

Converting Colors

HunterLab(17.4633, -1.9070,
3.9638)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(17.4633, -1.9070, 3.9638)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(17.4010, -1.7629,
3.8515)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	323128
RGB	50, 49, 40
RGB Percent	20%, 19%, 16%
CMY	0.8039, 0.8078, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.20, 0.80
HSL	54°, 11%, 18%
HSV	54°, 20%, 20%
XYZ	2.7967, 3.0279, 2.4445
YIQ	48.2730, 3.4850, -2.5870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

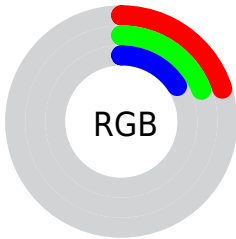
Format	Color
R_{YB}	41, 50, 40
Decimal	3289384
CIE Lab	20.16, -1.48, 5.92
CIE LCh	20, 6.099, 104.058
Yxy	3.0281, 0.3382, 0.3662
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281479464 (0xFF323128)
YUV	48.2730, -4.0786, 1.5146
Hunter-Lab	17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515

Details

The HunterLab color **17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **15.0574, 0.2483, -2.5997**, and the grayscale version is **17.2956, -0.9229, 0.9397**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **33.6557, -2.9129, 5.5472**, and **1.4734, -1.2634, 0.8858** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.1892, -2.0805, 5.0707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.6248, -1.3873, 2.4843**.

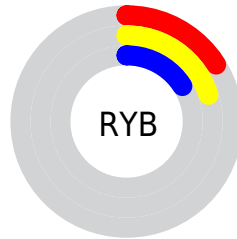
Distribution



Red (20%)

Green (19%)

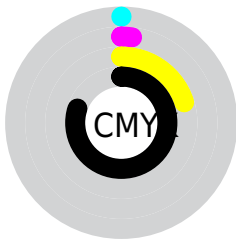
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (20%)

Blue (16%)

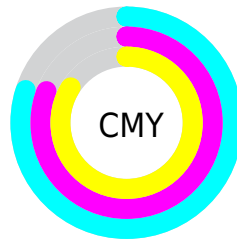


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (20%)

Black (80%)



Cyan (80%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.4010, -1.7629,
3.8515

