

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.4064, 8.6919,
-0.0579)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.4064, 8.6919, -0.0579)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.4090, 8.8339,
-0.1825)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	452834
RGB	69, 40, 52
RGB Percent	27%, 16%, 20%
CMY	0.7294, 0.8431, 0.7961
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.25, 0.73
HSL	335°, 27%, 21%
HSV	335°, 42%, 27%
XYZ	3.8329, 3.0307, 3.6318
YIQ	50.0390, 13.4320, 9.8800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

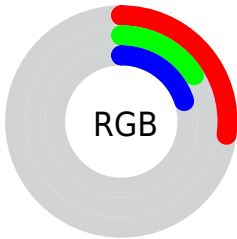
Format	Color
RYB	69, 40, 52
Decimal	4532276
CIELab	20.17, 15.57, -2.02
CIELCh	20, 15.700, 352.597
Yxy	3.0309, 0.3652, 0.2888
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282722356 (0xFF452834)
YUV	50.0390, 0.9668, 16.6288
Hunter-Lab	17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825

Details

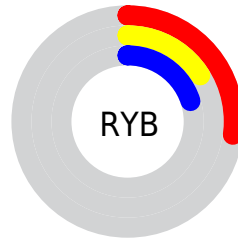
The HunterLab color **17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **22.3671, -9.2805, 3.3585**, and the grayscale version is **17.8666, -0.9533, 0.9707**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.7475, 9.7214, 0.6642**, and **5.0993, 8.9905, 1.2962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.0363, 11.2681, -0.2419**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.9114, 6.3760, 0.0167**.

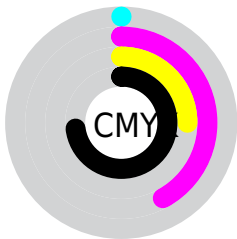
Distribution



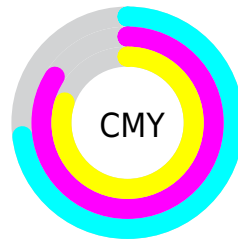
- Red (27%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4090, 8.8339,
-0.1825

■ 17.4090, 8.8339,
-0.1825

■ 113.4312, 10.9482,
4.1122

■ 10.7139, 8.0422,
-0.3896

■ 33.6927, 9.9533,
0.4421

■ 1.3602, 49.8040,
-6.0911

■ 43.0801, 10.3344,
0.8390

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.2065, 10.6196,
1.2841

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.0214, 10.8209,
1.7733

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4837, 10.9478,
2.3032

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.5585, 11.0075,

100.2162, 11.0060,
3.4747

17.4090, 8.8339,
-0.1825

17.4090, 8.8339,
-0.1825

16.0363, 11.2681,
-0.2419

18.9114, 6.3760,
0.0167

14.8127, 13.6163,
-0.1365

20.5241, 3.9351,
0.3299

13.7606, 15.7813,
0.1576

22.2322, 1.5306,
0.7366

12.9007, 17.6372,
0.6534

24.0230, -0.8292,
1.2196

12.1972, 19.2164,
1.2875

25.8862, -3.1428,
1.7651

■ 11.6263, 20.6543,
1.7458

■ 27.8130, -5.4123,
2.3623

■ 29.7964, -7.6420,
3.0029

■ 31.8306, -9.8367,
3.6801

■ 33.9108, -12.0011,
4.3887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4094, 6.7415, -5.0378



17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825



17.4094, 8.0990, 3.9042

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4094, 8.8331, -0.1821



17.4094, -4.2279, 7.1045



17.4094, -6.0257, -7.2348

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825



22.3671, -9.2805, 3.3585

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4094, -8.4266, -2.6400



17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825



17.4094, -7.4669, 5.3558

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4094, 8.8331, -0.1821



17.4094, 0.2351, 7.4391



17.4094, -8.9252, 2.0064



17.4094, -2.0649, -9.7477

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825



17.4094, 6.1386, 5.7699



17.4094, -8.9252, 2.0064



17.4094, -7.0242, -5.8329

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4094, 8.8331, -0.1821



28.5501, 2.4515, 0.8716



16.7775, 8.0438, -9.4178



14.7134, 1.4744, 0.4178



64.8100, -3.4581, 3.5212



16.4960, -0.8802, 0.8963

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4094, 8.8331, -0.1821



20.8432, 14.6313, -0.3144



17.6188, 6.4520, 4.2134



12.3409, 0.3925, 0.4824



16.8499, 29.8123, 3.4753



41.3874, 72.8255, 11.6402

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.4094, 8.8331, -0.1821



20.8432, 14.6313, -0.3144



22.0132, -6.6408, -1.7162



12.3409, 0.3925, 0.4824



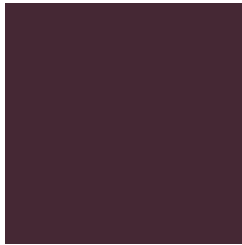
16.8499, 29.8123, 3.4753



41.3874, 72.8255, 11.6402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

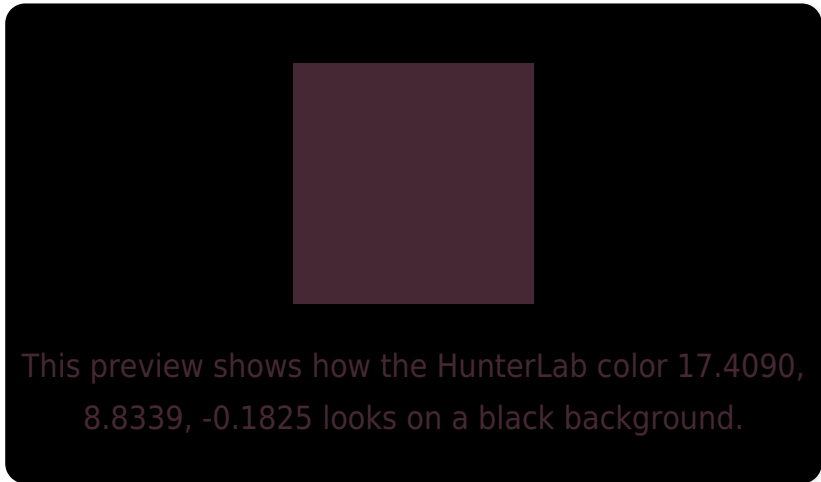
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

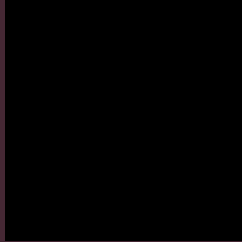
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825.

-0.1825.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825

Protanopia

17.5965, -0.2692, -2.2045

Deuteranopia

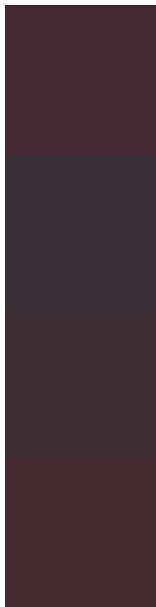
17.6346, 0.7477, 0.3494



Tritanopia

17.3109, 7.1515, 2.6307

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825

Protanomaly

17.4415, 2.6581, -1.4929

Deuteranomaly

17.4516, 3.6176, 0.1764

Tritanomaly

17.3783, 7.4887, 1.6643

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825

Achromatopsia

17.8595, -0.9529, 0.9703

Achromatomaly

17.5010, 2.6424, 0.2198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 40, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 40, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 40, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 40, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 40, 52) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 40, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 40, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 40, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 40, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 40, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.4090, 8.8339, -0.1825 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 40, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 40,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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