

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B2719
RGB	75, 39, 25
RGB Percent	29%, 15%, 10%
CMY	0.7059, 0.8470, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.67, 0.71
HSL	17°, 50%, 20%
HSV	17°, 67%, 29%
XYZ	3.8026, 3.0171, 1.3016
YIQ	48.1680, 25.9500, 3.2780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

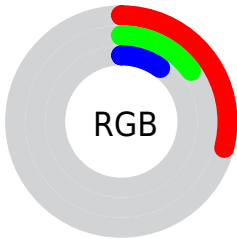
Format	Color
R_{YB}	75, 44, 25
Decimal	4925209
CIE Lab	20.11, 15.35, 16.53
CIE LCh	20, 22.561, 47.121
Yxy	3.0172, 0.4682, 0.3715
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283115289 (0xFF4B2719)
YUV	48.1680, -11.4218, 23.5317
Hunter-Lab	17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158

Details

The HunterLab color **17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **20.1294, -5.6127, -7.3012**, and the grayscale version is **17.2791, -0.9220, 0.9388**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6897, 9.3709, 11.2990**, and **5.1323, 8.8319, 2.9854** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.3076, 10.5110, 8.2291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.5319, 6.9151, 7.0535**.

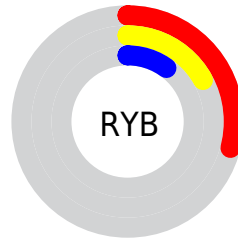
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (15%)

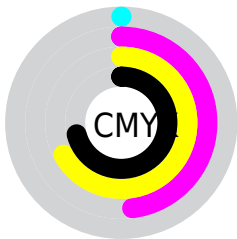
Blue (10%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (17%)

Blue (10%)

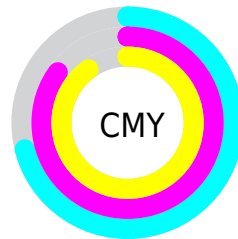


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (67%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158

■ 17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158

■ 113.3578, 10.7039,
21.6256

■ 10.6805, 7.9011,
7.1257

■ 33.6438, 9.7762,
11.1714

■ 1.1172, 59.8186,
0.7820

■ 43.0270, 10.1463,
12.7598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1495, 10.4211,
14.2957

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.9608, 10.6125,
15.7960

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4196, 10.7299,
17.2721

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4912, 10.7805,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

18.7320

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 100.1458, 10.7702,
20.1817

■ 17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158

■ 17.3697, 8.6807,
7.7158

■ 16.3076, 10.5110,
8.2291

■ 18.5319, 6.9151,
7.0535

■ 15.3555, 12.3778,
8.5699

■ 19.7821, 5.2351,
6.2645

■ 14.5132, 14.1784,
8.8979

■ 21.1108, 3.6472,
5.3698

■ 14.2558, 14.7425,
9.0425

■ 22.5094, 2.1519,
4.3873

■ 23.9701, 0.7459,
3.3317

■ 25.4865, -0.5766,
2.2149

■ 27.0528, -1.8227,
1.0463

■ 28.6643, -2.9994,
-0.1664

■ 30.3169, -4.1137,
-1.4174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3702, 13.0928, 4.1648



17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158



17.3702, 2.0216, 9.1322

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3702, 8.6796, 7.7160



17.3702, -11.7375, 3.4489



17.3702, 3.0078, -15.2034

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158



20.1294, -5.6127, -7.3012

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3702, -3.6926, -15.6288



17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158



17.3702, -11.5558, -3.0394

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3702, 8.6796, 7.7160



17.3702, -9.3557, 7.3629



17.3702, -8.8153, -10.5685



17.3702, 9.4947, -9.5619

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158



17.3702, -2.4879, 9.2261



17.3702, -8.8153, -10.5685



17.3702, 0.6894, -16.0200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3702, 8.6796, 7.7160



30.4262, 1.7032, 4.9081



15.9225, 18.2068, -6.6620



15.1483, 0.9795, 2.5582



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3702, 8.6796, 7.7160



20.4359, 15.2120, 11.0216



22.7114, -1.4447, 11.5683



13.2901, -0.1668, 1.2906



19.1893, 21.3774, 12.1986



45.2081, 56.4014, 28.8444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.1294, -5.6127, -7.3012



24.6203, -7.1389, -12.1298



14.2027, 4.3301, -18.9607



13.5026, -1.2244, 0.1537



24.0455, -6.3762, -16.2903



57.1651, -13.5151, -42.2762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

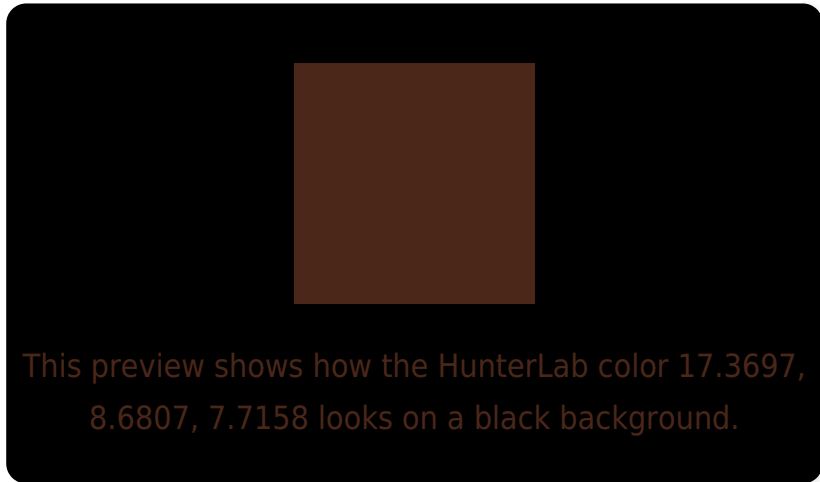
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

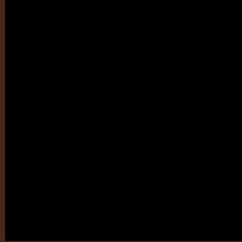
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158.

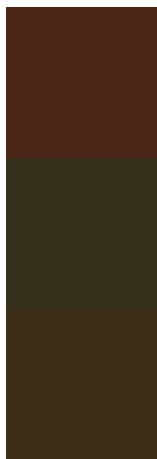


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3697, 8.6807,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158

Protanopia

17.5203, -1.7117, 6.8323

Deuteranopia

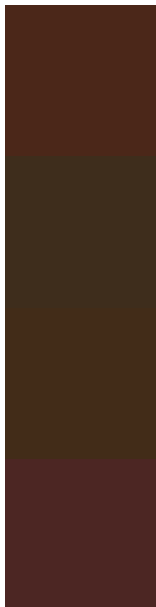
17.5698, 0.7028, 8.1033



Tritanopia

17.3575, 11.0170, 4.0313

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158

Protanomaly

17.2764, 2.1529, 6.9131

Deuteranomaly

17.3941, 3.5515, 7.8348

Tritanomaly

17.4473, 10.1550, 5.5251

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.1158, 2.0257, 3.6281

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 39, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 39, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 39, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 39, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 39, 25) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 39, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 39, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 39, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 39, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 39, 25)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3697, 8.6807, 7.7158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 39, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 39,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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