

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.4617, 5.6900,
-34.1086)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.4617, 5.6900,
-34.1086) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.4727, 5.8561,
-34.4809)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002F69
RGB	0, 47, 105
RGB Percent	0%, 18%, 41%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8157, 0.5882
CMYK	1.00, 0.55, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	213°, 100%, 21%
HSV	213°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	3.5663, 3.0530, 13.7659
YIQ	39.5590, -46.6300, 8.0740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

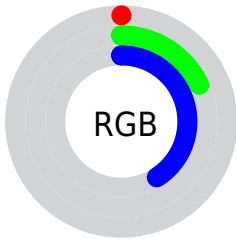
Format	Color
RYB	0, 32, 105
Decimal	12137
CIELab	20.26, 11.12, -37.87
CIELCh	20, 39.470, 286.365
Yxy	3.0530, 0.1750, 0.1498
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278202217 (0xFF002F69)
YUV	39.5590, 32.2624, -34.6932
Hunter-Lab	17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809

Details

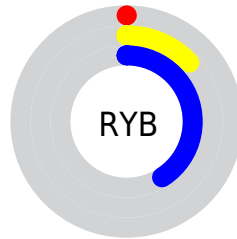
The HunterLab color **17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **24.5572, 10.3732, 15.3129**, and the grayscale version is **14.3352, -0.7649, 0.7789**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6954, 6.5476, -35.2502**, and **5.4351, 14.7428, -38.6190** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.4713, 5.8591, -34.4856**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.0154, 3.7598, -29.8880**.

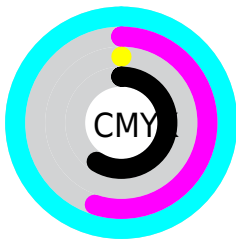
Distribution



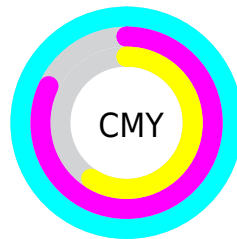
- Red (0%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4727, 5.8561,
-34.4809

■ 17.4727, 5.8561,
-34.4809

■ 113.5497, 5.9888,
-39.1204

■ 10.7679, 5.3573,
-35.5273

■ 33.7719, 6.4470,
-34.9694

■ 1.6803, 28.7505,
-136.2472

■ 43.1660, 6.5877,
-35.5694

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 53.2986, 6.6460,
-36.2193

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.1194, 6.6323,
-36.8693

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.5872, 6.5541,
-37.4944

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.6672, 6.4177,

-38.0818

0.0000, NaN, NaN

100.3300, 6.2279,
-38.6249

17.4727, 5.8561,
-34.4809

17.4727, 5.8561,
-34.4809

17.4713, 5.8591,
-34.4856

19.0154, 3.7598,
-29.8880

20.6557, 1.9007,
-25.6007

22.4311, 0.4273,
-21.4963

24.3272, -0.6904,
-17.5941

26.3305, -1.4908,
-13.8954

■ 28.4291, -2.0134,
-10.3900

■ 30.6123, -2.2955,
-7.0617

■ 32.8714, -2.3699,
-3.8921

■ 35.1987, -2.2650,
-0.8624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4729, -5.9193, -35.1634



17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809



17.4729, 18.4768, -21.1517

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4729, 5.8568, -34.4804



17.4729, 17.4255, 10.7232



17.4729, -17.8427, 5.2756

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809



24.5572, 10.3732, 15.3129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4729, -14.3996, 10.4077



17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809



17.4729, 4.6833, 12.2310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4729, 5.8568, -34.4804



17.4729, 26.2637, 5.9640



17.4729, -6.8225, 12.2310



17.4729, -17.6843, -6.2041

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809



17.4729, 24.7736, -9.9668



17.4729, -6.8225, 12.2310



17.4729, -17.1170, 7.5319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4729, 5.8568, -34.4804



40.7039, -3.0504, -9.8301



32.2588, -24.3081, 12.1547



19.2666, -1.4323, -5.4041



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4729, 5.8568, -34.4804



22.8721, 8.8931, -47.7857



10.2670, 27.5102, -70.3702



17.9649, -1.1384, -0.2862



19.4735, 6.9767, -39.4008



41.9976, 19.9233, -95.5020

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.9130, 31.8188, 2.6936



23.9196, 42.4000, 4.3167



35.7748, -11.3150, 21.8457



17.7121, 0.7570, 0.6007



20.1375, 35.7396, 3.2946



45.2690, 79.9903, 10.1372

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

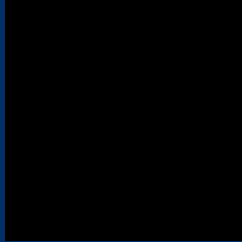
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809

Protanopia

17.5306, 4.5033, -31.6330

Deuteranopia

17.5278, -0.6794, -20.4415



Tritanopia

17.4589, -8.5142, -3.4424

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809

Protanomaly

17.5874, 4.7966, -32.3373

Deuteranomaly

17.5766, 1.3426, -24.8674

Tritanomaly

17.2563, -4.0021, -12.9294

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809

Achromatopsia

14.5667, -0.7772, 0.7914

Achromatomaly

15.1809, -0.8138, -9.6038

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 47, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 47, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 47, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 47, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 47, 105) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 47, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 47, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 47, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 47, 105)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.4727, 5.8561, -34.4809 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 47, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 47,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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