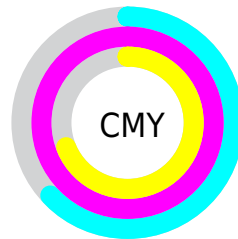
- Red (37%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4149

■ 17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4149

■ 112.9629, 45.7354,
-16.8568

■ 10.5012, 30.9620,
-14.0244

■ 33.3806, 36.3019,
-15.3539

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.7412, 37.9797,
-15.7568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8428, 39.5396,
-16.0952

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.6346, 40.9836,
-16.3682

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.0749, 42.3181,
-16.5778

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.1290, 43.5502,

-16.7270

■ 99.7669, 44.6871,
-16.8189

■ 17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4149

■ 17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4149

■ 17.1587, 32.6746,
-14.4143

■ 17.8059, 30.8404,
-14.0833

■ 18.5691, 28.7252,
-13.5433

■ 19.6274, 25.8305,
-12.4817

■ 20.9685, 22.3536,
-10.9895

■ 22.5682, 18.5041,
-9.1782

■ 24.3972, 14.4579,
-7.1509

■ 26.4259, 10.3416,
-4.9888

■ 28.6274, 6.2356,
-2.7500

■ 30.9781, 2.1853,
-0.4728

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1591, 18.4322, -38.2411



17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149



17.1591, 36.8698, 3.1914

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1591, 32.6733, -14.4141



17.1591, -3.3979, 12.0114



17.1591, -18.3349, -22.6666

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149



28.3550, -23.8796, 16.1087

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1591, -20.8592, -1.6790



17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149



17.1591, -14.2775, 12.0114

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1591, 32.6733, -14.4141



17.1591, 12.4774, 12.0114



17.1591, -19.6716, 8.7718



17.1591, -11.1520, -45.2014

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149



17.1591, 32.5144, 8.8591



17.1591, -19.6716, 8.7718



17.1591, -19.6237, -14.7630

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1591, 32.6733, -14.4141



34.7059, 14.1962, -6.8752



9.5000, 24.7721, -59.8039



16.6218, 7.6772, -3.7521



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1591, 32.6733, -14.4141



22.6791, 43.1447, -18.7247



15.7769, 27.7089, 4.8260



15.4165, 0.8420, -0.0987



20.1691, 38.3844, -16.7664



47.0829, 89.4187, -37.6973

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.1591, 32.6733, -14.4141



22.6791, 43.1447, -18.7247



28.8852, -20.5910, 8.3467



15.4165, 0.8420, -0.0987



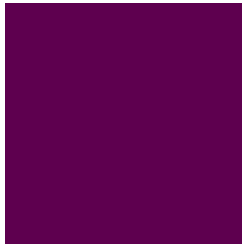
20.1691, 38.3844, -16.7664



47.0829, 89.4187, -37.6973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

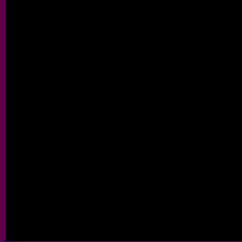
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149.

-14.4149.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149

Protanopia

18.2258, 4.7543, -33.0439

Deuteranopia

18.4324, 1.2361, -9.4595



Tritanopia

18.0650, 17.6030, 6.7174

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149

Protanomaly

14.8917, 13.3454, -34.6497

Deuteranomaly

16.0591, 14.2189, -15.0993

Tritanomaly

17.1894, 23.2967, 0.5914

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149

Achromatopsia

13.6016, -0.7257, 0.7390

Achromatomaly

13.4192, 12.3170, -5.8698

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 0, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 0, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 0, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 0, 79) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 0, 79) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 0, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 0, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 0, 79); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 0, 79); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 0, 79) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1587, 32.6746, -14.4149 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 0, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 0,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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