

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3371, 30.0767,  
8.2075)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.3371, 30.0767,  
8.2075) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(17.3465, 30.0865,  
8.2619)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	680018
RGB	104, 0, 24
RGB Percent	41%, 0%, 9%
CMY	0.5922, 1.0000, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.77, 0.59
HSL	346°, 100%, 20%
HSV	346°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	5.8738, 3.0090, 1.1354
YIQ	33.8320, 54.2800, 29.5120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

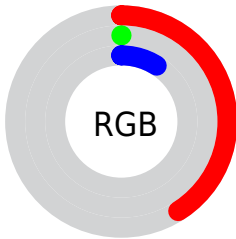
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	104, 0, 24
Decimal	6815768
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.08, 42.16, 18.51
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 46.047, 23.707
Yxy	3.0092, 0.5863, 0.3004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285005848 (0xFF680018)
YUV	33.8320, -4.8472, 61.5373
Hunter-Lab	17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619

# Details

The HunterLab color **17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **32.3728, -21.3704, 5.6706**, and the grayscale version is **12.5989, -0.6722, 0.6845**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6449, 33.3284, 11.9575**, and **8.5700, 14.7275, 5.1413** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3463, 30.0861, 8.2632**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.0924, 28.3496, 7.1665**.

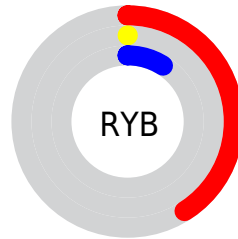
# Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (0%)

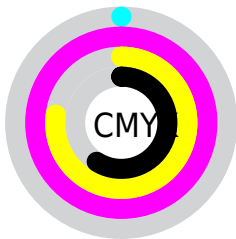
Blue (9%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (9%)

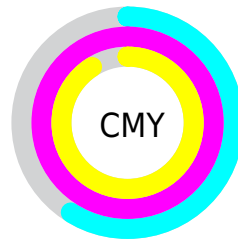


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.3465, 30.0865,  
8.2619

■ 17.3465, 30.0865,  
8.2619

■ 113.3146, 42.2524,  
23.3118

■ 10.6609, 28.3670,  
7.4626

■ 33.6150, 33.5530,  
12.0606

■ 0.9452, 197.2513,  
0.6617

■ 42.9957, 35.1274,  
13.7918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1159, 36.5803,  
15.4573

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9252, 37.9167,  
17.0768

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3819, 39.1445,  
18.6637


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 87.4516, 40.2715,


20.2274


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 100.1044, 41.3052,  
21.7751


 17.3465, 30.0865,  
8.2619


 17.3465, 30.0865,  
8.2619


 17.3463, 30.0861,  
8.2632

 18.0924, 28.3496,  
7.1665

 19.0411, 26.2680,  
5.9416

 20.3652, 23.4183,  
4.8172

 22.0385, 20.0479,  
3.8646

 24.0210, 16.3918,  
3.1150

■ 26.2697, 12.6255,  
2.5693

■ 28.7444, 8.8596,  
2.2108

■ 31.4108, 5.1543,  
2.0160

■ 34.2401, 1.5359,  
1.9603

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3470, 33.4549, -2.0086



17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619



17.3470, 17.4173, 12.1429

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3470, 30.0843, 8.2623



17.3470, -17.3685, 10.3827



17.3470, -3.6999, -46.4200

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619



32.3728, -21.3704, 5.6706

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3470, -13.8467, -33.4355



17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619



17.3470, -20.0138, 3.4548

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3470, 30.0843, 8.2623



17.3470, -10.2356, 12.1429



17.3470, -18.9597, -12.3250



17.3470, 10.8849, -40.7429



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619



17.3470, 7.0335, 12.1429



17.3470, -18.9597, -12.3250



17.3470, -7.6682, -43.8996

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3470, 30.0843, 8.2623



37.7828, 12.1588, 2.9600



16.4124, 34.1929, -36.5999



18.1501, 6.7665, 1.5254



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3470, 30.0843, 8.2623



22.9417, 39.7237, 11.4498



19.3941, 22.3699, 12.3413



16.8993, 0.5611, 0.9593



19.2474, 33.3603, 9.3477



43.8246, 75.6999, 23.2877



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3470, 30.0843, 8.2623



22.9417, 39.7237, 11.4498



24.9110, -7.0371, -15.9441



16.8993, 0.5611, 0.9593



19.2474, 33.3603, 9.3477

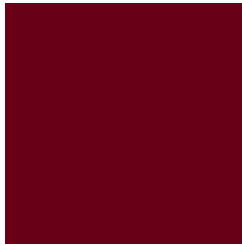


43.8246, 75.6999, 23.2877



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

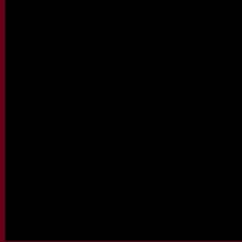
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3465, 30.0865,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619

### Protanopia

18.8240, -1.8498, 6.3098

### Deuteranopia

18.6631, 0.7816, 9.6958



## Tritanopia

17.8076, 27.4246, 10.9750

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619

## Protanomaly

16.4444, 10.9157, 5.3972

## Deuteranomaly

16.7003, 13.0049, 8.1687

## Tritanomaly

17.6064, 28.4010, 10.1749

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619

## Achromatopsia

12.6476, -0.6748, 0.6872

## Achromatomaly

12.6387, 10.7174, 2.2134

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 0, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 0, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 0, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 0, 24) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 0, 24) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 0, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 0, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 0, 24); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 0, 24);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 0, 24)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3465, 30.0865, 8.2619 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 0, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104, 0,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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