

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3491, 12.3282,  
-14.4892)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.3491, 12.3282,  
-14.4892) contains.

<b>HunterLab(17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(17.3421, 12.4107,  
-14.3862)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F264F
RGB	63, 38, 79
RGB Percent	25%, 15%, 31%
CMY	0.7529, 0.8510, 0.6902
CMYK	0.20, 0.52, 0.00, 0.69
HSL	277°, 35%, 23%
HSV	277°, 52%, 31%
XYZ	4.1543, 3.0075, 7.7587
YIQ	50.1490, 1.7390, 18.0510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

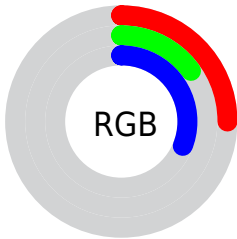
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	63, 38, 79
Decimal	4138575
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.07, 20.63, -20.72
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 29.241, 314.882
Yxy	3.0076, 0.2784, 0.2016
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282328655 (0xFF3F264F)
YUV	50.1490, 14.2235, 11.2703
Hunter-Lab	17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862




# Details

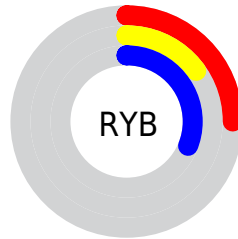
The HunterLab color **17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **25.5269, -12.0359, 11.2595**, and the grayscale version is **17.8631, -0.9531, 0.9705**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6807, 13.9237, -14.9524**, and **5.5092, 11.6372, -13.5144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.6726, 15.1308, -18.0615**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1624, 9.6586, -10.9106**.

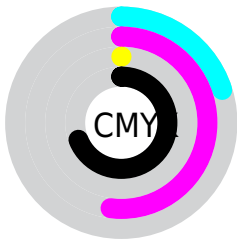
# Distribution







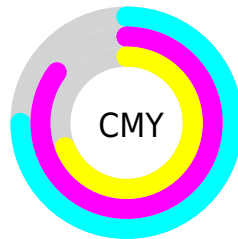
-  Red (25%)
-  Green (15%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (25%)
-  Yellow (15%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (20%)
-  Magenta (52%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (69%)



-  Cyan (75%)
-  Magenta (85%)
-  Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.3421, 12.4107,  
-14.3862

■ 17.3421, 12.4107,  
-14.3862

■ 113.3060, 16.6880,  
-16.8061

■ 10.6569, 11.3295,  
-13.9897

■ 33.6093, 14.0910,  
-15.3231

■ 0.9072, 99.0677,  
-100.4324

■ 42.9895, 14.7329,  
-15.7233

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.1093, 15.2663,  
-16.0587

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9181, 15.7046,  
-16.3288

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3744, 16.0582,  
-16.5354

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4437, 16.3356,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-16.6817

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.0961, 16.5436,  
-16.7709

17.3421, 12.4107,  
-14.3862

17.3421, 12.4107,  
-14.3862

15.6726, 15.1308,  
-18.0615

19.1624, 9.6586,  
-10.9106

14.1812, 17.7272,  
-21.8779

21.1085, 6.9254,  
-7.6491

12.9003, 20.0483,  
-25.6974

23.1618, 4.2335,  
-4.5891

11.8267, 22.0070,  
-29.4108

25.3069, 1.5903,  
-1.7085

10.9410, 23.8963,  
-32.9255

27.5318, -1.0048,  
1.0175

■ 29.8267, -3.5561,  
3.6126

■ 32.1838, -6.0695,  
6.0980

■ 34.5968, -8.5511,  
8.4918

■ 37.0604, -11.0066,  
10.8096

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3425, 3.5463, -22.3013



17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862



17.3425, 18.1841, -3.6999

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3425, 12.4104, -14.3856



17.3425, 3.6187, 10.6144



17.3425, -14.2299, -3.6210

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862



25.5269, -12.0359, 11.2595

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3425, -14.2181, 4.5779



17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862



17.3425, -4.9870, 10.6218

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3425, 12.4104, -14.3856



17.3425, 12.4723, 8.7989



17.3425, -11.1541, 8.8193



17.3425, -11.1904, -14.3042



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862



17.3425, 18.9056, 2.2349



17.3425, -11.1541, 8.8193



17.3425, -14.5601, -0.4544

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3425, 12.4104, -14.3856



31.6713, 3.6728, -3.9522



19.1113, -0.3010, -11.1776



15.6715, 2.0027, -2.1574



66.9319, -3.5713, 3.6365



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3425, 12.4104, -14.3856



19.9645, 20.5178, -24.6699



18.8553, 16.0813, -8.9753



13.0342, 0.3674, -0.3997



14.1059, 30.9574, -43.6018



33.5489, 74.3988, -109.6781



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2069, 13.0741, 0.0825



21.5033, 21.3621, 0.4799



24.8434, -14.6276, 9.8020



13.0852, 0.4279, 0.5377



17.2530, 30.4265, 4.3249



41.7985, 73.3293, 13.4578



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

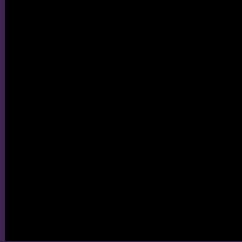
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862

### Protanopia

17.5491, 3.1103, -20.3242

### Deuteranopia

17.5286, 0.8684, -12.9326



## Tritanopia

17.3149, 3.0763, 0.7734

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862

## Protanomaly

17.1133, 6.0871, -19.1238

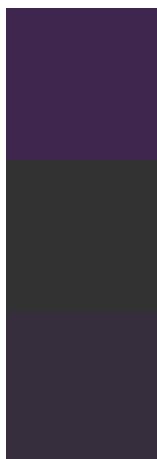
## Deuteranomaly

17.2763, 4.8512, -14.0054

## Tritanomaly

17.1547, 6.4713, -4.0912

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862

## Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

## Achromatomaly

17.6157, 3.5725, -3.9421

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 38, 79)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 38, 79)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 38, 79) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 38, 79) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 38, 79) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 38, 79) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 38, 79)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 38, 79); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 38, 79);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 38, 79)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3421, 12.4107, -14.3862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 38, 79) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 38,  
79) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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