

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.2889, -4.9185,
-0.4018)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.2889, -4.9185,
-0.4018) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3990, -5.0564,
-0.4382)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	213434
RGB	33, 52, 52
RGB Percent	13%, 20%, 20%
CMY	0.8706, 0.7961, 0.7961
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	180°, 22%, 17%
HSV	180°, 37%, 20%
XYZ	2.4750, 3.0273, 3.7027
YIQ	46.3190, -11.3240, -4.0280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

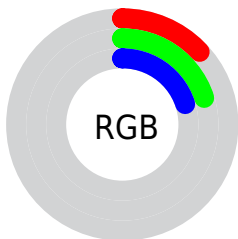
Format	Color
RYB	33, 43, 52
Decimal	2176052
CIELab	20.15, -7.63, -2.46
CIELCh	20, 8.018, 197.893
Yxy	3.0274, 0.2689, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280366132 (0xFF213434)
YUV	46.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808
Hunter-Lab	17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382

Details

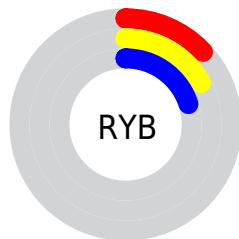
The HunterLab color **17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.8841, 4.4326, 2.4880**, and the grayscale version is **16.6286, -0.8873, 0.9035**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5215, -6.9352, 0.0964**, and **1.9248, 1.1947, -4.9849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1700, -5.9148, -0.7420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6633, -4.0837, -0.0929**.

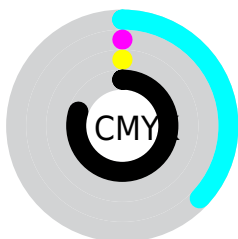
Distribution



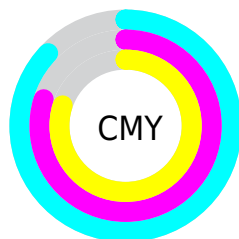
- Red (13%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3990, -5.0564,
-0.4382

■ 17.3990, -5.0564,
-0.4382

■ 113.4124,
-14.0442, 3.6574

■ 10.7053, -4.0158,
-0.6129

■ 33.6802, -7.0343,
0.1310

■ 1.3023, -2.2790,
-7.7701

■ 43.0665, -8.0102,
0.5036

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1919, -8.9891,
0.9261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.0059, -9.9757,
1.3940

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4673, -10.9729,
1.9037

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.5412, -11.9826,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.1982,
-13.0061, 3.0376

17.3990, -5.0564,
-0.4382

17.3990, -5.0564,
-0.4382

17.1700, -5.9148,
-0.7420

17.6633, -4.0837,
-0.0929

16.9750, -6.6547,
-1.0040

17.9620, -3.0013,
0.2914

16.8134, -7.2746,
-1.2234

18.2952, -1.8159,
0.7126

16.6842, -7.7752,
-1.4004

18.6623, -0.5350,
1.1684

16.5807, -8.1796,
-1.5433

19.0628, 0.8334,
1.6558

■ 16.4792, -8.5787,
-1.6843

■ 19.4956, 2.2811,
2.1722

■ 16.4439, -8.7181,
-1.7335

■ 19.9599, 3.7998,
2.7147

■ 20.4546, 5.3815,
3.2805

■ 20.9783, 7.0188,
3.8669

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3993, -5.1641, 1.8319



17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382



17.3993, -3.8804, -2.5853

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3993, -5.0566, -0.4379



17.3993, 2.5818, -2.2172



17.3993, 0.0367, 4.6745

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382



13.8841, 4.4326, 2.4880

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3993, 2.2325, 3.8657



17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382



17.3993, 3.7537, 0.0132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3993, -5.0566, -0.4379



17.3993, 0.4929, -3.7033



17.3993, 3.6226, 2.2269



17.3993, -2.3072, 4.5876

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382



17.3993, -2.6111, -3.5663



17.3993, 3.6226, 2.2269



17.3993, 0.8189, 4.5033

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3993, -5.0566, -0.4379



23.8044, -3.1903, 0.6499



17.0132, -7.3207, 5.3408



12.8897, -1.7491, 0.3447



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3993, -5.0566, -0.4379



22.5573, -7.7563, -0.9701



15.1190, -1.6133, -3.4530



9.8527, -1.0906, 0.3460



28.1280, -14.9128, -2.9651



73.8195, -39.1375, -7.7814

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8841, 4.4326, 2.4880



16.8088, 7.8967, 3.8601



15.8397, 0.7385, 4.3872



9.4104, 0.0893, 0.7095



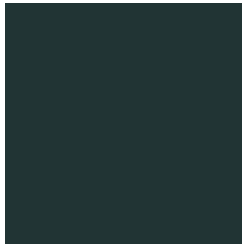
14.6159, 25.0302, 9.4440



38.3581, 65.6895, 24.7857

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

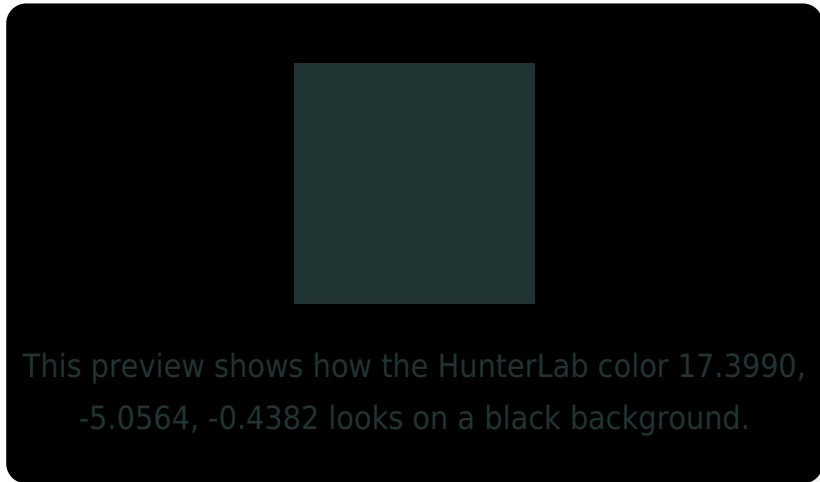
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

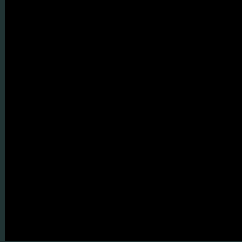
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

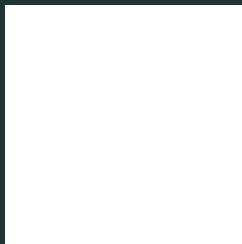
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382.

-0.4382.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382

Protanopia

17.3123, -0.4031, 0.3262

Deuteranopia

17.3028, 0.9200, -0.8633



Tritanopia

17.3010, -3.8921, -2.2289

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382

Protanomaly

17.1733, -2.0714, -0.2671

Deuteranomaly

17.2891, -1.5580, -0.9243

Tritanomaly

17.2730, -4.0506, -1.8340

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.7294, -2.5495, 0.3536

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 52, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 52, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 52, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 52, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 52, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 52, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 52, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 52, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 52, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 52, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3990, -5.0564, -0.4382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 52, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 52,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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