

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.2889, -5.2184,
-6.3505)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.2889, -5.2184,
-6.3505) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.1954, -5.0402,
-6.7362)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	113441
RGB	17, 52, 65
RGB Percent	7%, 20%, 25%
CMY	0.9333, 0.7961, 0.7451
CMYK	0.74, 0.20, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	196°, 59%, 16%
HSV	196°, 74%, 25%
XYZ	2.4133, 2.9568, 5.4446
YIQ	43.0170, -25.0330, -3.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

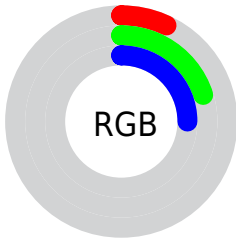
Format	Color
R _Y B	17, 37, 65
Decimal	1127489
CIE Lab	19.87, -7.65, -11.84
CIE LCh	20, 14.096, 237.113
Yxy	2.9569, 0.2232, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279317569 (0xFF113441)
YUV	43.0170, 10.8376, -22.8169
Hunter-Lab	17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362

Details

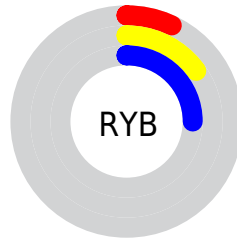
The HunterLab color **17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **14.4672, 8.5577, 6.8906**, and the grayscale version is **15.5203, -0.8281, 0.8432**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.2955, -6.8269, -7.4229**, and **2.8908, 5.1606, -14.7536** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5870, -4.9584, -7.7424**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.8494, -4.9632, -5.7003**.

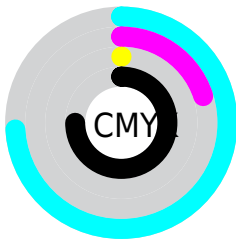
Distribution



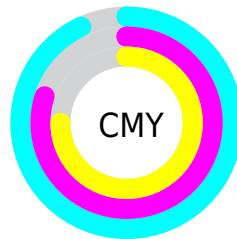
- Red (7%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.1954, -5.0402,
-6.7362

■ 17.1954, -5.0402,
-6.7362

■ 113.0314,
-14.0393, -6.4507

■ 10.5323, -3.9953,
-6.4035

■ 33.4262, -7.0226,
-7.1531

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.7908, -7.9999,
-7.2400

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.8960, -8.9801,
-7.2550

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.6912, -9.9678,
-7.2048

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.1348, -10.9659,
-7.0948

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.1918, -11.9763,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-6.9300

■ 99.8327, -13.0005,
-6.7141

■ 17.1954, -5.0402,
-6.7362

■ 17.1954, -5.0402,
-6.7362

■ 16.5870, -4.9584,
-7.7424

■ 17.8494, -4.9632,
-5.7003

■ 16.0027, -4.7932,
-8.7522

■ 18.5471, -4.7324,
-4.6414

■ 15.6412, -4.7013,
-9.4015

■ 19.2875, -4.3556,
-3.5648

■ 20.0690, -3.8421,
-2.4756

■ 20.8895, -3.2020,
-1.3785

■ 21.7472, -2.4459,
-0.2770

■ 22.6398, -1.5840,
0.8257

■ 23.5655, -0.6259,
1.9274

■ 24.5223, 0.4192,
3.0262

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.1957, -7.4602, -2.8951



17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362



17.1957, -1.3185, -8.5015

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.1957, -5.0402, -6.7359



17.1957, 7.7984, 0.5493



17.1957, -4.4060, 6.4144

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362



14.4672, 8.5577, 6.8906

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.1957, -0.5147, 6.9222



17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362



17.1957, 6.7760, 4.0485

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.1957, -5.0402, -6.7359



17.1957, 6.3082, -3.7167



17.1957, 3.6323, 6.1679



17.1957, -7.1191, 4.5685

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362



17.1957, 1.4931, -8.0135



17.1957, 3.6323, 6.1679



17.1957, -3.2040, 6.7250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.1957, -5.0402, -6.7359



27.2024, -4.0706, -1.6577



19.9814, -13.9442, 8.4628



14.2234, -2.1825, -0.9418



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.1957, -5.0402, -6.7359



20.8659, -6.1651, -11.1709



11.5801, 4.4815, -18.3914



11.9618, -1.0778, 0.1654



23.0738, -6.4612, -14.8924



56.4092, -14.1732, -39.9107

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3145, 16.9236, -5.9669



15.6886, 25.9252, -8.1342



19.4529, -1.0904, 10.3510



11.6262, 0.4773, 0.1117



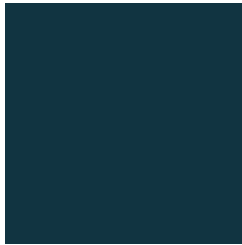
17.2813, 32.2016, -9.0418



43.1023, 80.0008, -20.1080

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

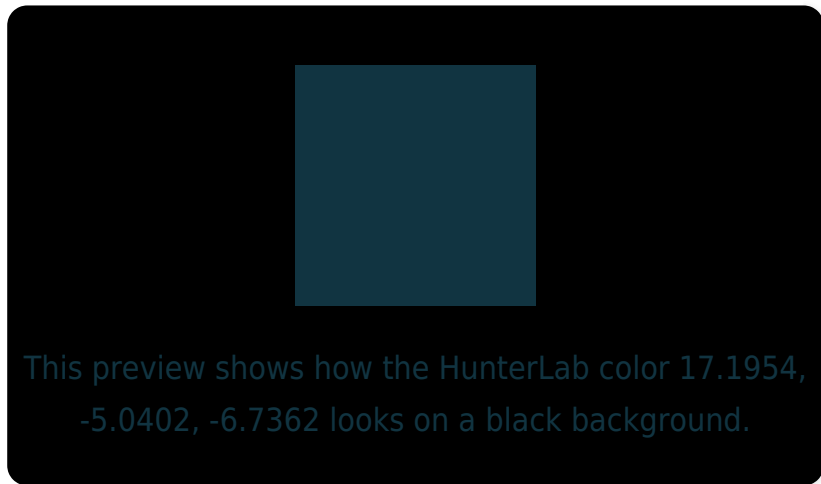
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

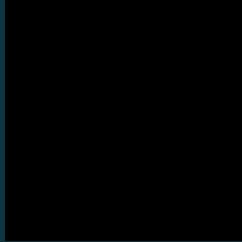
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

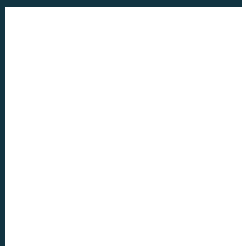
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362.

-6.7362.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362

Protanopia

17.3124, 0.2758, -4.9353

Deuteranopia

17.1463, 1.1849, -7.2366



Tritanopia

17.0963, -7.2114, -3.4739

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362

Protanomaly

17.0164, -1.9260, -5.9335

Deuteranomaly

17.1174, -1.3685, -7.3292

Tritanomaly

17.2299, -6.5174, -4.6892

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362

Achromatopsia

15.5427, -0.8293, 0.8445

Achromatomaly

15.9157, -2.7948, -1.9091

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 52, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 52, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 52, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 52, 65) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 52, 65) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 52, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 52, 65)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 52, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 52, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 52, 65)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.1954, -5.0402, -6.7362 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 52, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 52,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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