

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3135, 2.1142,
-0.3049)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.3135, 2.1142, -0.3049)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3613, 2.2345,
-0.3578)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	372E34
RGB	55, 46, 52
RGB Percent	22%, 18%, 20%
CMY	0.7843, 0.8196, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.05, 0.78
HSL	320°, 9%, 20%
HSV	320°, 16%, 22%
XYZ	3.1724, 3.0141, 3.6634
YIQ	49.3750, 3.4380, 3.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 46, 52
Decimal	3616308
CIE Lab	20.10, 5.38, -2.32
CIE LCh	20, 5.859, 336.638
Yxy	3.0143, 0.3221, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281806388 (0xFF372E34)
YUV	49.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331
Hunter-Lab	17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578

Details

The HunterLab color **17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **18.8018, -3.9717, 2.3524**, and the grayscale version is **17.6458, -0.9415, 0.9587**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.7060, 1.9758, 0.4779**, and **3.0218, 5.6100, -1.4204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1108, 4.2769, -1.1724**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.6782, 0.2204, 0.4997**.

Distribution



 Red (22%)

 Green (18%)

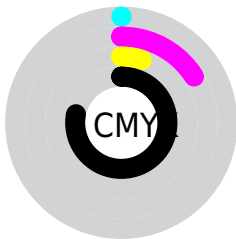
 Blue (20%)



 Red (22%)

 Yellow (18%)

 Blue (20%)



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (16%)

 Yellow (5%)

 Black (78%)



 Cyan (78%)

 Magenta (82%)

 Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3613, 2.2345,
-0.3578

■ 17.3613, 2.2345,
-0.3578

■ 113.3420, -0.2883,
3.7986

■ 10.6733, 2.1533,
-0.5423

■ 33.6333, 2.0967,
0.2283

■ 1.0574, 22.1096,
-9.0504

■ 43.0155, 1.9142,
0.6083

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1372, 1.6699,
1.0377

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9477, 1.3704,
1.5121

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4058, 1.0211,
2.0279

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4767, 0.6261,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.1306, 0.1888,
3.1734

17.3613, 2.2345,
-0.3578

17.3613, 2.2345,
-0.3578

16.1108, 4.2769,
-1.1724

18.6782, 0.2204,
0.4997

14.9350, 6.3373,
-1.9307

20.0523, -1.7590,
1.3885

13.8454, 8.3929,
-2.6125

21.4773, -3.7034,
2.3015

12.8548, 10.4064,
-3.1923

22.9476, -5.6142,
3.2333

11.9769, 12.3212,
-3.6383

24.4587, -7.4943,
4.1802

■ 11.2259, 14.0600,
-3.9154

■ 26.0065, -9.3469,
5.1395

■ 10.5955, 15.5882,
-4.0192

■ 27.5877, -11.1755,
6.1093

■ 9.9566, 17.2922,
-4.1476

■ 29.1996, -12.9834,
7.0882

■ 9.7145, 17.9896,
-4.2132

■ 30.8397, -14.7736,
8.0752

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3617, 1.1032, -1.7914



17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578



17.3617, 2.5028, 1.3070

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3617, 2.2340, -0.3575



17.3617, -1.3103, 3.8042



17.3617, -3.5173, -1.0519

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578



18.8018, -3.9717, 2.3524

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3617, -4.1102, 0.5751



17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578



17.3617, -2.8686, 3.2978

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3617, 2.2340, -0.3575



17.3617, 0.4119, 3.6069



17.3617, -3.8775, 2.1539



17.3617, -2.2271, -2.2190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578



17.3617, 2.1480, 2.3051



17.3617, -3.8775, 2.1539



17.3617, -3.8024, -0.5348

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3617, 2.2340, -0.3575



24.3173, -0.0032, 0.7717



16.9792, 1.1240, -2.1393



12.6882, 0.0201, 0.3936



60.6009, -3.2335, 3.2926



13.1868, -0.7036, 0.7165

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3617, 2.2340, -0.3575



21.6653, 4.0994, -0.9554



17.2501, 1.6410, 1.2314



10.1638, 0.3431, 0.1794



16.1371, 29.7360, -5.8579



41.4582, 76.0181, -12.1229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3617, 2.2340, -0.3575



21.6653, 4.0994, -0.9554



18.9076, -3.3769, 0.8395



10.1638, 0.3431, 0.1794



16.1371, 29.7360, -5.8579



41.4582, 76.0181, -12.1229

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

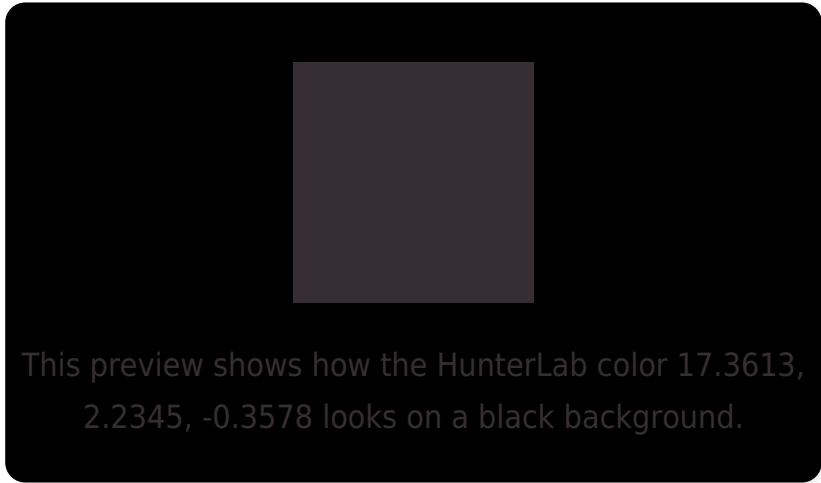
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

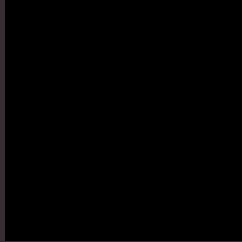
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578.



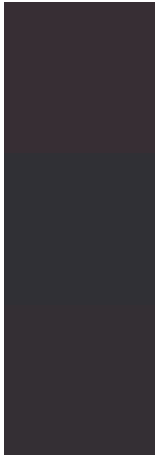
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578.

-0.3578.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578

Protanopia

17.3186, -0.2271, -0.8632

Deuteranopia

17.3523, 1.0342, -0.3901



Tritanopia

17.3104, 1.9646, 0.3654

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578

Protanomaly

17.3028, 0.9200, -0.8633

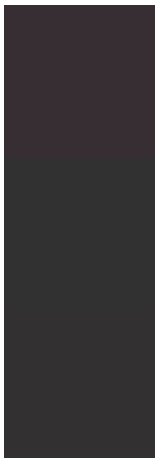
Deuteranomaly

17.4294, 1.2931, -0.2890

Tritanomaly

17.3356, 2.0983, 0.0071

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578

Achromatopsia

17.5253, -0.9351, 0.9522

Achromatomaly

17.4585, 0.0990, 0.5116

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 46, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 46, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 46, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 46, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 46, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 46, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 46, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 46, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 46, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 46, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3613, 2.2345, -0.3578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 46, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 46,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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