

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3546, -2.1571,  
-4.5237)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(17.3546, -2.1571,  
-4.5237) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(17.3535, -2.1245,  
-4.4279)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	25323D
RGB	37, 50, 61
RGB Percent	15%, 20%, 24%
CMY	0.8549, 0.8039, 0.7608
CMYK	0.39, 0.18, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	207°, 24%, 19%
HSV	207°, 39%, 24%
XYZ	2.7459, 3.0114, 4.8514
YIQ	47.3670, -11.2790, 0.6650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

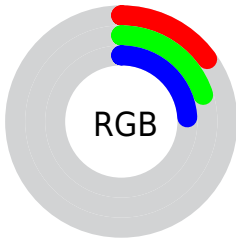
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	37, 45, 61
Decimal	2437693
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	20.09, -2.14, -8.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	20, 8.939, 256.157
Yxy	3.0116, 0.2588, 0.2839
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280627773 (0xFF25323D)
YUV	47.3670, 6.7211, -9.0919
Hunter-Lab	17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279

# Details

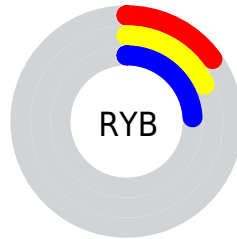
The HunterLab color **17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **17.9989, 1.3815, 5.3492**, and the grayscale version is **16.9632, -0.9051, 0.9216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5968, -3.2367, -4.3916**, and **2.6216, 4.1548, -12.2457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3591, -2.1229, -5.9578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3859, -2.0142, -2.9430**.

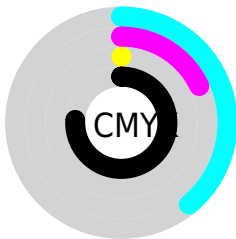
# Distribution



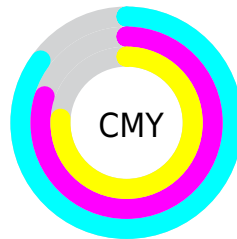
- Red (15%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (76%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 17.3535, -2.1245,  
-4.4279

■ 17.3535, -2.1245,  
-4.4279

■ 113.3273, -8.3139,  
-2.9482

■ 10.6666, -1.5827,  
-4.2238

■ 33.6235, -3.2965,  
-4.5542

■ 0.9989, -1.7480,  
-35.9633

■ 43.0049, -3.9280,  
-4.4984

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1258, -4.5894,  
-4.3754

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9356, -5.2797,  
-4.1918

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3930, -5.9982,  
-3.9532

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4632, -6.7439,

-3.6641

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.1166, -7.5161,  
-3.3280

17.3535, -2.1245,  
-4.4279

17.3535, -2.1245,  
-4.4279

16.3591, -2.1229,  
-5.9578

18.3859, -2.0142,  
-2.9430

15.4049, -1.9958,  
-7.5345

19.4523, -1.8037,  
-1.5017

14.4950, -1.7296,  
-9.1572

20.5502, -1.5042,  
-0.1011

13.6331, -1.3112,  
-10.8226

21.6771, -1.1255,  
1.2622

12.8140, -0.7599,  
-12.5450

22.8309, -0.6762,  
2.5913

■ 11.9994, -0.2101,  
-14.4242

■ 24.0097, -0.1639,  
3.8895

■ 11.9459, -0.1746,  
-14.5543

■ 25.2116, 0.4049,  
5.1599

■ 26.4353, 1.0245,  
6.4053

■ 27.6792, 1.6898,  
7.6284

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3538, -4.3045, -2.9109



17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279



17.3538, 0.5081, -4.3622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3538, -2.1247, -4.4276