■ 17.4010, -1.7629,
3.8515

■ 113.4162, -7.6261,
11.9871

■ 10.7071, -1.2786,
3.0064

■ 33.6827, -2.8419,
5.5810

■ 1.3142, -2.2999,
0.9200

■ 43.0692, -3.4333,
6.4504

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.1948, -4.0576,
7.3315

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.0091, -4.7133,
8.2275

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.4706, -5.3991,
9.1402

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.5447, -6.1138,

100.2018, -6.8565,
11.0195

17.4010, -1.7629,
3.8515

17.4010, -1.7629,
3.8515

17.1892, -2.0805,
5.0707

17.6248, -1.3873,
2.4843

16.9882, -2.3387,
6.1402

17.8596, -0.9529,
0.9703

16.7983, -2.5381,
7.0604

18.1056, -0.4610,
-0.6878

16.6192, -2.6794,
7.8326

18.3629, 0.0874,
-2.4866

16.4507, -2.7640,
8.4596

18.6313, 0.6909,
-4.4224

■ 16.2924, -2.7936,
8.9454

■ 18.9107, 1.3481,
-6.4910

■ 16.1390, -2.7982,
9.3683

■ 19.2009, 2.0572,
-8.6877

■ 15.9856, -2.8053,
9.8011

■ 19.5019, 2.8164,
-11.0077

■ 15.9855, -2.8053,
9.8011

■ 19.8134, 3.6240,
-13.4461

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



17.4014, 0.0329, 3.8287



17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515



17.4014, -3.2747, 3.1540

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.4014, -1.7634, 3.8517



17.4014, -3.3509, -1.5052



17.4014, 2.5304, 0.0170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515



15.0574, 0.2483, -2.5997

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.4014, 1.5471, -1.5928



17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515



17.4014, -1.8713, -2.5308

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.4014, -1.7634, 3.8517



17.4014, -4.1657, 0.1271



17.4014, -0.0795, -2.5644



17.4014, 2.5622, 1.7292

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515



17.4014, -3.9379, 2.3288



17.4014, -0.0795, -2.5644



17.4014, 2.2984, -0.5578

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.4014, -1.7634, 3.8517



22.3674, -1.5576, 2.4511



15.3487, 1.9168, 1.3876



12.2761, -0.8549, 1.3454



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.4014, -1.7634, 3.8517



21.8362, -2.4443, 5.6871



17.3646, -3.1436, 3.7904



9.9022, -0.7377, 1.2510



28.1476, -4.6315, 17.2633



73.3410, -11.3308, 44.9940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0574, 0.2483, -2.5997



18.1274, 0.7546, -4.5597



15.1109, 1.5905, -2.5011



9.3535, -0.2698, -0.2518



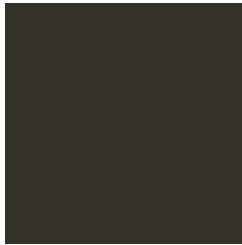
9.5864, 18.7966, -52.5587



23.5738, 55.4560, -149.1787

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

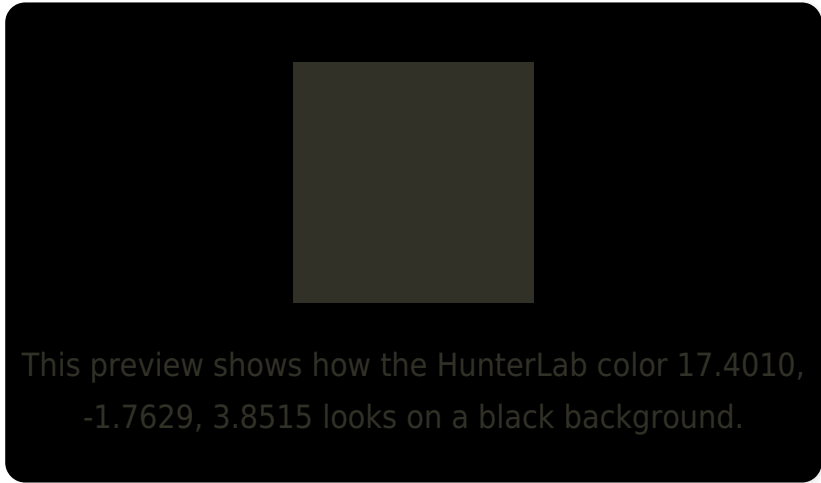
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

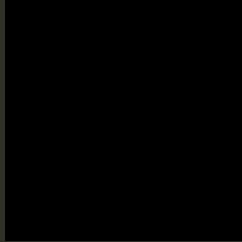
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 17.4010, -1.7629,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515

Protanopia

17.4747, -1.5036, 3.9303

Deuteranopia

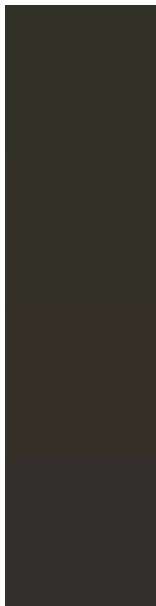
17.3982, 0.6440, 3.8908



Tritanopia

17.2507, 0.6394, -0.1235

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515

Protanomaly

17.4747, -1.5036, 3.9303

Deuteranomaly

17.4682, -0.3093, 3.9447

Tritanomaly

17.3866, -0.2915, 1.5376

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515

Achromatopsia

17.1921, -0.9173, 0.9341

Achromatomaly

17.1940, -1.0500, 2.0157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(50, 49, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(50, 49, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 49, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(50, 49, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(50, 49, 40) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(50, 49, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(50, 49, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(50, 49, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 49, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(50, 49, 40)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 17.4010, -1.7629, 3.8515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(50, 49, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(50, 49,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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