

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.3922, 24.8516,
-1.8485)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.3922, 24.8516,
-1.8485) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.3301, 24.9673,
-2.1273)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C1239
RGB	92, 18, 57
RGB Percent	36%, 7%, 22%
CMY	0.6392, 0.9294, 0.7765
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.38, 0.64
HSL	328°, 67%, 22%
HSV	328°, 80%, 36%
XYZ	5.3684, 3.0033, 4.1676
YIQ	44.5720, 31.5850, 27.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

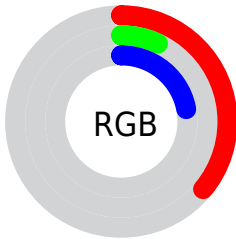
Format	Color
RYB	92, 18, 57
Decimal	6033977
CIELab	20.06, 36.42, -5.23
CIElCh	20, 36.794, 351.822
Yxy	3.0035, 0.4281, 0.2395
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284224057 (0xFF5C1239)
YUV	44.5720, 6.1270, 41.5944
Hunter-Lab	17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273

Details

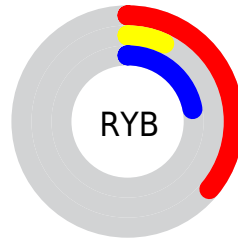
The HunterLab color **17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **28.3549, -19.9115, 10.0796**, and the grayscale version is **16.0323, -0.8554, 0.8711**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.5790, 27.9054, -1.9450**, and **7.8265, 13.8083, 1.9171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4932, 26.8056, -1.3237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4644, 22.4243, -2.5662**.

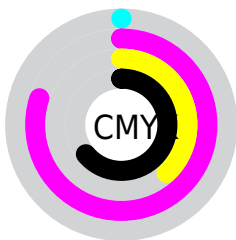
Distribution



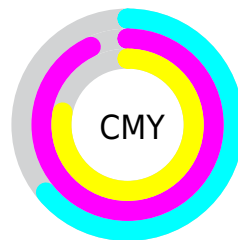
- Red (36%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.3301, 24.9673,
-2.1273

■ 17.3301, 24.9673,
-2.1273

■ 113.2838, 35.2450,
0.7550

■ 10.6468, 23.3160,
-2.1131

■ 33.5945, 28.0577,
-1.8887

■ 0.8003, 198.5039,
-27.0634

■ 42.9734, 29.4125,
-1.6637

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0920, 30.6424,
-1.3797

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8997, 31.7571,
-1.0427

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3550, 32.7663,
-0.6573

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.4233, 33.6789,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.2273

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.0748, 34.5029,
0.2444

17.3301, 24.9673,
-2.1273

17.3301, 24.9673,
-2.1273

16.4932, 26.8056,
-1.3237

18.4644, 22.4243,
-2.5662

15.7884, 28.4151,
-0.4724

19.8785, 19.3723,
-2.6485

21.5440, 16.0076,
-2.4157

23.4288, 12.4863,
-1.9220

25.5022, 8.9149,
-1.2200

■ 27.7373, 5.3574,
-0.3551

■ 30.1112, 1.8479,
0.6370

■ 32.6048, -1.5990,
1.7287

■ 35.2028, -4.9798,
2.8992

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.3306, 18.7340, -16.3742



17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273



17.3306, 23.0325, 6.8222

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.3306, 24.9659, -2.1268



17.3306, -8.0251, 12.0297



17.3306, -12.0363, -23.0637

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273



28.3549, -19.9115, 10.0796

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.3306, -16.3630, -8.1846



17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273



17.3306, -14.4756, 9.2994

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.3306, 24.9659, -2.1268



17.3306, 2.1458, 12.1314



17.3306, -17.1302, 3.5377



17.3306, -3.7970, -32.4871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273



17.3306, 17.5428, 9.7282



17.3306, -17.1302, 3.5377



17.3306, -13.9033, -18.2181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.3306, 24.9659, -2.1268



35.3906, 9.1205, -0.9886



13.9637, 21.4815, -34.0113



17.3624, 5.1397, -0.6331



71.2094, -3.7996, 3.8689



21.6712, -1.1563, 1.1774

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.3306, 24.9659, -2.1268



21.0724, 36.9386, -0.3805



16.6141, 22.0718, 8.1828



15.3810, 0.6511, 0.4063



18.9628, 34.0739, -0.1452



44.1706, 78.9943, 2.5675

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.3306, 24.9659, -2.1268



21.0724, 36.9386, -0.3805



29.1774, -14.9513, -1.7276



15.3810, 0.6511, 0.4063



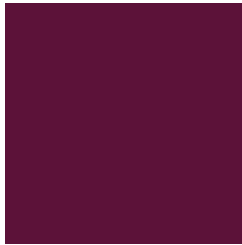
18.9628, 34.0739, -0.1452



44.1706, 78.9943, 2.5675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

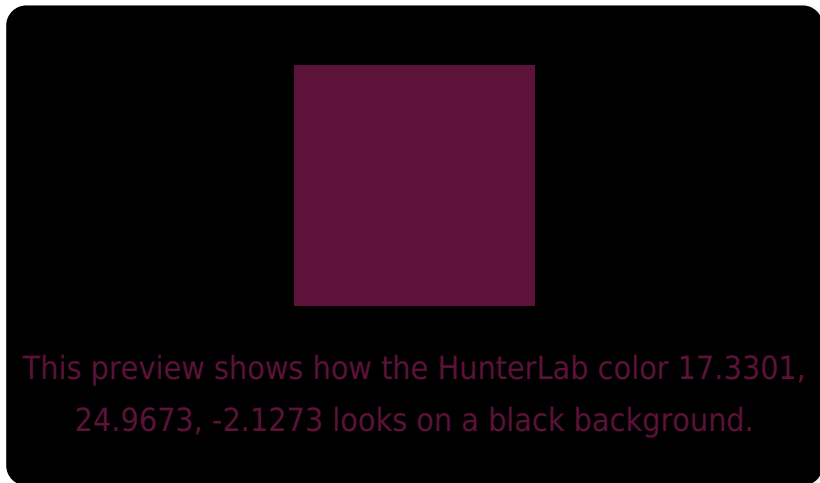
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

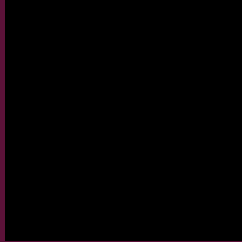
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273.

-2.1273.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273

Protanopia

18.1173, 1.7025, -12.3941

Deuteranopia

17.9943, 0.8709, 0.0054



Tritanopia

17.4535, 18.8554, 7.1361

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273

Protanomaly

16.6079, 9.6526, -10.2830

Deuteranomaly

16.9750, 9.6516, -1.5610

Tritanomaly

17.3894, 20.9673, 4.5378

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273

Achromatopsia

16.1991, -0.8643, 0.8801

Achromatomaly

15.6459, 8.4660, -1.2221

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 18, 57)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 18, 57)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 18, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 18, 57) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 18, 57) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 18, 57) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 18, 57) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 18, 57); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 18, 57);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 18, 57)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.3301, 24.9673, -2.1273 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 18, 57) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 18,  
57) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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