17.3538, 4.2221, 2.2351



17.3538, -4.4379, 3.9673

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279



17.9989, 1.3815, 5.3492

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3538, -2.3167, 4.9716



17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279



17.3538, 2.7306, 4.0785

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3538, -2.1247, -4.4276



17.3538, 4.2812, -0.2508



17.3538, 0.3043, 5.0090



17.3538, -5.5851, 2.0606



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279



17.3538, 2.1703, -3.4233



17.3538, 0.3043, 5.0090



17.3538, -3.8210, 4.4082

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3538, -2.1247, -4.4276



26.1592, -2.0839, -0.7045



19.8560, -8.1282, 3.8074



13.8401, -1.1102, -0.4000



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3538, -2.1247, -4.4276



21.2202, -2.7516, -7.6670



14.5924, 2.6573, -8.9000



11.0712, -0.7896, 0.0131



17.8650, 0.9561, -24.3937



43.2904, 6.3043, -67.7184



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.9549, 7.4526, -1.2523



19.1339, 12.4426, -2.1239



20.8243, -3.3228, 7.7902



10.8797, 0.3492, 0.3055



16.2425, 29.2932, -0.9569

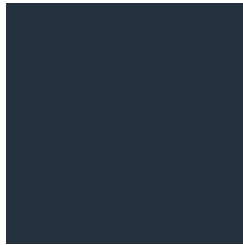


41.0685, 73.6432, 0.8624



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

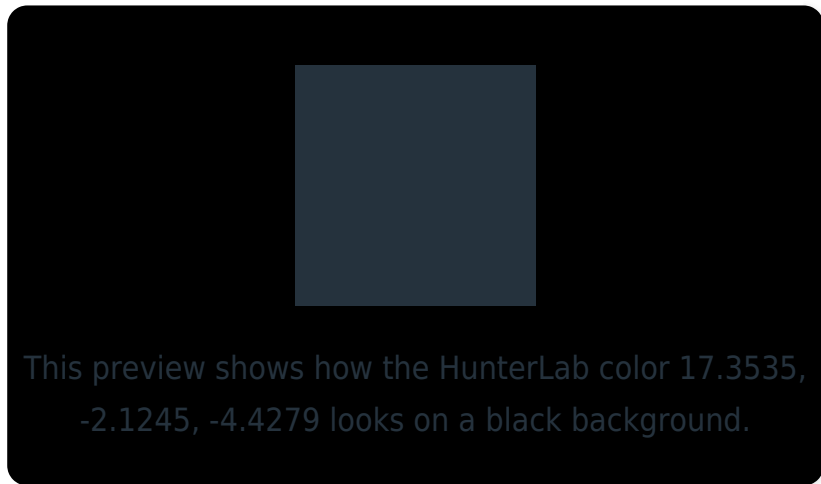
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

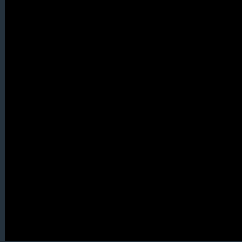
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

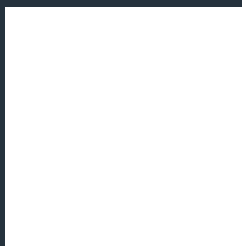
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279.

-4.4279.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279

### Protanopia

17.3810, 0.3853, -3.8659

### Deuteranopia

17.4429, 0.7192, -4.7303



## Tritanopia

17.3229, -3.8685, -1.7644

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279

## Protanomaly

17.4254, -0.6836, -3.8200

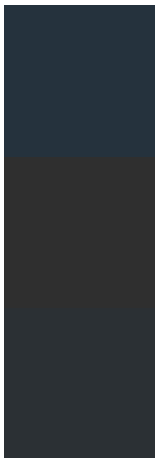
## Deuteranomaly

17.4872, -0.3469, -4.6824

## Tritanomaly

17.4302, -3.3657, -2.4856

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279

## Achromatopsia

16.8600, -0.8996, 0.9160

## Achromatomaly

16.9571, -1.5369, -0.9374

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 50, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 50, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 50, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 50, 61) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 50, 61) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 50, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 50, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 50, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 50, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 50, 61)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3535, -2.1245, -4.4279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 50, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 50,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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