

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3240, 18.7144,
6.9150)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.3240, 18.7144,
6.9150) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3102, 18.5186,
7.0093)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	591B1D
RGB	89, 27, 29
RGB Percent	35%, 11%, 11%
CMY	0.6510, 0.8941, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.67, 0.65
HSL	358°, 53%, 23%
HSV	358°, 70%, 35%
XYZ	4.7335, 2.9964, 1.4913
YIQ	45.7660, 36.3100, 13.7660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

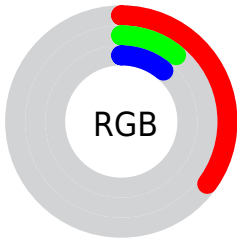
Format	Color
RYB	89, 27, 29
Decimal	5839645
CIELab	20.03, 28.66, 14.27
CIElCh	20, 32.012, 26.471
Yxy	2.9966, 0.5133, 0.3250
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284029725 (0xFF591B1D)
YUV	45.7660, -8.2656, 37.9162
Hunter-Lab	17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093

Details

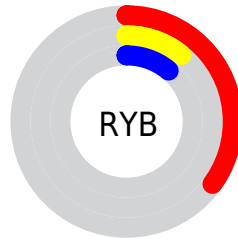
The HunterLab color **17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **28.4007, -13.5940, -1.5630**, and the grayscale version is **16.4704, -0.8788, 0.8949**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.4740, 21.1210, 10.1371**, and **7.0316, 12.0730, 4.3021** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.1608, 21.0635, 7.8322**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7543, 15.6391, 6.1358**.

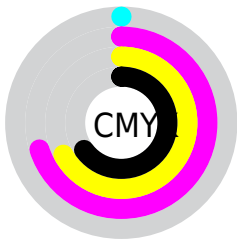
Distribution



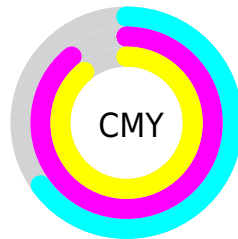
- Red (35%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3102, 18.5186,
7.0093

■ 17.3102, 18.5186,
7.0093

■ 113.2466, 25.9892,
19.6417

■ 10.6299, 17.0803,
6.2616

■ 33.5697, 20.9812,
10.0818

■ 0.5789, 215.6600,
0.4052

■ 42.9465, 22.0049,
11.5105

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0631, 22.9073,
12.9014

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8690, 23.7014,
14.2680

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3226, 24.3981,
15.6197

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.3892, 25.0066,

16.9629

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.0392, 25.5348,
18.3024

17.3102, 18.5186,
7.0093

17.3102, 18.5186,
7.0093

16.1608, 21.0635,
7.8322

18.7543, 15.6391,
6.1358

15.3285, 23.0701,
8.5318

20.4566, 12.6146,
5.2664

14.6197, 24.9680,
9.0777

22.3808, 9.5724,
4.4364

14.5949, 25.0373,
9.0974

24.4931, 6.5875,
3.6626

26.7646, 3.6957,
2.9500

■ 29.1716, 0.9084,
2.2967

■ 31.6946, -1.7766,
1.6976

■ 34.3184, -4.3678,
1.1465

■ 37.0302, -6.8762,
0.6370

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3107, 21.1875, -0.1554



17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093



17.3107, 10.2927, 10.2379

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3107, 18.5171, 7.0096



17.3107, -13.6116, 8.0266



17.3107, -2.0285, -26.6911

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093



28.4007, -13.5940, -1.5630

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3107, -9.8574, -20.5318



17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093



17.3107, -15.5779, 1.9724

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3107, 18.5171, 7.0096



17.3107, -8.2988, 10.7098



17.3107, -14.3667, -8.6628



17.3107, 7.9372, -22.7539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093



17.3107, 3.5323, 11.3007



17.3107, -14.3667, -8.6628



17.3107, -4.9717, -25.6758

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3107, 18.5171, 7.0096



34.3708, 5.5766, 4.0358



18.7839, 25.2802, -17.8148



17.0438, 3.1266, 2.1093



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3107, 18.5171, 7.0096



20.3179, 29.4491, 10.8987



22.4167, 6.3876, 11.1817



14.5627, 0.3266, 1.1096



17.7188, 30.3866, 11.1189



41.9651, 71.9060, 26.8111

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3107, 18.5171, 7.0096



20.3179, 29.4491, 10.8987



20.4774, -2.0598, -14.7828



14.5627, 0.3266, 1.1096



17.7188, 30.3866, 11.1189



41.9651, 71.9060, 26.8111

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

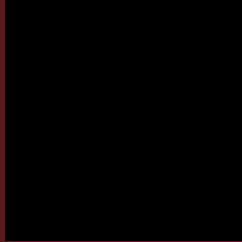
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3102, 18.5186,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093

Protanopia

17.8270, -1.5727, 4.8587

Deuteranopia

17.6060, 0.8973, 7.5733



Tritanopia

17.2961, 18.4574, 7.2149

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093

Protanomaly

17.1334, 5.2105, 5.1462

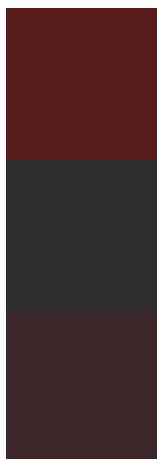
Deuteranomaly

17.1357, 7.0462, 7.0945

Tritanomaly

17.2961, 18.4574, 7.2149

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093

Achromatopsia

16.5290, -0.8819, 0.8981

Achromatomaly

16.2123, 5.7065, 2.7482

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 27, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 27, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 27, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 27, 29) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

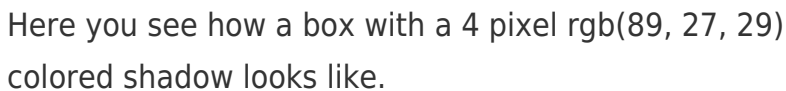
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 27, 29) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 27, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 27, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 27, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 27, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 27, 29)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3102, 18.5186, 7.0093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 27, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 27,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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